

ESET SECURITY

FOR KERIO

Installation Manual and User Guide

Microsoft® Windows® Server 2003 / 2008 / 2008 R2 / 2012 / 2012 R2

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ESET SECURITY

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1. Introduction

ESET Security for Kerio Control and Connect is an integrated solution that protects against various types of malware content including email attachments infected by worms or trojans, documents containing harmful scripts and phishing. ESET Security for Kerio provides two types of protection: Antivirus and the application of user-defined rules. ESET Security for Kerio filters the malicious content at the server level. It filters email messages before they arrive in the recipient email client mailboxes.

ESET Security for Kerio provides antivirus and antispware server protection for **Mail server** (Kerio Connect). ESET Security for Kerio provides antivirus and antispware server protection for **Gateway server** (Kerio Control).

While providing protection for Kerio Control and Connect, ESET Security for Kerio also has tools to ensure protection of the server itself.

You can remotely manage ESET Security for Kerio in larger networks with the help of [ESET Remote Administrator](#).

1.1 What's new

ESET Security for Kerio introduces the following new features:

- [ESET Cluster](#) - A Cluster on its own, synchronizes configuration and allows for data exchange between ESET Security for Kerio on each node. Can also be used when deploying ESET Security for Kerio on multiple servers without the need to install ESET Security for Kerio on each server individually.
- [Processes exclusions](#) - Ensures better compatibility with 3rd party software, such as backup solutions.
- GUI enhancements.
- [Rule-based filtering scan](#) - Gives you a possibility to define rules with conditions and actions that will be taken with email attachments or files once the conditions are met.
- Optimization for virtualized environments.
- [Hyper-V scan](#) - Is a new technology that allows for scanning of Virtual Machine (VM) disks on [Microsoft Hyper-V Server](#) without the need of any "Agent" on the particular VM.

1.2 Help pages

This guide is intended to help you make the best use of ESET Security for Kerio. To learn more about any window in the program, press **F1** on your keyboard with the given window open. The help page related to the window you are currently viewing will be displayed.

For consistency and to help prevent confusion, terminology used throughout this guide is based on the ESET Security for Kerio parameter names. We also used a uniform set of symbols to highlight topics of particular interest or significance.

NOTE

A note is just a short observation. Although you can omit it, notes can provide valuable information, such as specific features or a link to some related topic.

IMPORTANT

This requires your attention and is not recommended to skip over it. Important notes include significant but non-critical information.

WARNING

Critical information you should treat with increased caution. Warnings are placed specifically to deter you from

committing potentially harmful mistakes. Please read and understand text placed in warning brackets, as it references highly sensitive system settings or something risky.

✓ **EXAMPLE**

This is a use case or a practical example that aims to help you understand how a certain function or feature can be used.

Convention	Meaning
Bold type	Names of interface items such as boxes and option buttons.
<i>Italic type</i>	Placeholders for the information that you provide. For example, <i>file name</i> or <i>path</i> means you type the actual path or a name of file.
Courier New	Code samples or commands.
Hyperlink	Provides quick and easy access to cross-referenced topics or external web locations. Hyperlinks are highlighted in blue and may be underlined.
%ProgramFiles%	The Windows system directory which stores installed programs of Windows and others.

- Topics in this guide are divided into several chapters and sub-chapters. You can find relevant information by browsing the **Contents** of the help pages. Alternatively, you can use the **Index** to browse by keywords or use full-text **Search**.

[Contents](#) | [Index](#) | [Search](#)

Enter one or more keywords to search ("*" and "?" wildcards are supported):

Results per page: 10 ▼

Match: ☐ any search words ☒ all search words

ESET Security for Kerio allows you to search help topics by keyword or by typing words or phrases to search for within the User Guide. The difference between these two methods is that a keyword may be logically related to help pages which do not contain that particular keyword in the text. Searching by words and phrases will search the content of all pages and display only those containing the searched word or phrase in the actual text.

- You can post your rating and/or provide feedback on a particular topic in help, click the **Was this information helpful?** link or **Rate this article: Helpful / Not Helpful** in case of ESET Knowledgebase, underneath the help page.

1.3 System requirements

Supported Operating Systems:

- Microsoft Windows Server 2003 SP2 (x86 and x64)
- Microsoft Windows Server 2003 R2 (x86 and x64)
- Microsoft Windows Server 2008 (x86 and x64)
- Microsoft Windows Server 2008 R2
- Microsoft Windows Server 2012
- Microsoft Windows Server 2012 R2
- Microsoft Windows Small Business Server 2003 (x86)
- Microsoft Windows Small Business Server 2003 R2 (x86)
- Microsoft Windows Small Business Server 2008 (x64)
- Microsoft Windows Small Business Server 2011 (x64)
- Microsoft Windows Server 2012 Essentials
- Microsoft Windows Server 2012 R2 Essentials

Supported Host Operating Systems with Hyper-V role:

- Microsoft Windows Server 2008 R2 - Virtual Machines can be scanned only while they are offline.
- Microsoft Windows Server 2012
- Microsoft Windows Server 2012 R2

Supported Kerio Connect versions:

- Kerio Connect 8.x and newer

IMPORTANT

When upgrading Kerio Connect from version 8.0 to 8.1 or newer, or from 9.2.1 to a newer version, while having ESET Security for Kerio running, there is an interval of up to 30 minutes when your mail server is not protected. This is due to changes of Kerio Connect installation folders and other Kerio changes. ESET Security for Kerio checks for such changes and re-integrates itself with Kerio using new paths to installation folders and other changes in Kerio. To ensure protection at all times, we recommend you to can restart your server immediately after the Kerio upgrade.

Supported Kerio Control versions:

- Kerio Control 7.4 and newer

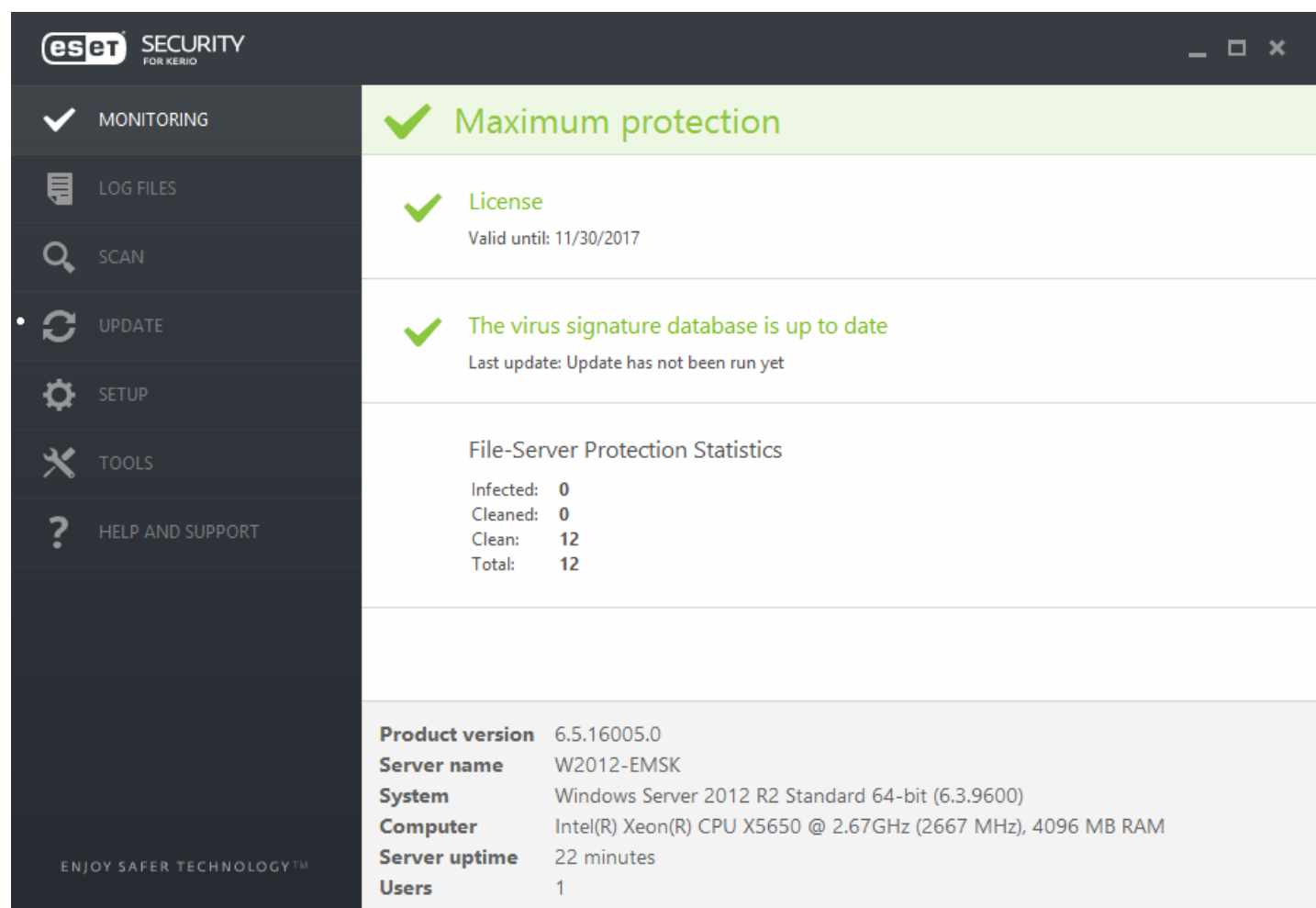
Hardware requirements depend on the operating system version and the version of Kerio product in use. We recommend reading the Kerio product documentation for more detailed information on hardware requirements.

NOTE

We strongly recommend that you install the latest Service Pack for your Microsoft Server operating system and server application before installing your ESET security product. We also recommend that you install the latest Windows updates and hotfixes whenever they became available.

1.4 User interface

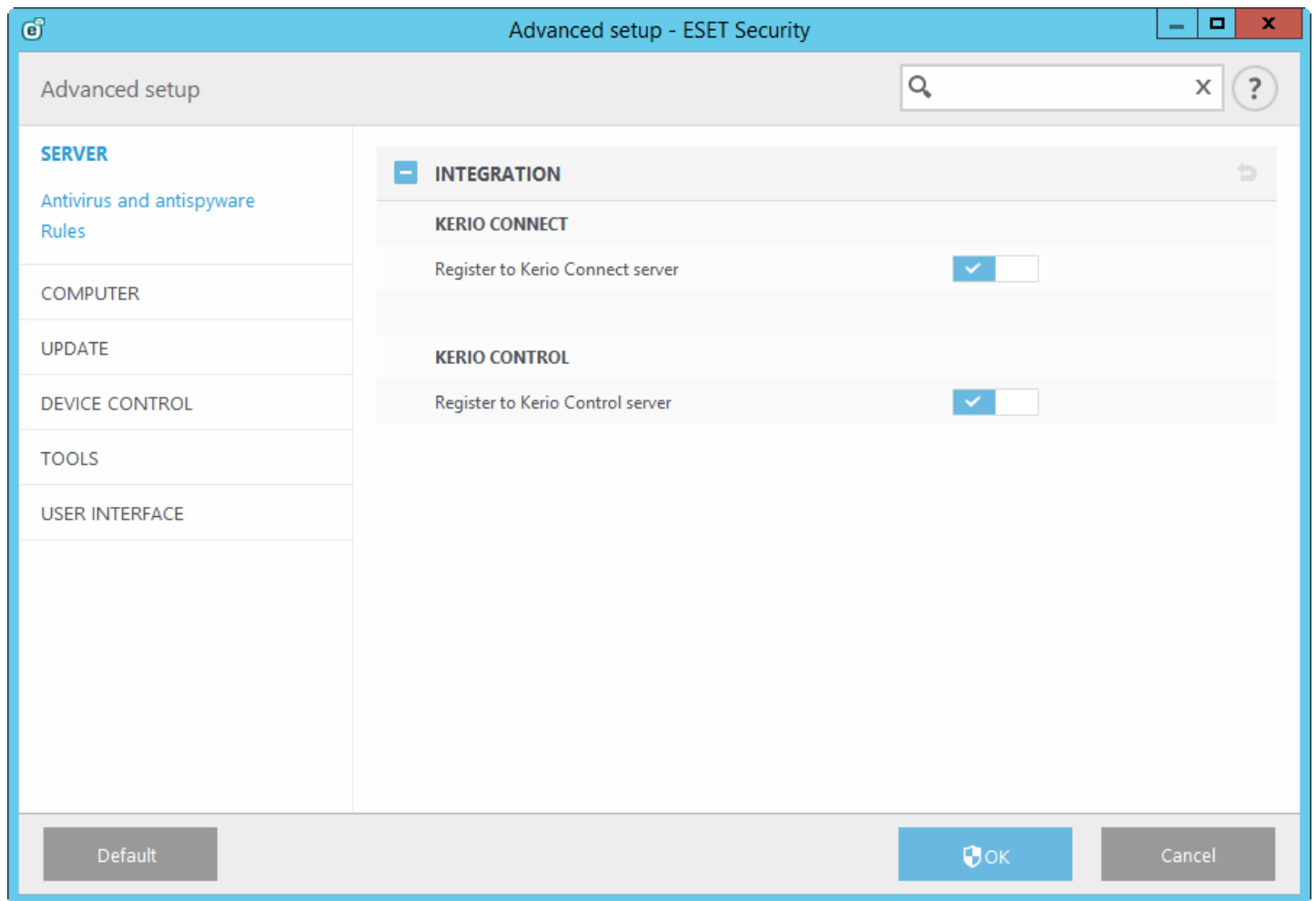
ESET Security for Kerio has a intuitive graphical user interface (GUI) that gives users easy access to main program functions. The main program window of ESET Security for Kerio is divided into two main sections. The primary window on the right displays the information that corresponds to the option selected from the main menu on the left.



The different sections of the main menu are described below:

- [Monitoring](#) - Provides information about the protection status of ESET Security for Kerio, license validity, virus signature database updates, basic statistics and system information.
- [Log files](#) - Accesses log files that contain information about all important program events that have occurred. These files provide an overview of detected threats as well as other security related events.
- [Scan](#) - Allows you to configure and launch a Storage scan, Smart scan, Custom scan or Removable media scan. You can also repeat the last scan that was run.
- [Update](#) - Provides information about the virus signature database and notifies you about available updates. Product activation can also be performed from this section.
- [Setup](#) - Adjust your Server and Computer security settings.
- [Tools](#) - Provides additional information about your system protection. Additional tools to help you manage your security. The Tools section contains the following items: [Running processes](#), [Watch activity](#), [Protection statistics](#), [Cluster](#), [ESET Shell](#), [ESET SysInspector](#), [ESET SysRescue Live](#) to create a rescue CD or USB and [Scheduler](#). You can also [Submit sample for analysis](#) and check your [Quarantine](#).
- [Help and support](#) - Provides access to help pages, the [ESET Knowledgebase](#) and other Support tools. Also available are links to open a [Customer Care support](#) request and information about product activation.

In addition to the main GUI, the **Advanced setup window** is accessible from anywhere in the program by pressing the **F5** key.



From the **Advanced setup** window, you can configure settings and options based on your needs. The menu on the left includes the following categories:

- [Server](#) - Allows you to configure Antivirus and antispyware, Rules, etc.
- [Computer](#) - Enable or disable detection of potentially unwanted, unsafe, suspicious application, specify exclusions, Real-time file system protection, On-demand computer scan and Hyper-V scan, etc.
- [Update](#) - Configure a list of profiles, create a snapshots of update file, update source information like the update servers being used and authentication data for these servers.
- [Device control](#) - Configure Device control Rules and Groups.
- [Tools](#) - Allows you to customize tools, such as ESET LiveGrid®, Log files, Proxy server, Cluster, etc.
- [User interface](#) - Configure the behavior of the program's Graphical user interface (GUI), Statuses, License information, etc.

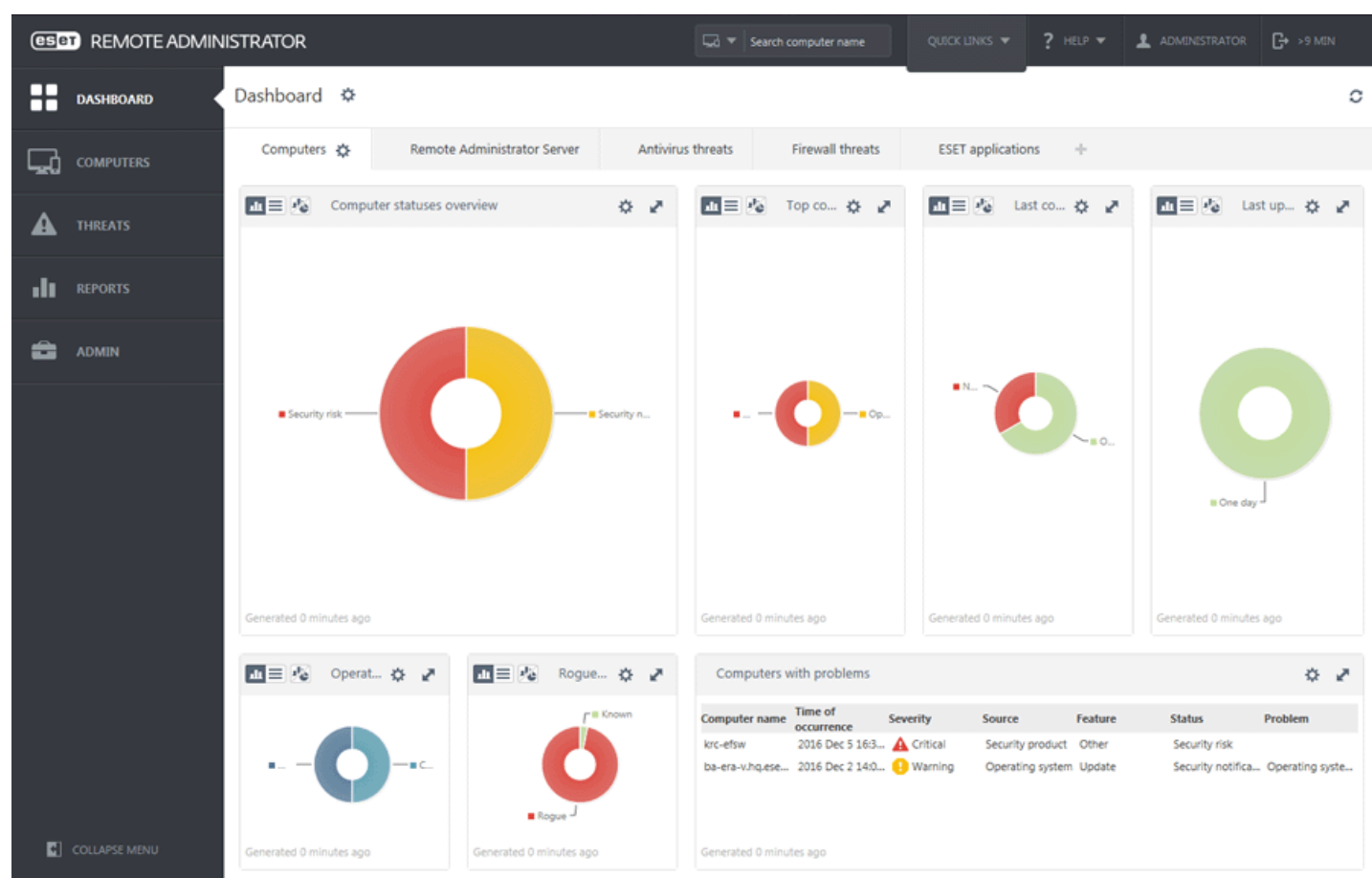
When you click an item (category or subcategory) in the menu on the left, the respective settings for that item are shown on the right tab.

1.5 Managed via ESET Remote Administrator

ESET Remote Administrator (ERA) is an application that allows you to manage ESET products in a networked environment from one central location. The ESET Remote Administrator task management system allows you to install ESET security solutions on remote computers and quickly respond to new problems and threats. ESET Remote Administrator does not provide protection against malicious code on its own, it relies on the presence of ESET security solutions on each client.

ESET security solutions support networks that include multiple platform types. Your network can include a combination of current Microsoft, Linux-based, Mac OS and mobile operating systems.


- [ESET Remote Administrator Server](#) - ERA Server can be installed on Windows as well as Linux servers and also comes as a Virtual Appliance. It handles communication with Agents, and collects and stores application data.
- [ERA Web Console](#) a web-based user interface that presents data from ERA Server and allows you to manage ESET security solutions in your environment. The Web Console can be accessed using a [Web browser](#). It displays an overview of the status of clients on your network and can be used to deploy ESET solutions to unmanaged computers remotely. If you decide to make the web server accessible from the Internet, you can use ESET Remote Administrator from nearly any device with an active Internet connection.
- [ERA Agent](#) - The ESET Remote Administrator Agent facilitates communication between the ERA Server and client computers. You must install the Agent on any client computer to establish communication between that computer and the ERA Server. Because it is located on the client computer and can store multiple security scenarios, use of the ERA Agent significantly lowers reaction time to new threats. Using ERA Web Console, you can [deploy the ERA Agent](#) to unmanaged computers that have been recognized via your Active Directory or ESET RD Sensor.

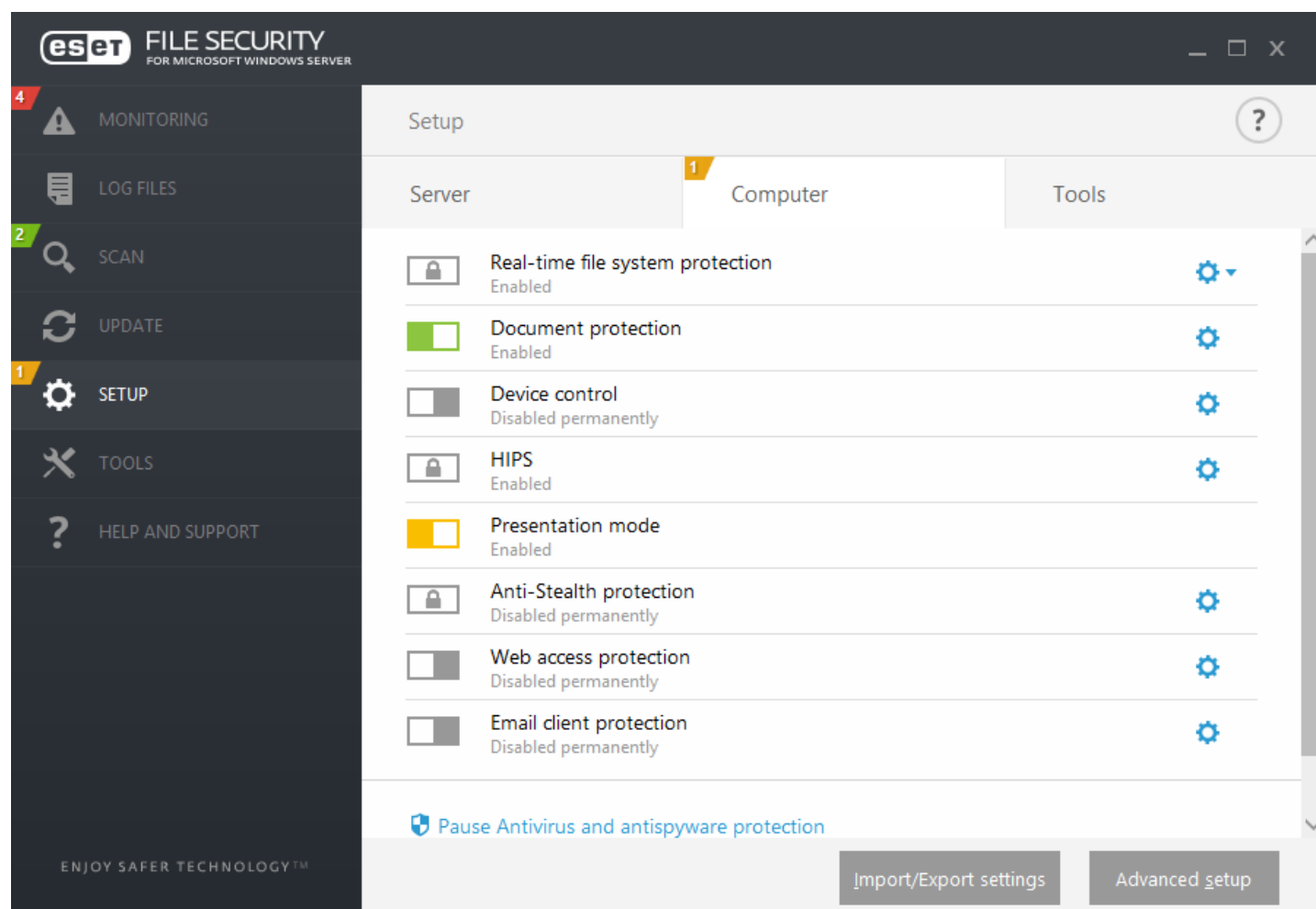


NOTE

For more information about ERA, see ESET Remote Administrator Online help. Online help is divided into three parts: [Installation/Upgrade](#), [Administration](#) and [VA Deployment](#). You can use the navigation tabs in the header to switch between the parts.

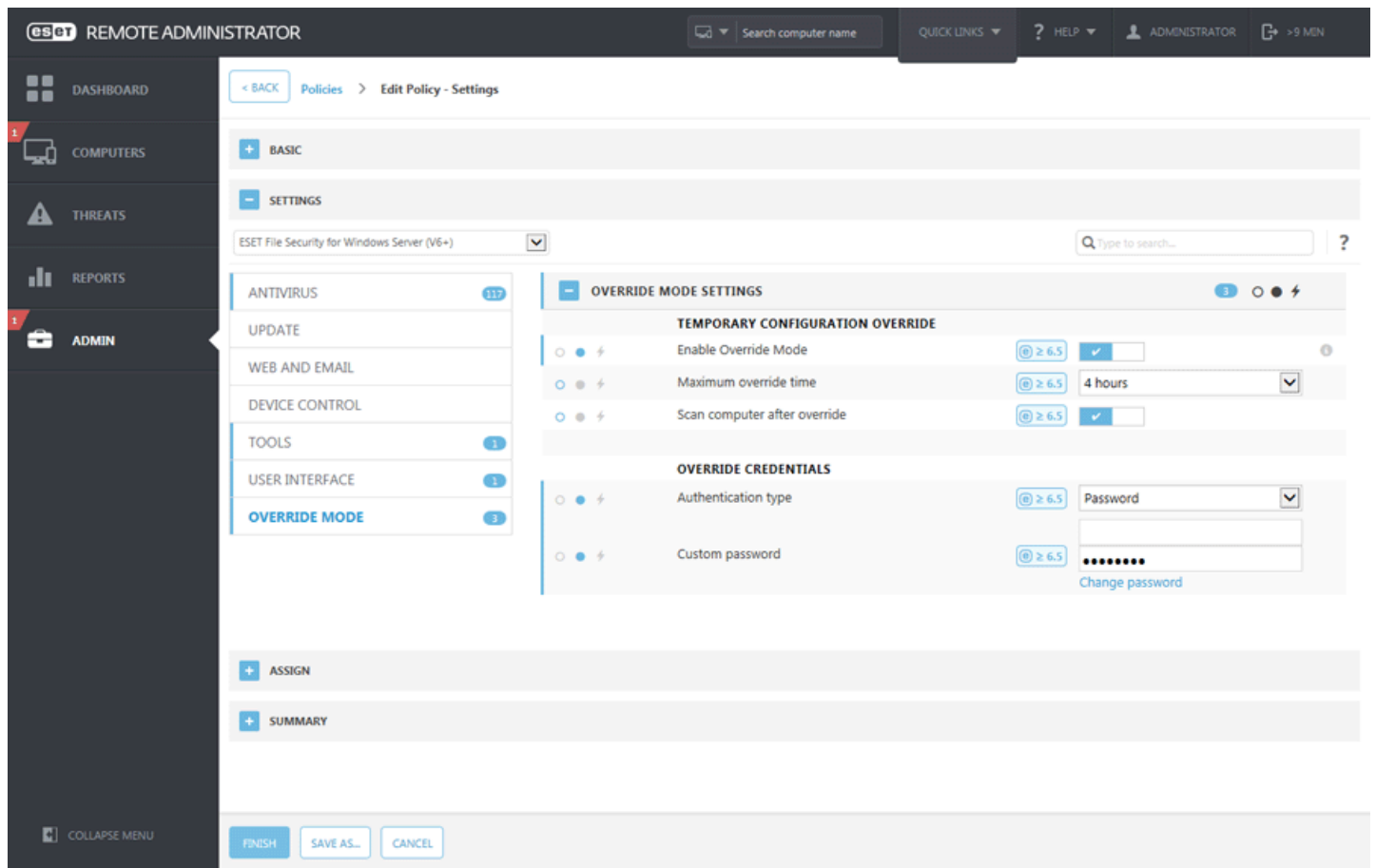
1.5.1 Override mode

If you have ESET Remote Administrator policy applied to ESET Security for Kerio, you'll see a lock icon  instead of Enable/Disable switch on [Setup page](#) and a lock icon next to the switch in **Advanced setup** window.

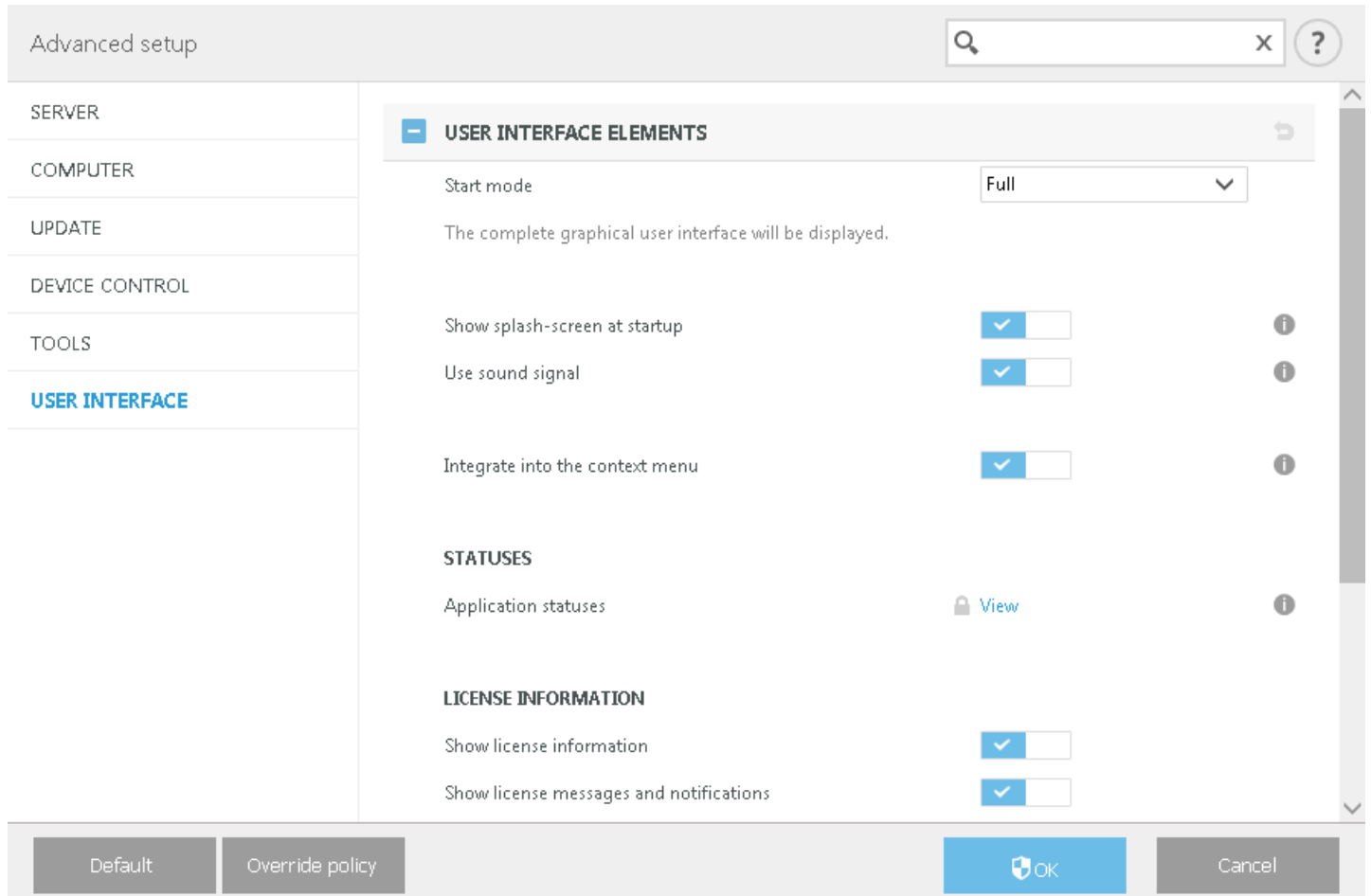


Normally, settings that are configured via ESET Remote Administrator policy cannot be modified. Override mode allows you to temporarily unlock these settings. However, you need to enable **Override mode** using ESET Remote Administrator policy.

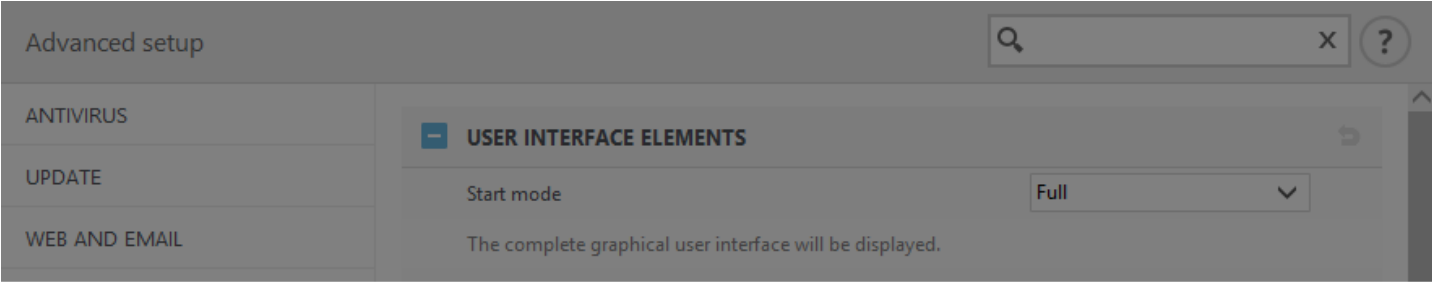
Log into ERA Web Console, navigate to **Admin > Policies**, select and edit existing policy that is applied to ESET Security for Kerio or create a new one. In **Settings**, click **Override Mode**, enable it and configure the rest of its settings including Authentication type (**Active directory user** or **Password**).



Once the policy is modified, or new policy is applied to ESET Security for Kerio, **Override policy** button will appear in **Advanced setup** window.



Click **Override policy** button, set the duration and click **Apply**.



Temporary policy override

Set the duration for which the policy settings can be overridden. After this duration the configuration will revert to the policy.

Override duration

4 hours

10 min

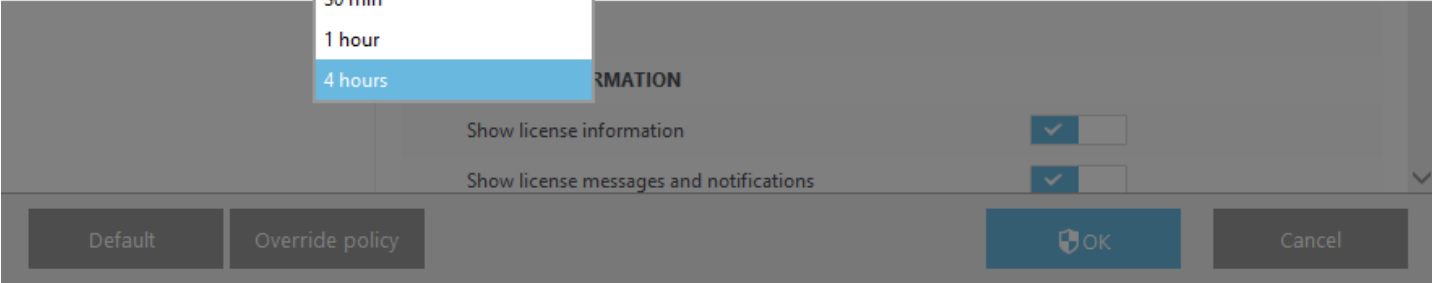
30 min

1 hour

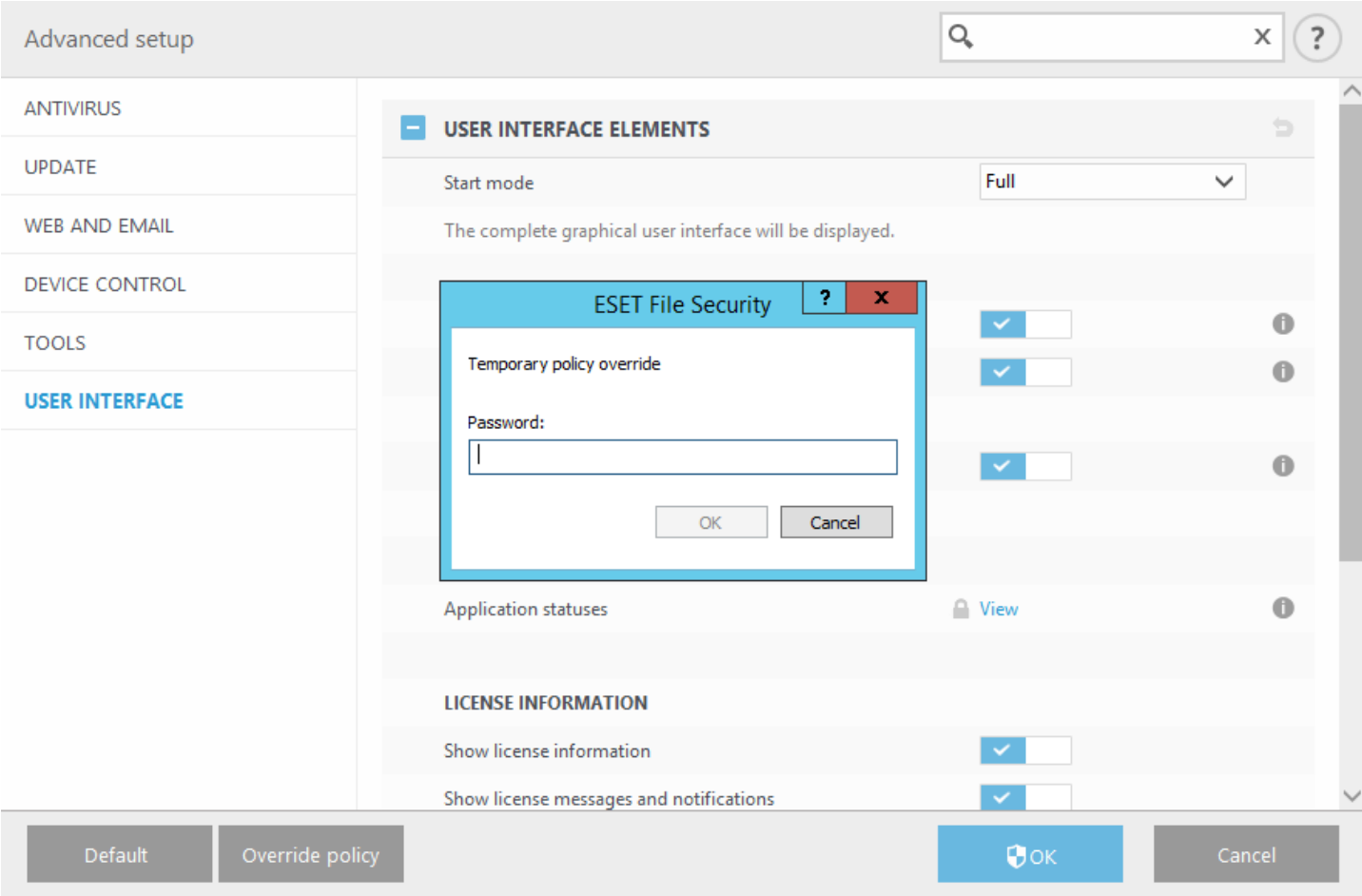
4 hours

Apply

Cancel



If you selected **Password** as Authentication type, enter the policy override password.



Once the Override mode expires, any configuration changes you've made will revert back to original ESET Remote Administrator policy settings. You'll see a notification before the Override expires.

You can **End override** mode anytime before it expires on [Monitoring page](#) or in **Advanced setup** window.

2. Installation

After purchasing ESET Security for Kerio, the installer can be downloaded from ESET's website (www.eset.com) as an .msi package.

Please note that you must execute the installer using the Built-in Administrator account or a domain Administrator account (in the event that local Administrator account is disabled). Any other user, despite being a member of Administrators group, will not have sufficient access rights. Therefore you need to use the Built-in Administrator account, as you will not be able to successfully complete installation under any other user account than local or domain Administrator. **There are two ways to execute the installer:**

- You can log in locally using Administrator account credentials and simply run the installer
- You can execute the command as another user. To do so, open an administrative command prompt and run the .msi file (for example, `msiexec /i emsk_nt64_ENU.msi` but you need to replace `emsk_nt64_ENU.msi` with the exact file name of the msi installer you have downloaded).

Once you launch the installer and accept the End-User License Agreement (EULA) the installation wizard will guide you through setup. If you choose not to accept the terms in the License Agreement, the wizard will not continue.

IMPORTANT

We highly recommend installing ESET Security for Kerio on a freshly installed and configured OS, if possible. If you do need to install it on an existing system, we recommend that you uninstall the version of ESET Security for Kerio, restart the server and install the new ESET Security for Kerio afterwards.

Complete

This is the recommended installation type. It will install all features of ESET Security for Kerio. You can select the install location for ESET Security, however we recommend that you use default values.

Custom

Custom installation lets you choose which features of ESET Security for Kerio will be installed on your system. A list of product modules and features will be displayed when you begin installation.

In addition to the install wizard, you can choose to install ESET Security for Kerio silently via command line. This installation type does not require any interaction and is also referred to as an unattended installation.

Silent / Unattended installation

Run the following command to complete installation via command line: `msiexec /i <packagename> /qn /l*xv msi.log`

NOTE

If you have previously used other third-party antivirus software on your system, we recommend that you uninstall it completely prior to the installation of ESET Security for Kerio. You can use [ESET AV Remover](#) to assist in the removal of third-party software.

2.1 ESET Security for Kerio installation steps

Follow the steps below to install ESET Security for Kerio using the Setup Wizard:



Click **Next**, the End-User License Agreement will be displayed. After you acknowledge your acceptance of the End-User License Agreement and click **Next**, choose one of available installation types. Installation types available depend on your [operating system](#).

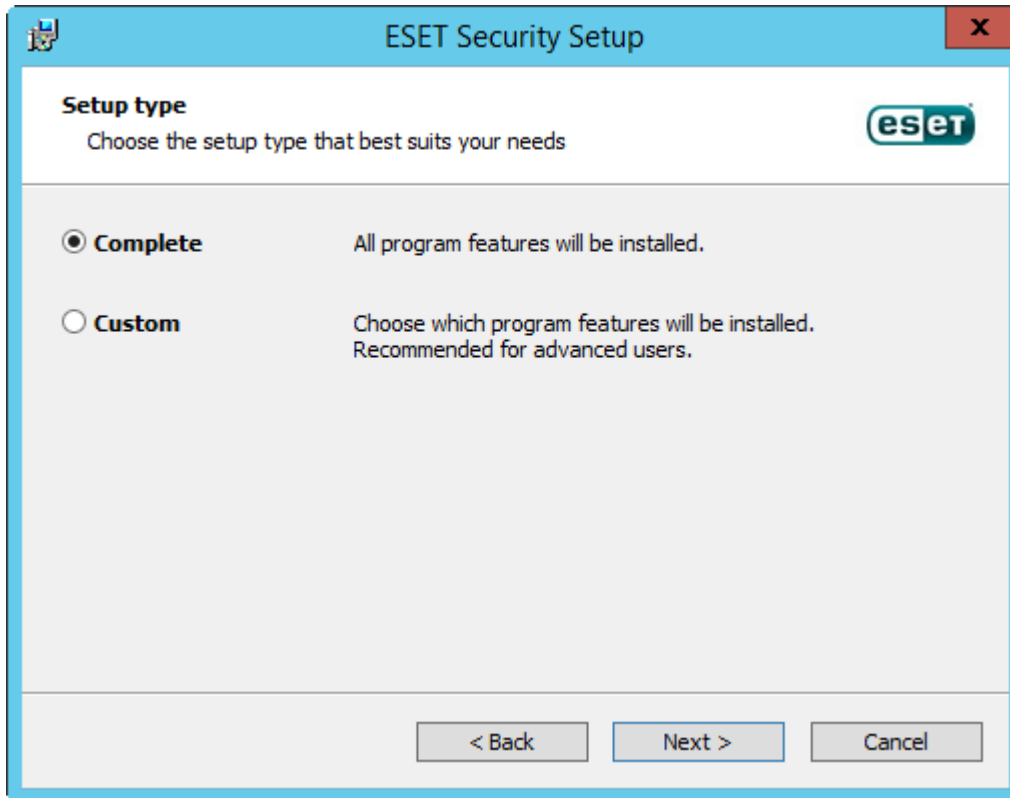
Windows Server 2003, 2003 R2, 2012 and 2012 R2:

- **Complete** - Installs all ESET Security for Kerio features.
- **Custom** - Lets you select which ESET Security for Kerio features will be installed on your system.

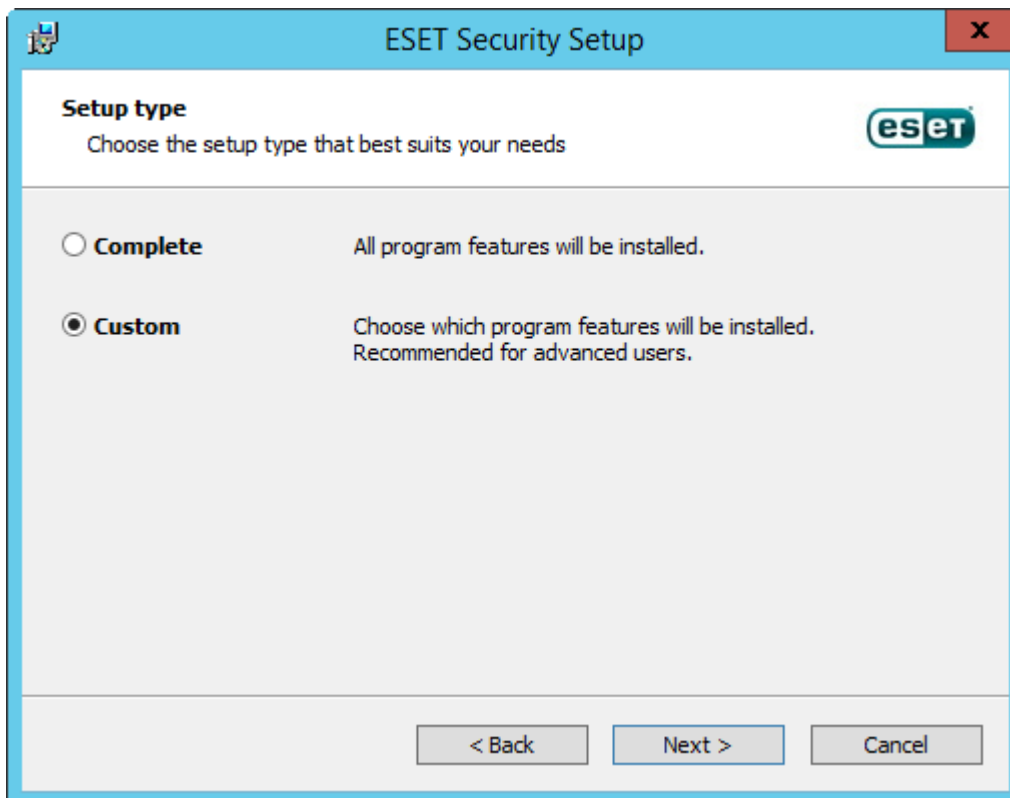
Windows Server 2008 and 2008 R2:

- **Typical** - Installs recommended ESET Security for Kerio features.
- **Custom** - Lets you select which ESET Security for Kerio features will be installed on your system.

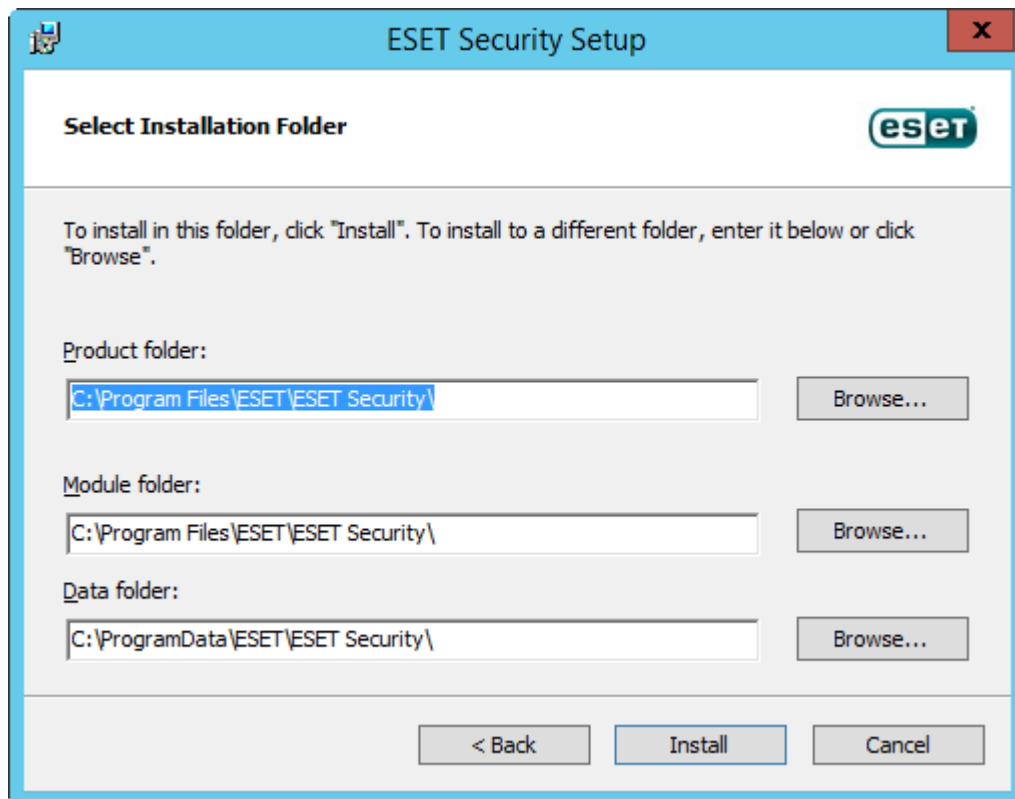
Typical / Complete installation - Choose this installation type to install recommended ESET Security for Kerio features. Also called full installation. This will install all ESET Security for Kerio components.



Custom installation - Lets you choose which features you want to install. Useful when you want to customize ESET Security for Kerio with only the components you need.



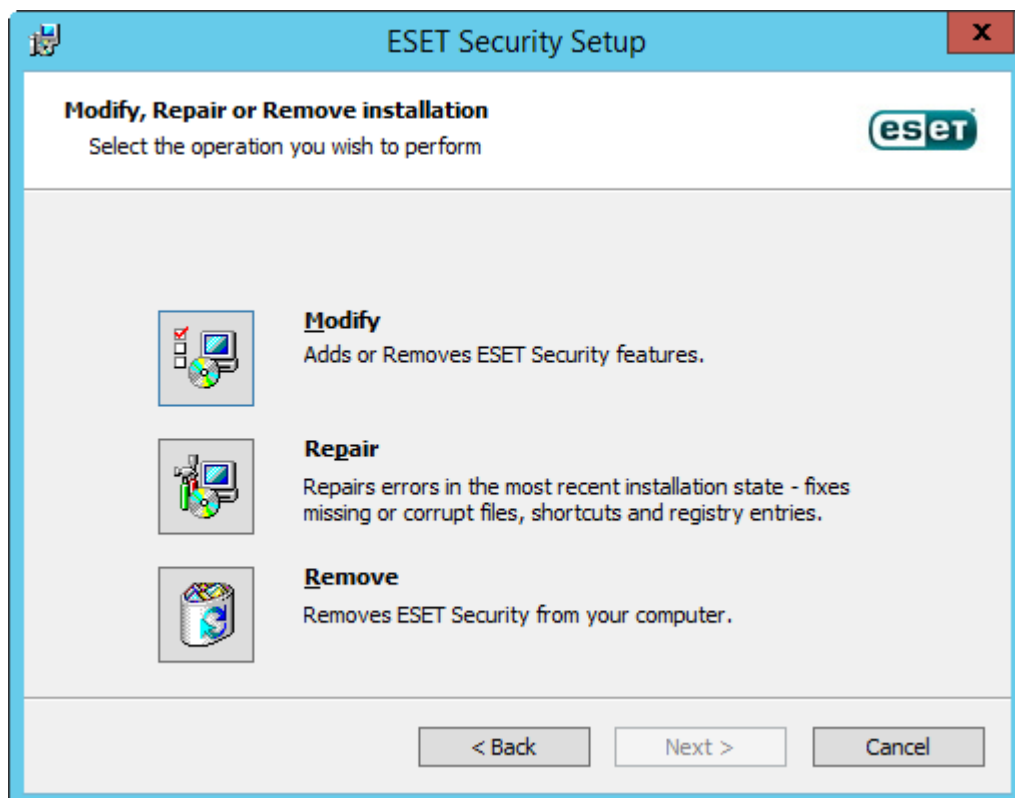
You will be prompted to select the location where ESET Security for Kerio will be installed. By default, the program installs in C:\Program Files\ESET\ESET Security for Kerio. Click **Browse** to change this location (not recommended).



You can add or remove components included in your installation. To do so, run the .msi installer package you used during initial installation, or go to **Programs and Features** (accessible from the Windows Control Panel), right-click ESET Security for Kerio and select **Change**. Follow the steps below to add or remove components.

Component modification (Add/Remove) process, Repair and Remove:

There are 3 options available. You can **Modify** installed components, **Repair** your installation of ESET Security for Kerio or **Remove** (uninstall) it completely.



If you choose **Modify**, a list of available program components is displayed. Choose the components you want to add or remove. You can add/remove multiple components at the same time. Click the component and select an option from the drop-down menu. When you have selected an option, click **Modify** to perform the modifications.

i NOTE

You can modify installed components at any time by running the installer. For most components, a server restart is not necessary to carry out the change. The GUI will restart and you will only see the components you chose to install. For components that require a server restart, the Windows Installer will prompt you to restart and new components will become available once the server is back online.

2.1.1 Command line installation

The following settings are intended for use **only with the reduced, basic and none** level of the user interface. See [documentation](#) for the **msiexec** version used for the appropriate command line switches.

Supported parameters:

APPDIR=<path>

- path - Valid directory path
- Application installation directory
- For example: `efsw_nt64_ENU.msi /qn APPDIR=C:\ESET\ ADDLOCAL=DocumentProtection`

APPDATADIR=<path>

- path - Valid directory path
- Application Data installation directory

MODULEDIR=<path>

- path - Valid directory path
- Module installation directory

ADDEXCLUDE=<list>

- The ADDEXCLUDE list is a comma-separated list of all feature names not to be installed, as a replacement for the obsolete REMOVE.
- When selecting a feature not to install, then the whole path (i.e., all its sub-features) and related invisible features must be explicitly included in the list.
- For example: `efsw_nt64_ENU.msi /qn ADDEXCLUDE=<list>`

i NOTE

ADDEXCLUDE cannot be used with **ADDLOCAL**.

ADDLOCAL=<list>

- Component installation - list of non-mandatory features to be installed locally.
- Usage with ESET .msi packages: `efsw_nt64_ENU.msi /qn ADDLOCAL=<list>`
- For more information about the **ADDLOCAL** property see <http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/aa367536%28v=vs.85%29.aspx>

Rules

- The **ADDLOCAL list** is a comma-separated list of all feature that will be installed.
- When selecting a feature to install, the full path (all parent features) must be explicitly included in the list.
- See additional rules for correct usage.

Feature Presence

- **Mandatory** - the feature is always installed
- **Optional** - the feature may be deselected for install
- **Invisible** - logical feature mandatory for other features to work properly
- **Placeholder** - feature with no effect on the product, listed with sub-features

Below is an example of the ESET Security for Kerio feature tree:

Feature tree	Feature Name	Feature Presence
Computer	Computer	Mandatory

Computer / Antivirus and antispyware	Antivirus	Mandatory
Computer / Antivirus and antispyware > Real-time file system protection	RealtimeProtection	Mandatory
Computer / Antivirus and antispyware > Computer scan	Scan	Mandatory
Computer / Antivirus and antispyware > Document protection	DocumentProtection	Optional
Computer / Device control	DeviceControl	Optional
Update mirror	UpdateMirror	Optional

Command line Core installation examples:

```
msiexec /qn /i efsw_nt64_ENU.msi /l inst.log ADDLOCAL=HIPS,_Base,SERVER,_FeaturesCore,WMIProvider,Scan,UpdateMirror
```

```
msiexec /qn /i efsw_nt64_ENU.msi /l*xv msi.log ADDLOCAL=SERVER,eShell,RealtimeProtection CFG_POTENTIALLYUNWANTED_ENABLED=1
```

List of CFG_ properties:

CFG_POTENTIALLYUNWANTED_ENABLED=1/0

- 0 - Disabled, 1 - Enabled

CFG_LIVEGRID_ENABLED=1/0

- 0 - Disabled, 1 - Enabled
- LiveGrid

FIRSTSCAN_ENABLE=1/0

- 0 - Disable, 1 - Enable
- Schedule a new FirstScan after installation

CFG_PROXY_ENABLED=0/1

- 0 - Disabled, 1 - Enabled

CFG_PROXY_ADDRESS=<ip>

- Proxy IP address

CFG_PROXY_PORT=<port>

- Proxy port number

CFG_PROXY_USERNAME=<user>

- User name for authentication

CFG_PROXY_PASSWORD=<pass>

- Password for authentication

2.1.1.1 ESET AV Remover

To remove/uninstall third-party antivirus software from your system, we recommend that you use the ESET AV Remover. To do so, follow these steps:

1. Download the ESET AV Remover from ESET website [Utilities download page](#).
2. Click **I accept, start search** to accept the EULA and begin searching your system.
3. Click **Launch uninstaller** to remove the installed antivirus software.

For a list of third-party antivirus software that can be removed using ESET AV Remover see this [KB article](#).

2.2 Product activation

When installation is complete, you will be prompted to activate your product.

Product activation

Activate with License Key

- - - -

Your license key will use the format
XXXX-XXXX-XXXX-XXXX-XXXX

Where can I find the License Key?
I have a Username and Password, what do I do?

Activate

Other activation options

Security Admin

Activate with a license from a Security Admin account.

Offline License

Use an offline license file if this client does not connect to the network.

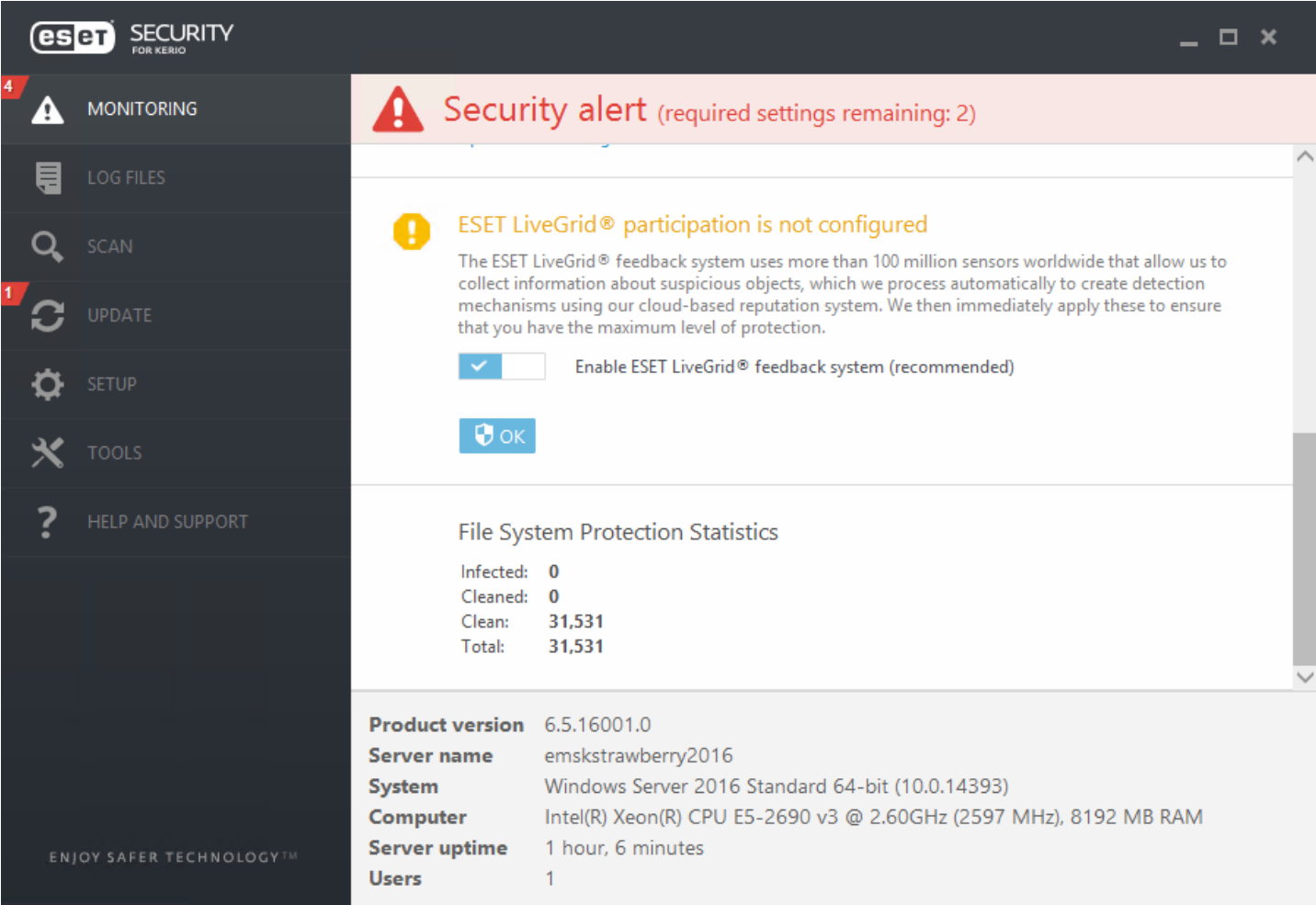
Activate later

Use ESET Remote Administrator to activate this client later.

Select one of the available methods to activate ESET Security for Kerio. See [How to activate ESET Security for Kerio](#) for more information.

22

After you've successfully activated ESET Security for Kerio, the main program window will open and display your current status in the [Monitoring](#) page. Some attention may be required initially, for example, you'll be asked if you want to be part of ESET LiveGrid®.



The main program window will also display notifications about other items, such as system updates (Windows Updates) or virus signature database updates. When all items that require attention are resolved, the monitoring status will turn green and display the status **Maximum protection**.

2.3 Terminal Server

If you are installing ESET Security for Kerio on a Windows Server that acts as a Terminal Server, you may want to disable the ESET Security for Kerio GUI to prevent it from starting up every time a user logs in. See [Disable GUI on Terminal Server](#) for specific steps to disable the GUI.

3. Beginner's guide

This chapter provides an overview of ESET Security for Kerio, the main parts of the menu, functionalities and basic settings.

- [Monitoring](#)
- [Log files](#)
- [Scan](#)
- [Update](#)
- [Setup](#)
- [Tools](#)
- [Help and support](#)

3.1 Monitoring

The protection status shown in the **Monitoring** section informs you about the current protection level of your computer. A status summary about the operation of ESET Security for Kerio will be displayed in the primary window.

✓ The green **Maximum protection** status indicates that maximum protection is ensured. The status window also displays quick links to frequently used features in ESET Security for Kerio and information about the last update.

eset SECURITY FOR KERIO

✓ MONITORING

LOG FILES

SCAN

• UPDATE

SETUP

TOOLS

? HELP AND SUPPORT

ENJOY SAFER TECHNOLOGY™

✓ **Maximum protection**

✓ **License**
Valid until: 11/30/2017

✓ **The virus signature database is up to date**
Last update: Update has not been run yet

File-Server Protection Statistics

Infected:	0
Cleaned:	0
Clean:	12
Total:	12

Product version 6.5.16005.0
Server name W2012-EMSK
System Windows Server 2012 R2 Standard 64-bit (6.3.9600)
Computer Intel(R) Xeon(R) CPU X5650 @ 2.67GHz (2667 MHz), 4096 MB RAM
Server uptime 22 minutes
Users 1

Modules that are working properly are assigned a green check. Modules that are not fully functional are assigned a red exclamation point or an orange notification icon. Additional information about the module is shown in the upper part of the window. A suggested solution for fixing the module is also displayed. To change the status of an individual module, click **Setup** in the main menu and then click the desired module.

The screenshot shows the ESET Security for Kerio interface. On the left is a dark sidebar with a menu: MONITORING (with a red '1' and warning icon), LOG FILES, SCAN, UPDATE, SETUP (with a red '1' and gear icon), TOOLS, and HELP AND SUPPORT. The main area has a red header 'Security alert' with a warning icon. Below it, a red alert box states 'Real-time file system protection is paused' with a 'Dismiss' link. The text below reads: 'Real-time protection was disabled by the user. Your computer is not protected against threats.' and 'Enable Real-time protection'. Below this is a section for 'File-Server Protection Statistics' with the following data:

Infected:	0
Cleaned:	0
Clean:	12
Total:	12

At the bottom of the main area is a system information section:

Product version	6.5.16005.0
Server name	W2012-EMSK
System	Windows Server 2012 R2 Standard 64-bit (6.3.9600)
Computer	Intel(R) Xeon(R) CPU X5650 @ 2.67GHz (2667 MHz), 4096 MB RAM
Server uptime	23 minutes
Users	1

The red icon indicates critical problems - maximum protection of your computer is not ensured. A red icon will be displayed to signal the following scenarios:

- **Mail server antivirus protection disabled** - Click **Enable antivirus protection** in the **Monitoring** or re-enable **Antivirus mail server protection** in the [Setup](#) tab of the main program window.
- **You are using an outdated virus signature database** - Click [Update the virus signature database](#) or click **Update now** in the [Update](#) tab of the main program window.
- **Product not activated** or **License expired** - This is indicated by the protection status icon turning red. The program is not able to update after the license expires. Follow the instructions in the alert window to renew your license.

The orange icon indicates that your ESET product requires attention for a non-critical problem. An orange icon will be displayed to signal the following scenarios:

- **Presentation mode is enabled** - All pop-up windows will be suppressed and scheduled tasks paused.
- **Your license will expire soon** - This is indicated by the protection status icon displaying an exclamation point. After your license expires, the program will not be able to update and the Protection status icon will turn red.
- [Policy override active](#) - The configuration set by the policy is temporarily overridden, possibly until troubleshooting is complete.

The Monitoring page also contains information about your system including:

Product version - Version number of ESET Security for Kerio.

Server Name - Machine hostname or FQDN.

System - Operating system details.
Computer - Hardware details.
Server uptime - Shows how long the system is up and running, basically the opposite of downtime.
Users - ESET Security for Kerio detects the number of mailboxes on local Kerio Connect.

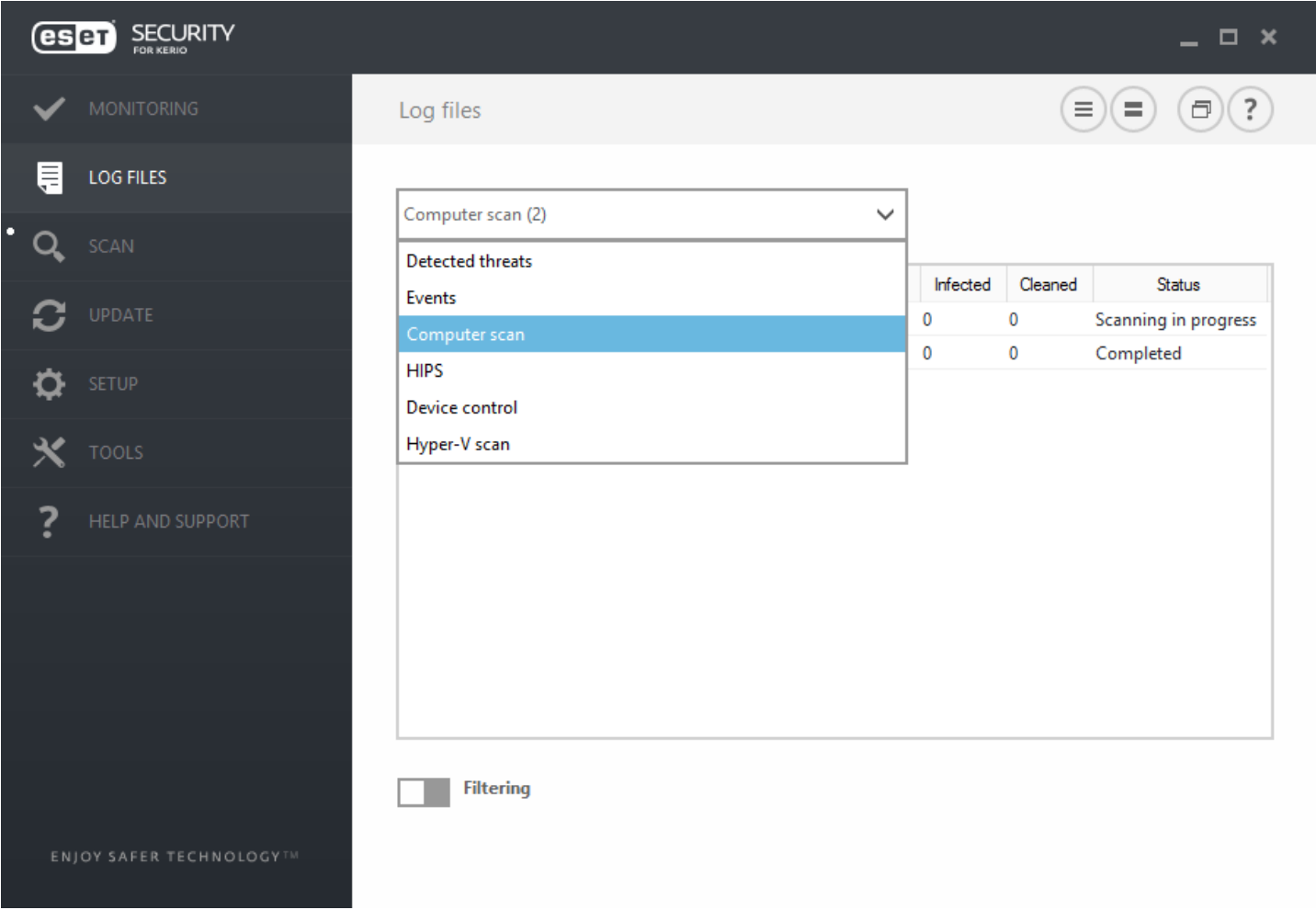
i **NOTE**

If you have only Kerio Control running on your system, the **Users** will display 0. If you have both, Kerio Connect and Control on the same system, the **Users** will display number of mailboxes of Kerio Connect. User count is refreshed every 60 minutes.

If you are unable to solve a problem using the suggested solutions, click **Help and support** to access the help files or search the [ESET Knowledgebase](#). If you still need assistance, you can submit an [ESET Customer Care support request](#). ESET Customer Care will respond quickly to your questions and help find a resolution.

3.2 Log files

Log files contain information about important program events that have occurred and provide an overview of detected threats. Logs are essential for system analysis, threat detection and troubleshooting. Logging is performed actively in the background with no user interaction. Information is recorded based on log verbosity settings. It is possible to view text messages and logs directly from the ESET Security for Kerio environment or export them for viewing elsewhere.



Log files are accessible from the main program window by clicking **Log files**. Choose the desired log type from the drop-down menu. The following logs are available:

- **Detected threats** - The threat log offers detailed information about infiltrations detected by ESET Security for Kerio modules. This includes the time of detection, name of infiltration, location, the performed action and the name of the user logged in at the time the infiltration was detected. Double-click any log entry to display its details in a separate window.

- **Events** - All important actions performed by ESET Security for Kerio are recorded in the event log. The event log contains information about events and errors that have occurred in the program. It is designed to help system administrators and users resolve problems. Often the information found here can help you find a solution for a problem occurring in the program.
- **Computer scan** - All scan results are displayed in this window. Each line corresponds to a single computer control. Double-click any entry to view the details of the respective scan.
- **HIPS** - Contains records of specific rules that are marked for recording. The protocol shows the application that called the operation, the result (whether the rule was permitted or prohibited) and the name of the rule created.
- **Device control** - Contains records of removable media or devices that were connected to the computer. Only devices with a Device control rule will be recorded to the log file. If the rule does not match a connected device, a log entry for a connected device will not be created. Here you can also see details such as device type, serial number, vendor name and media size (if available).
- **Hyper-V scan** - Contains a list of Hyper-V scan results. Double-click any entry to view the details of the respective scan.

NOTE

In each section, the displayed information can be copied to the clipboard (keyboard shortcut **Ctrl + C**) by selecting the entry and clicking **Copy**. The **Ctrl** and **Shift** keys can be used to select multiple entries.

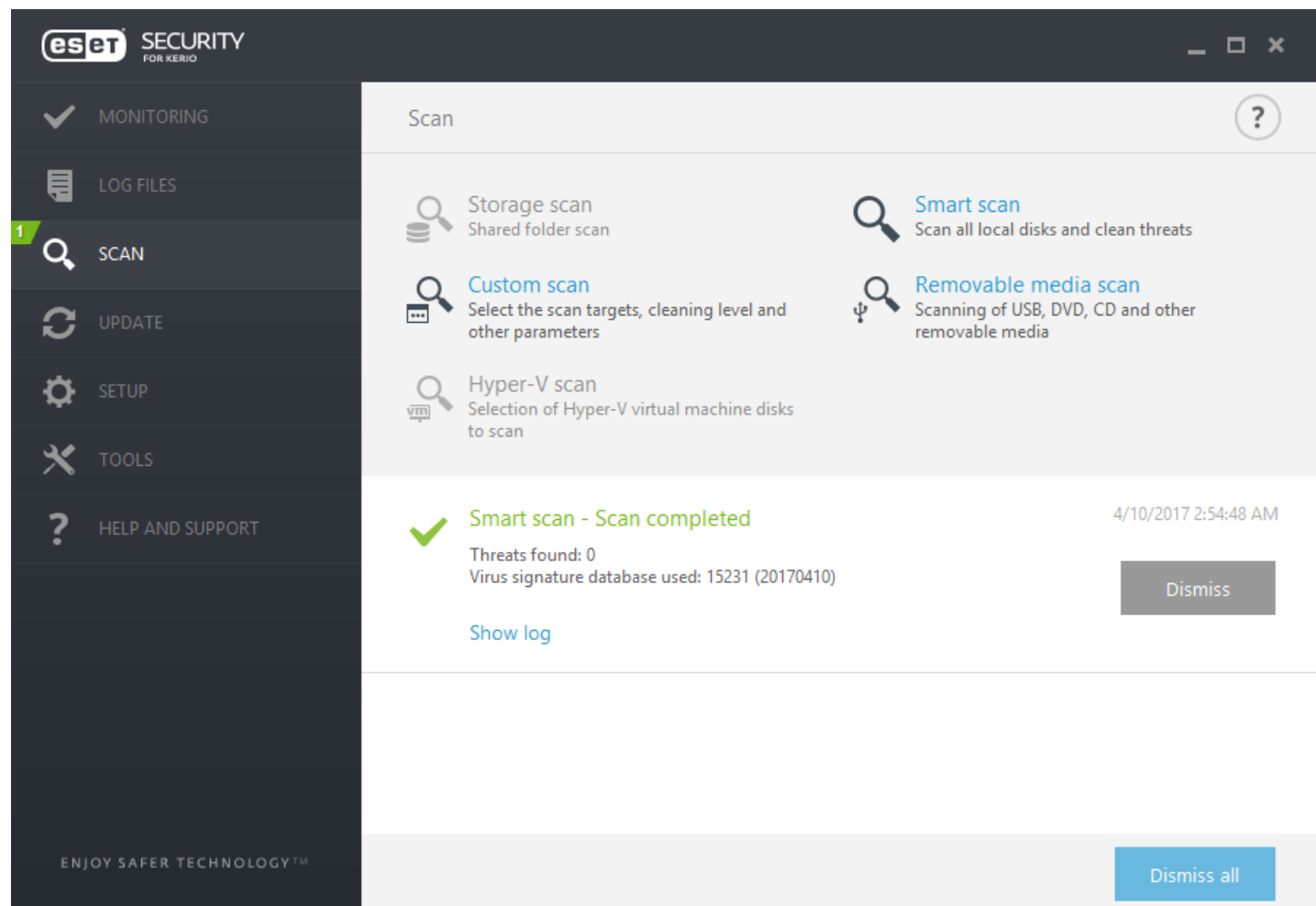
Click the switch icon  **Filtering** to open the **Log filtering** window where you can define the filtering criteria.

To view the context menu options below, right-click a specific record:

- **Show** - Shows more detailed information about the selected log in a new window (same as double-click).
- **Filter same records** - This activates log filtering and only shows records of the same type as the one selected.
- **Filter...** - After clicking this option, the [Log filtering](#) window will allow you to define filtering criteria for specific log entries.
- **Enable filter** - Activates filter settings. The first time that you filter logs, you must define your filtering criteria. Once filters are set they will remain unchanged until you edit them.
- **Copy** - Copies information from selected/highlighted record(s) to the clipboard.
- **Copy all** - Copies information of all the records in the window.
- **Delete** - Deletes selected/highlighted record(s) - this action requires administrator privileges.
- **Delete all** - Deletes all the record(s) in the window - this action requires administrator privileges.
- **Export...** - Exports information from a selected/highlighted record(s) into an XML file.
- **Export all...** - Exports all the information(s) in the window into an XML file.
- **Find...** - Opens the [Find in log](#) window and lets you define search criteria. Works on content that has already been filtered as an additional means of narrowing results.
- **Find next** - Finds the next occurrence of a previously defined search (above).
- **Find previous** - Finds the previous occurrence of a previously defined search (above).
- **Scroll log** - Leave this option enabled to auto scroll old logs and view active logs in the **Log files** window.

3.3 Scan

The on-demand scanner is an important part of ESET Security for Kerio. It is used to perform scans of files and folders on your computer. From a security point of view, it is essential that computer scans are not just run when an infection is suspected, but regularly as part of routine security measures. We recommend that you perform regular (for example once a month) in-depth scans of your system to detect viruses not detected by [Real-time file system protection](#). This can occur if a threat is introduced when Real-time file system protection is disabled, the virus signature database has not been updated, or if a file was not detected when it was first saved to the disk.



See [Scan progress](#) for more information about the scanning process.

Storage scan

Scans all shared folders on the local server. If **Storage scan** is not available, it means there are no shared folders on your server.

Hyper-V scan

This option is visible in the menu only if Hyper-V Manager is installed on the server that runs ESET Security for Kerio. Hyper-V scan allows for scanning of Virtual Machine (VM) disks on [Microsoft Hyper-V Server](#) without the need to have any "Agent" installed on the particular VM. See [Hyper-V scan](#) for more information (including list of supported host operating systems and limitations).

Smart scan

Smart scan allows you to quickly launch a computer scan and clean infected files with no need for user intervention. The advantage of Smart scan is that it is easy to operate and does not require detailed scanning configuration. Smart scan checks all files on local drives and automatically cleans or deletes detected infiltrations. The cleaning level is automatically set to the default value. For more detailed information on types of cleaning, see [Cleaning](#).

Custom scan

Custom scan is an optimal solution if you want to specify scanning parameters such as scan targets and scanning methods. The advantage of Custom scan is the ability to configure the parameters in detail. Configurations can be saved to user-defined scan profiles, which can be useful if scanning is repeatedly performed using the same parameters.

To select scan targets, select **Computer scan > Custom scan** and select an option from the **Scan targets** drop-down menu, or select specific targets from the tree structure. A scan target can also be specified by entering the path of the folder or file(s) you want to include. If you are only interested in scanning the system without additional cleaning actions, select **Scan without cleaning**. When performing a scan, you can choose from three cleaning levels by clicking **Scan > Custom Scan > Setup... > ThreatSense parameters > Cleaning**.

i NOTE

Performing computer scans with Custom scan is only recommended for advanced users with previous experience using antivirus programs.

Removable media scan

Similar to Smart scan - quickly launch a scan of removable media (such as CD/DVD/USB) that are connected to the computer. This may be useful when you connect a USB flash drive to a computer and want to scan its content for malware and other potential threats.

This type of scan can be also initiated by clicking **Custom scan** and then selecting **Removable media** from the **Scan targets** drop-down menu and clicking **Scan**.

Repeat last scan

Runs the last scan, whichever it was (Storage, Smart, Custom, etc.), with the exact same settings.

i NOTE

We recommend that you run a computer scan at least once a month. Scanning can be configured as a [scheduled task](#) from **Tools > Scheduler**.

3.3.1 Hyper-V scan

This type of scan allows you to scan the disks of a [Microsoft Hyper-V Server](#), which is a virtual machine (VM), without the need to have any Agent installed on the VM. The ESET security is installed using Administrative privileges for the Hyper-V server.

Current version of Hyper-V scan supports scanning of online or offline virtual system in Hyper-V. Supported types of scanning according to hosted Windows Hyper-V system and state of virtual system is shown here:

Virtual systems with Hyper-V feature	Windows Server 2008 R2 Hyper-V	Windows Server 2012 Hyper-V	Windows Server 2012 R2 Hyper-V	Windows Server 2016 Hyper-V
online VM	no scan	read-only	read-only	read-only
offline VM	read-only/ cleaning	read-only/cleaning	read-only/cleaning	read-only/cleaning

Hardware requirements

The server should have no performance issues running Virtual Machines. Scanning activity primarily uses CPU resources.

To scan online VMs, free disk space is required. Disk space must be at least double the space used by checkpoints/snapshots and virtual disks.

Specific limitations

- Scanning on RAID storage, Spanned Volumes and [Dynamic Disks](#) are not supported due to the nature of Dynamic Disks. Therefore, we recommend that you avoid using the Dynamic Disk type in your VMs if possible.
- Scanning is always performed the current VM and does not affect checkpoints or snapshots.
- Hyper-V running on a host in a cluster is currently not supported by ESET Security for Kerio.

- Virtual Machines on a Hyper-V host running on Windows Server 2008 R2 can only be scanned in read-only mode (**No cleaning**), regardless of what cleaning level is selected in [ThreatSense parameters](#).

i NOTE

While ESET Security supports the scan of virtual disk MBRs, read-only scanning is the only method supported for these targets. This setting can be changed in **Advanced setup > Antivirus > Hyper-V scan > [ThreatSense parameters](#) > Boot sectors**.

Virtual Machine to be scanned is "offline" - switched Off state

ESET Security for Kerio uses Hyper-V Management to detect and to connect to virtual disks. This way, ESET Security for Kerio has the same access to the content of the virtual disks it does when accessing data and files on any generic drive.

Virtual Machine to be scanned is "online" - Running, Paused, Saved state

ESET Security for Kerio uses Hyper-V Management to detect virtual disks. Actual connection to these the disks is not possible. Therefore, ESET Security for Kerio creates a checkpoint/snapshot of the Virtual Machine, then connects to the checkpoint/snapshot. Once the scan is completed, the checkpoint/snapshot is deleted. This means that read-only scan can be performed because the running Virtual Machine(s) are unaffected by scan activity.

Allow up to one minute for ESET Security to create a snapshot or checkpoint during scanning. You should take this into account when running a Hyper-V scan on a larger number of Virtual Machines.

Naming convention

The module of Hyper-V Scan uses the following naming convention:

`VirtualMachineName\DiskX\VolumeY`

where X is the number of disks and Y is the number of volumes.

for example, "Computer\Disk0\Volume1".

The number suffix is added based on the order of detection, and is identical to the order seen in the Disk Manager of the VM.

This naming convention is used in the tree-structured list of targets to be scanned, in the progress bar and also in the log files.

Executing a scan

A scan can be executed 3 ways:

- [On-demand](#) - Click **Hyper-V Scan** to view a list of Virtual Machines and volumes available for scanning.
- Select the Virtual Machine(s), disk(s) or volume(s) you want to scan and click **Scan**.
- Via the [scheduler](#).
- Via ESET Remote Administrator as a Client Task called [Server Scan](#).

It is possible to execute several Hyper-V scans simultaneously.

You will receive a notification with a link to log files when a scan is complete.

Possible issues

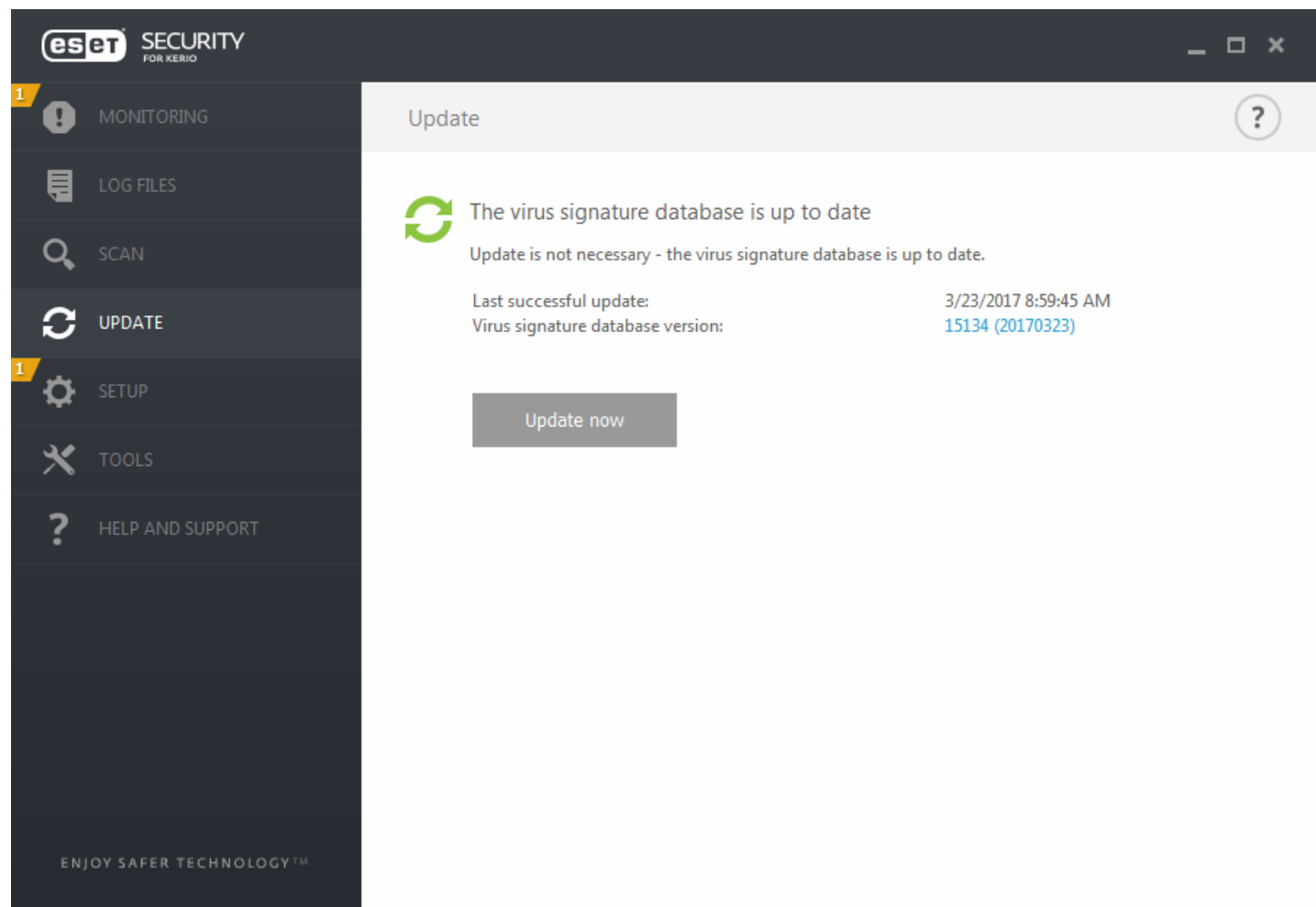
- When executing the scan of an online Virtual Machine, a checkpoint/snapshot of the particular Virtual Machine has to be created and during the creation of a checkpoint/snapshot some generic actions of the Virtual Machine might be limited or disabled.
- If an offline Virtual Machine is being scanned, it cannot be turned on until the scan is finished.
- Hyper-V Manager allows you to name two different Virtual Machines identically and this presents an issue when trying to differentiate the machines while reviewing the scan logs.

3.4 Update

Regularly updating ESET Security for Kerio is the best method to maintain the maximum level of security on your computer. The Update module ensures that the program is always up to date in two ways, by updating the virus signature database and system components.

Click Update in the main program window to view the current update status of your system, including the date and time of the last successful update. The primary window also contains the virus signature database version. The update version number is an active link to information about signatures added in the given update.

Click **Update now** to check for updates. Updating the virus signature database and updating program components are important parts of maintaining complete protection against malicious code.



Last successful update - The date of the last update. Make sure it refers to a recent date, which means that the virus signature database is current.

Virus signature database version - The virus signature database number, which is also an active link to the ESET website. Click this to view a list of all signatures added in a given update.

Update process

After clicking **Update now**, the download process begins and the progress of the update is displayed. To interrupt the update click **Cancel update**.

! IMPORTANT

Under normal circumstances, when updates are downloaded properly the message **Update is not necessary - the virus signature database is up to date** will appear in the **Update** window. If this is not the case, the program is out of date and more vulnerable to infection.

Please update the virus signature database as soon as possible. Otherwise, one of the following messages will be displayed:

Virus signature database is out of date - This error will appear after several unsuccessful attempts to update the virus signature database. We recommend that you check the update settings. The most common reason for this error is incorrectly entered authentication data or incorrectly configured [connection settings](#).

The previous notification is related to the following two **Virus signature database update failed** messages about unsuccessful updates:

Invalid license - The license key has been entered incorrectly in update setup. We recommend that you check your authentication data. The **Advanced setup** window (press **F5** on your keyboard) contains additional update options. Click **Help and support > Manage license** from the main menu to enter a new license key.

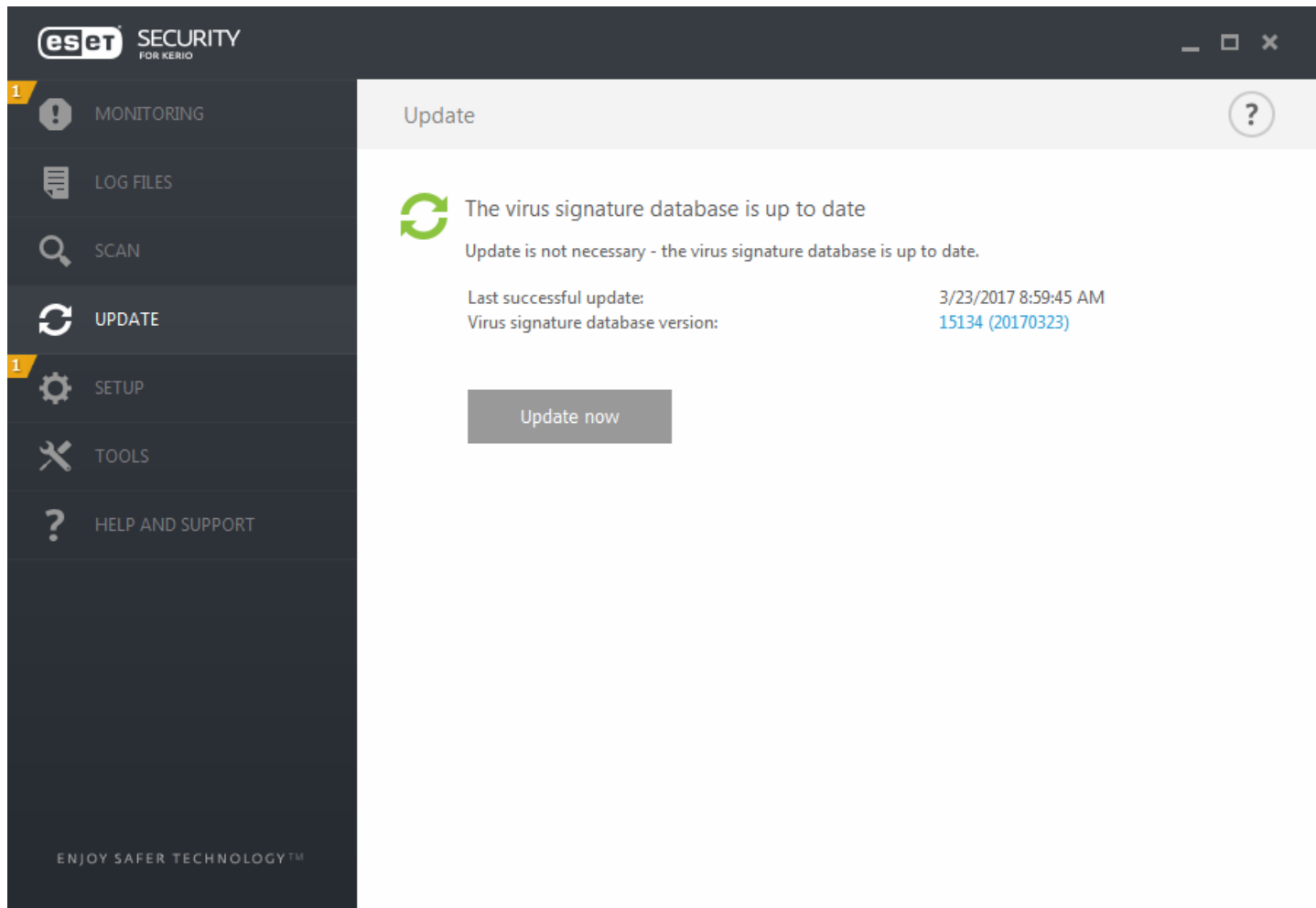
An error occurred while downloading update files - This can be caused by [Internet connection settings](#). We recommend that you check your Internet connectivity by opening any website in your web browser. If the website does not open, it is likely that an Internet connection is not established or there are connectivity problems with your computer. Please check with your Internet Service Provider (ISP) if you do not have an active Internet connection.

NOTE

For more information please visit this [Knowledgebase article](#).

3.4.1 Setting up virus DB update

Updating the virus signature database and program components is an important part of providing complete protection against malicious code. Please pay careful attention to its configuration and operation. From the main menu, go to **Update** and then click **Update now** to check for a newer signature database.



You can configure update settings from the **Advanced setup** window (press the **F5** key on your keyboard). To configure advanced update options such as the update mode, proxy server access, LAN connection and virus signature copy settings (Mirror), click **Update > Profiles**. If you experience problems with an update, click **Clear** to clear the temporary update cache.

Advanced setup

X

?

SERVER

COMPUTER

UPDATE

DEVICE CONTROL

TOOLS

USER INTERFACE

GENERAL

Update profile

My profile

i

Clear update cache

Clear

OUTDATED VIRUS SIGNATURE DATABASE ALERTS

This setting defines the maximally allowed age of the Virus Signature Database before it is considered outdated and an alert will be shown.

Set maximum database age automatically

i

Maximum database age (days)

7

i

ROLLBACK

Create snapshots of modules

i

Number of locally stored snapshots

1

i

Rollback to previous modules

Rollback

PROFILES

Default

OK

Cancel

The **Update server** menu is set to **Choose automatically** by default. **Choose automatically** means that the update server, from which the virus signature updates are downloaded, is chosen automatically. We recommend that you leave the default option selected. If you do not want the the system tray notification at the bottom right corner of the screen to appear, select **Disable display notification about successful update**.

Advanced setup

SERVER

COMPUTER

UPDATE

DEVICE CONTROL

TOOLS

USER INTERFACE

BASIC

Update typeRegular update

Disable notification about successful update☒

Update from removable mediaDisabled

UPDATE SERVER

Choose automatically☒

Update serverChoose automatically

UPDATING FROM MIRROR

Username

Password

UPDATE MODE

HTTP PROXY

CONNECT TO LAN AS

Default

OK

Cancel

For optimal functionality, it is important that the program is automatically updated. This is only possible if the correct **License key** is entered in **Help and support > Activate License**.

If you did not activate your product following installation, you can do so at any time. For more detailed information about activation see [How to activate ESET Security for Kerio](#) and enter the license data you received with your ESET security product into the License details window.

3.4.2 Configuring Proxy server for updates

If you use a proxy server for the Internet connection on a system where ESET Security for Kerio is installed, proxy settings must be configured in **Advanced setup**. To access the proxy server configuration window, press **F5** to open the **Advanced setup** window and click **Update > Profiles > HTTP proxy**.

Select **Connection through a proxy server** from the **Proxy mode** drop-down menu and fill in your proxy server details: **Proxy server** (IP address), **Port** number and **Username** and **Password** (if applicable).

Advanced setup

X

?

SERVER

COMPUTER

UPDATE

DEVICE CONTROL

TOOLS

USER INTERFACE

Select profile to edit

My profile

+ BASIC

+ UPDATE MODE

- HTTP PROXY

Proxy mode

Use global proxy server s...

CUSTOM PROXY SERVER

Proxy server

Port

3128

Username

Password

Use direct connection if proxy is not available

+ CONNECT TO LAN AS

+ MIRROR

Default

OK

Cancel

If you are unsure about proxy server details, you can select **Use global proxy server settings** from the drop-down list to auto-detect your proxy settings.

i

NOTE

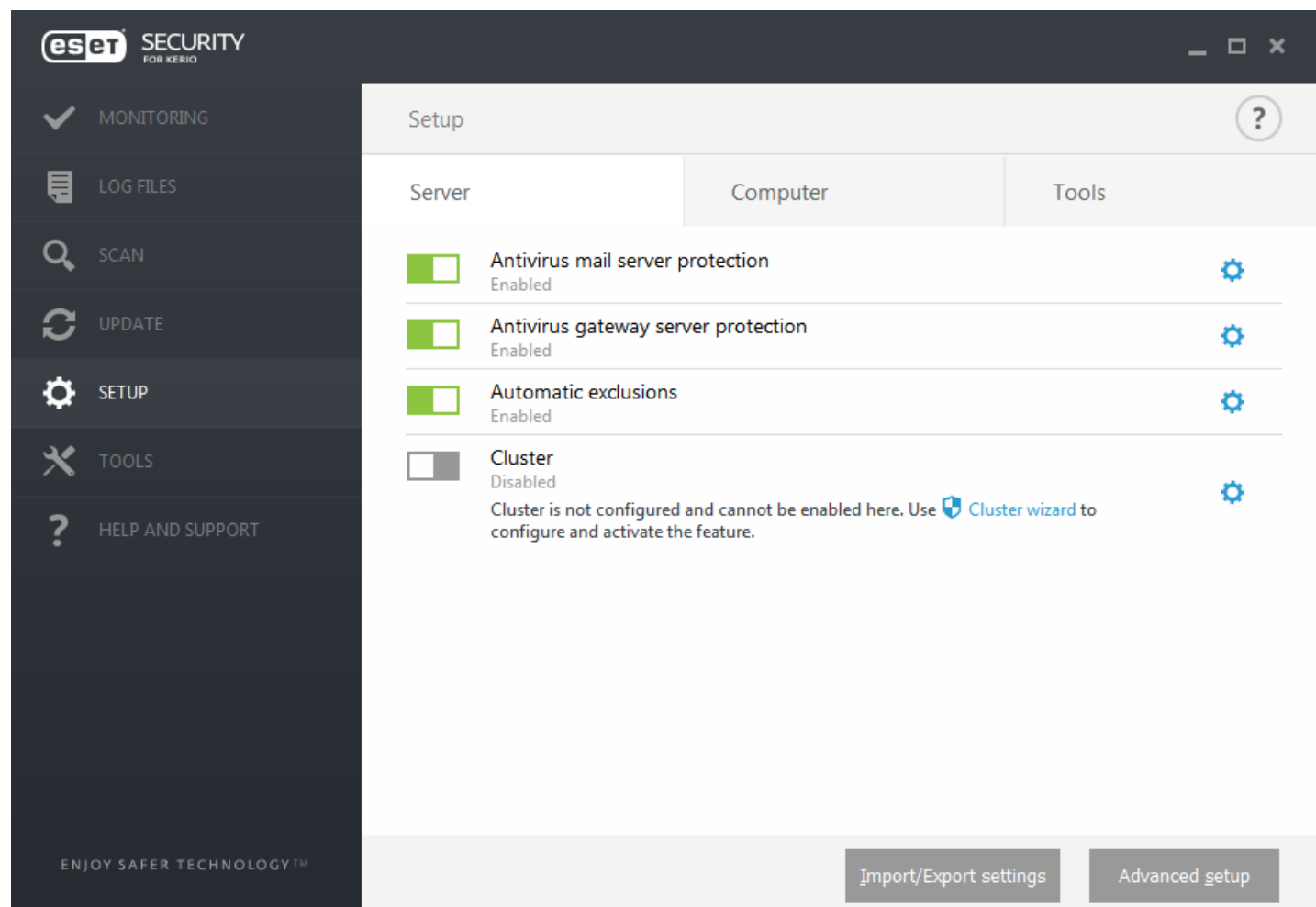
Proxy server options for various update profiles may differ. If this is the case, configure the different update profiles in **Advanced setup** by clicking **Update > Profile**.


Use direct connection if proxy is not available - If a product is configured to utilize HTTP Proxy and the proxy is unreachable, the product will bypass the proxy and communicate directly with ESET servers.


3.5 Setup


The **Setup** menu contains the following sections:

- [Server](#)
- [Computer](#)
- [Tools](#)



To temporarily disable individual modules, click the green switch  next to the desired module. Note that this may decrease the protection level of your computer.



To re-enable the protection of a disabled security component, click the red switch  to return a component to its enabled state.

To access detailed settings for a particular security component, click the gear icon .

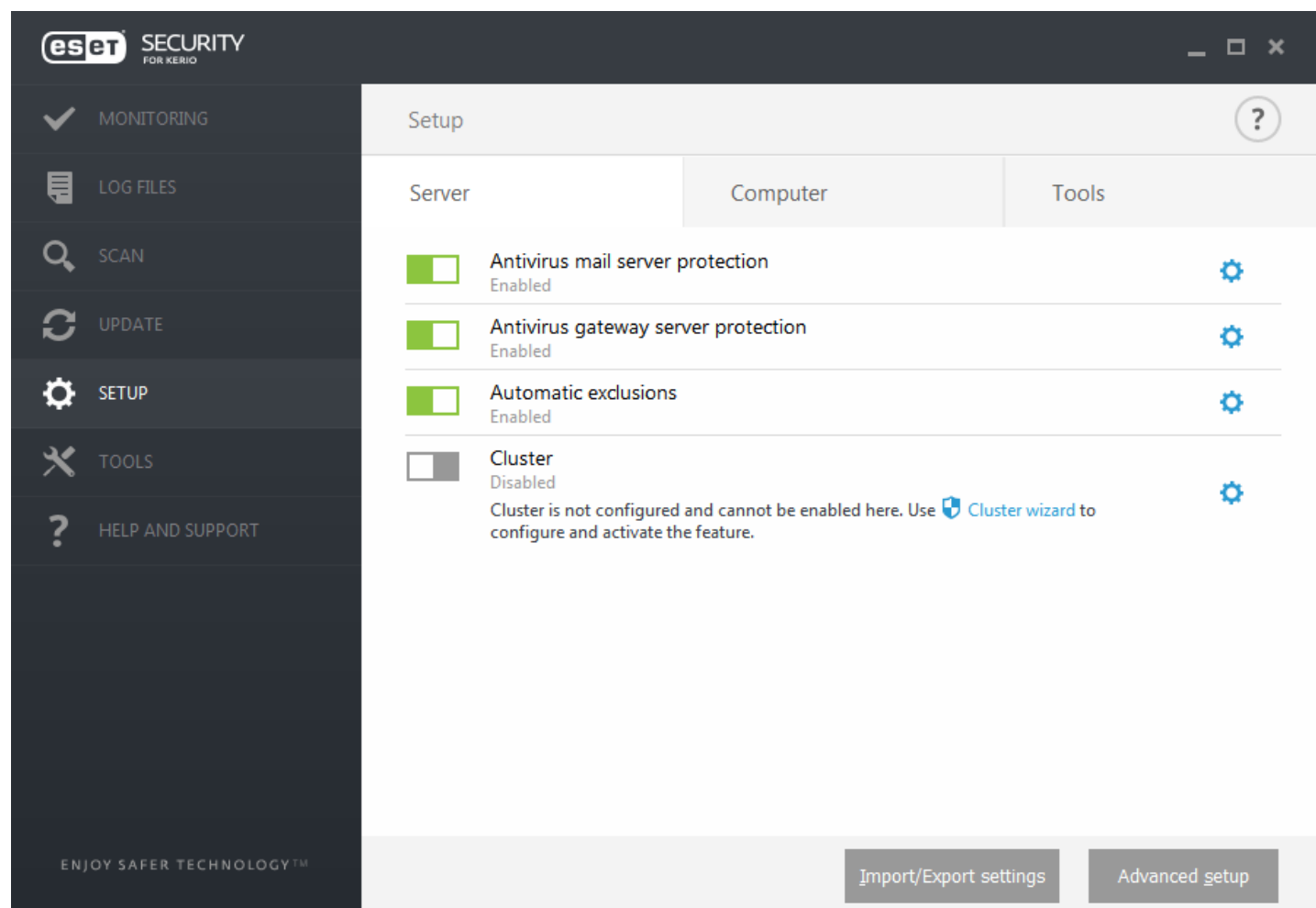
Click **Advanced setup** or press **F5** to configure advanced settings.

There are additional options at the bottom of the setup window. To load setup parameters using an *.xml* configuration file, or to save the current setup parameters to a configuration file, use **Import/Export settings**. Please see [Import/Export settings](#) for more detailed information.

3.5.1 Server

You'll see a list of components which you can enable/disable using the switch . To configure settings for a specific item, click the cogwheel .

- [Antivirus mail server protection](#) - Guards against malicious system attacks by scanning emails.
- [Antivirus gateway server protection](#) - Guards against malicious system attacks by scanning network traffic.
- [Automatic exclusions](#) - This feature identifies critical server applications and server operating system files and automatically adds them to the list of [Exclusions](#). This functionality will minimize the risk of potential conflicts and increase the overall performance of the server when running antivirus software.
- To setup the ESET Cluster click [Cluster wizard](#).





If you want to set more detailed options, click **Advanced setup** or press **F5**.

There are additional options at the bottom of the setup window. To load setup parameters using an *.xml* configuration file, or to save the current setup parameters to a configuration file, use **Import/Export settings**. Please see [Import/Export Settings](#) for more details.

3.5.2 Computer

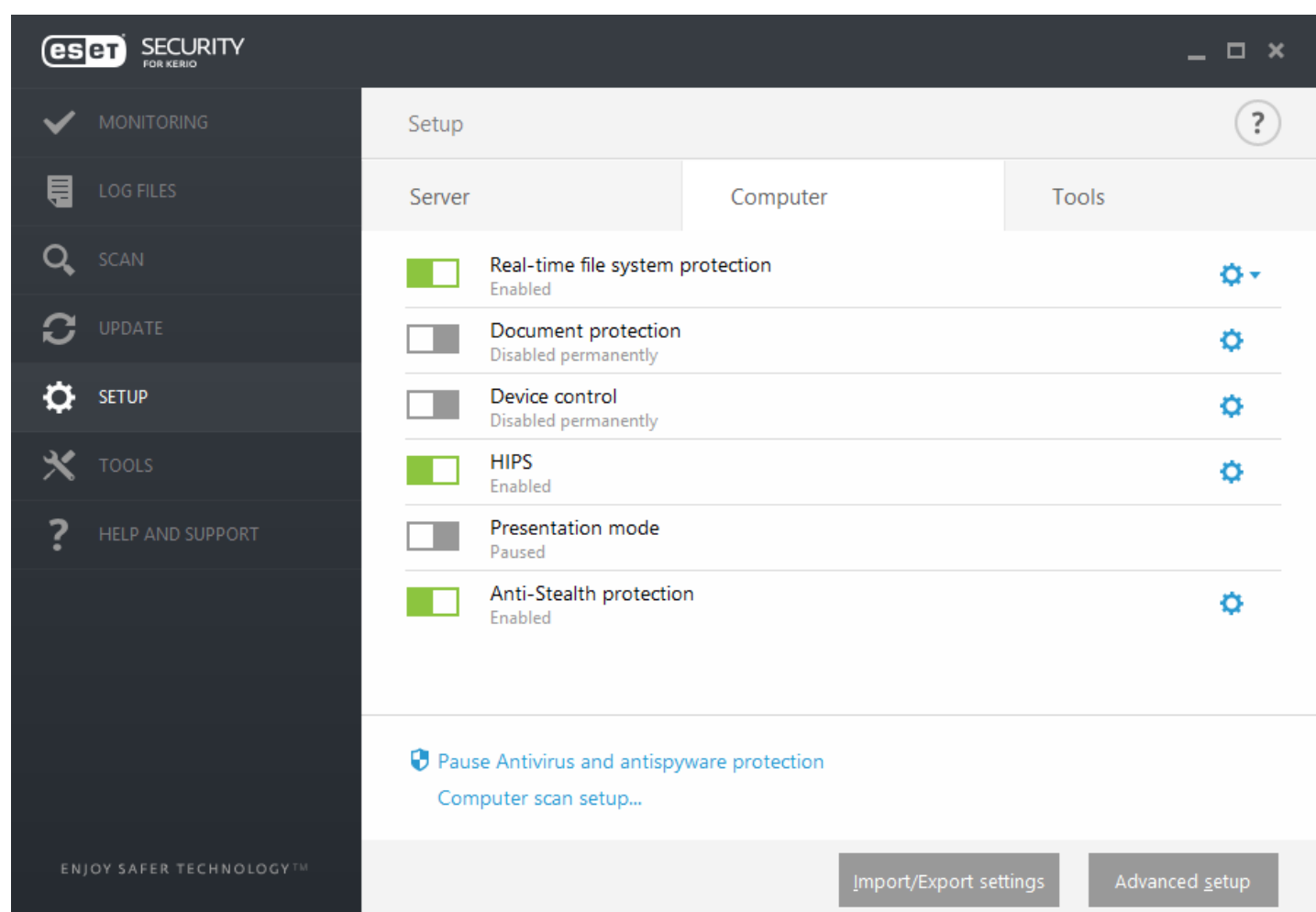
ESET Security for Kerio has all of the necessary components to ensure significant protection of the server as a computer. Each component provides a specific type of protection, such as: Antivirus and Antispyware, Real-time file system protection, etc.

The **Computer** section can be found under **Setup > Computer**. You'll see a list of components which you can enable/disable using the switch . To configure settings for a specific item, click the gear icon .

For **Real-time file system protection**, there is also an option to **Edit exclusions**, which will open the [exclusions](#) setup window where you can exclude files and folders from scanning.

Pause Antivirus and antispyware protection - Any time that you temporarily disable Antivirus and antispyware protection, you can select the period of time for which you want the selected component to be disabled using the drop-down menu and then click **Apply** to disable the security component. To re-enable protection, click **Enable Antivirus and antispyware protection**.

The **Computer** module allows you to enable/disable and configure the following components:



- **Real-time file system protection** - All files are scanned for malicious code when they are opened, created or run on your computer.
- **Document protection** - The document protection feature scans Microsoft Office documents before they are opened, as well as files downloaded automatically by Internet Explorer, such as Microsoft ActiveX elements.

NOTE

Document protection is disabled by default. If you want, you can easily enable it by clicking the switch icon.

- **Device control** - This module allows you to scan, block or adjust extended filters/permissions and define a user's ability to access and work with a given device.
- **HIPS** - The [HIPS](#) system monitors events that occur within the operating system and reacts to them according to a customized set of rules.


- **Presentation mode** - A feature for users that demand uninterrupted usage of their software, do not want to be disturbed by pop-up windows, and want to minimize CPU usage. You will receive a warning message (potential security risk) and the main program window will turn orange after enabling [Presentation mode](#).
- **Anti-Stealth protection** - Provides detection of dangerous programs, such as [rootkits](#), which are able to hide themselves from the operating system. This means it is not possible to detect them using ordinary testing techniques.

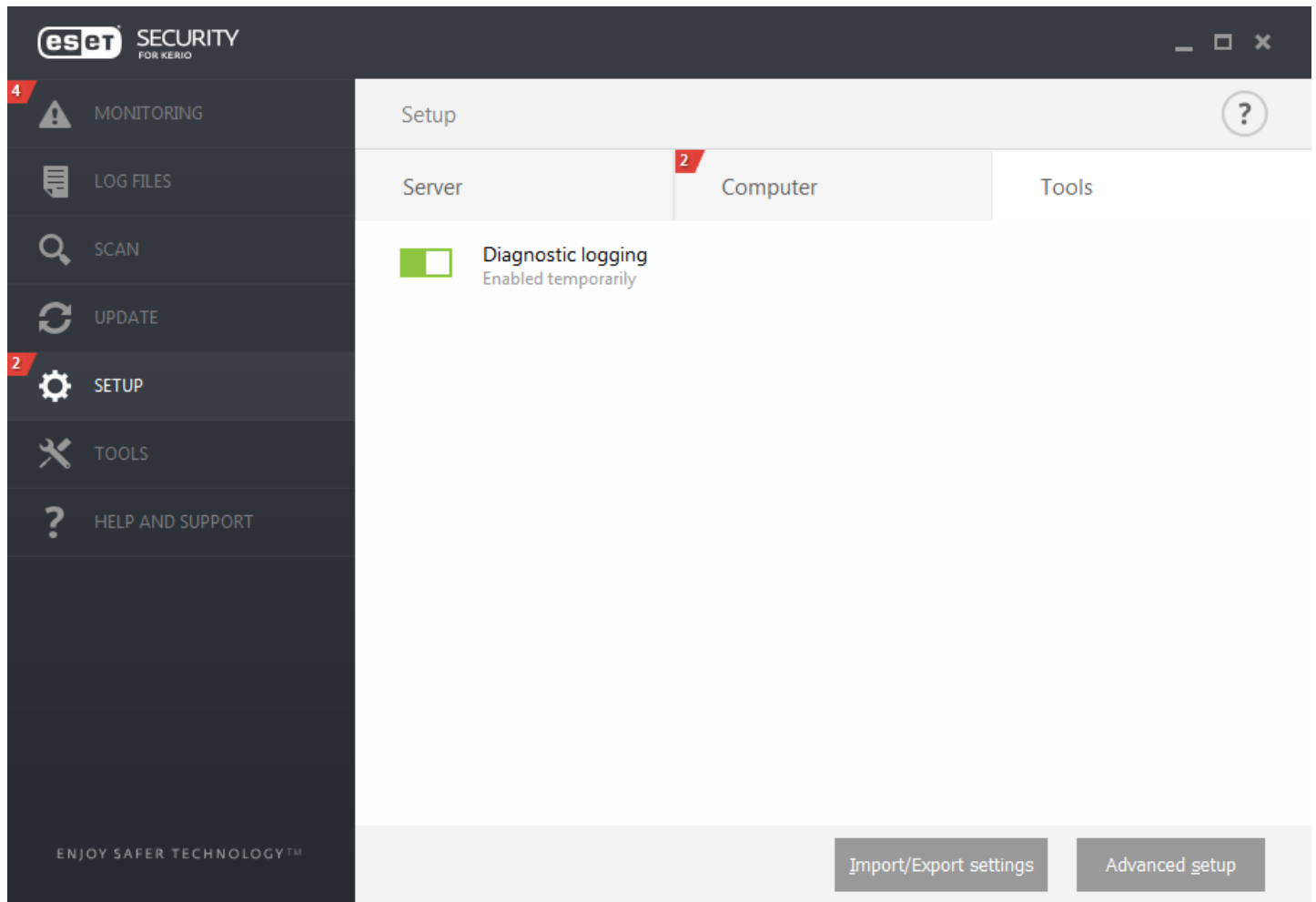
There are additional options at the bottom of the setup window. To load setup parameters using an .xml/ configuration file, or to save the current setup parameters to a configuration file, use **Import/Export settings**. Please see [Import/Export settings](#) for more detailed information.

If you want to set more detailed options, click **Advanced setup** or press **F5**.

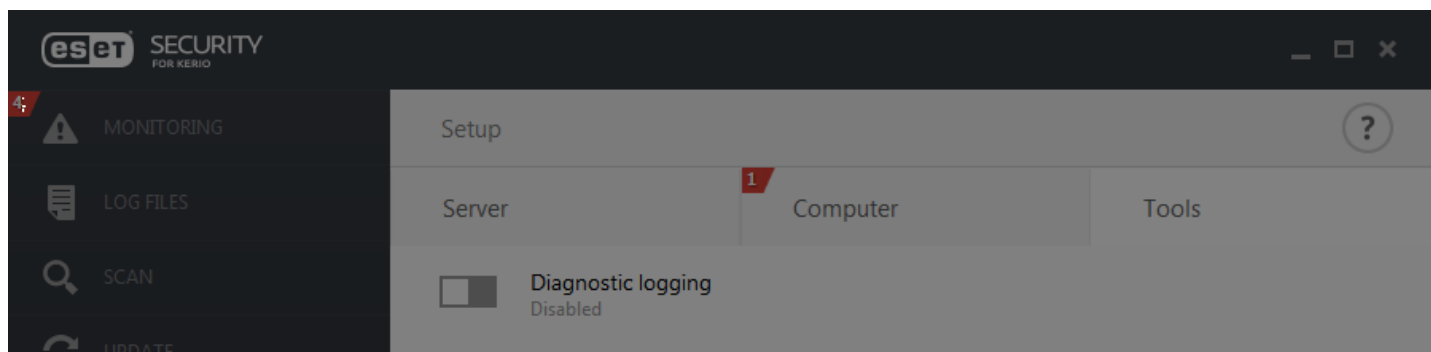
3.5.3 Tools

Diagnostic logging - When you click the switch to enable diagnostic logging, you can choose for how long it will be enabled (10 minutes, 30 minutes, 1 hour, 4 hours, 24 hours, until next server restart or permanently).

When you click the gear icon  , the **Advanced setup** window where you can configure which components will write diagnostic logs (when diagnostic logging is enabled) will open.



- **Enable** Diagnostic logging for selected time period.



Enable Diagnostic logging?

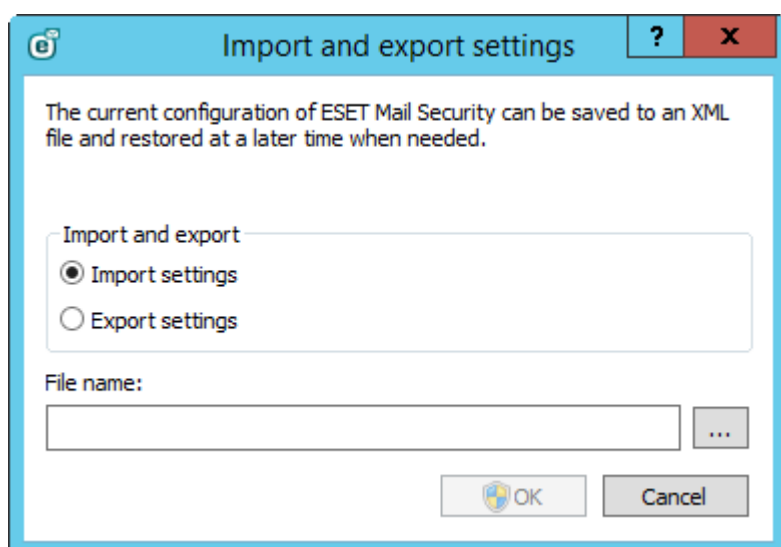
Enable Diagnostic logging for selected time period.



3.5.4 Import and export settings

Importing and exporting configurations of ESET Security for Kerio are available under Setup.

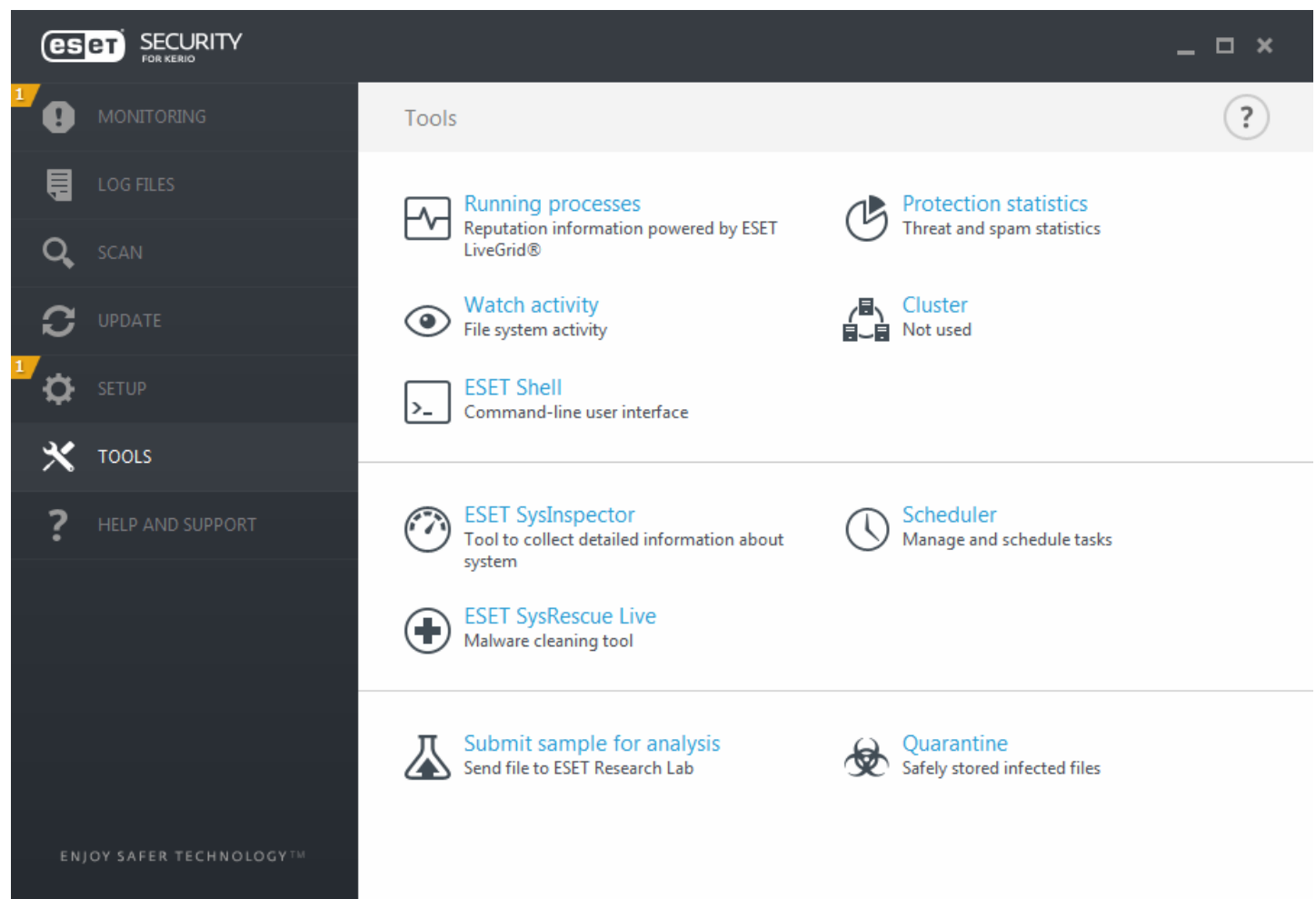
Both import and export use the .xml file type. Import and export are useful if you need to backup the current configuration of ESET Security for Kerio to be able to use it later. The export settings option is also convenient for users who wish to use their preferred configuration of ESET Security for Kerio on multiple systems – they can easily import an .xml file to transfer the desired settings.



3.6 Tools

The Tools menu includes modules that help simplify program administration and offer additional options. It includes the following tools:

- [Running processes](#)
- [Watch activity](#)
- [Protection statistics](#)
- [Cluster](#)
- [ESET Shell](#)
- [ESET SysInspector](#)
- [ESET SysRescue Live](#)
- [Scheduler](#)
- [Submit sample for analysis](#)
- [Quarantine](#)



3.6.1 Running processes

Running processes displays the running programs or processes on your computer and keeps ESET immediately and continuously informed about new infiltrations. ESET Security for Kerio provides detailed information on running processes to protect users with [ESET LiveGrid®](#) technology enabled.

The screenshot shows the ESET Security for Kerio interface. The main window is titled 'Running processes'. It contains a table with the following columns: Risk level, Process, PID, Number of users, Time of discovery, and Application name. The table lists various running processes, including system, smss.exe, csrss.exe, wininit.exe, winlogon.exe, services.exe, lsass.exe, lsm.exe, svchost.exe, spoolsv.exe, ekrm.exe, mailserver.exe, sqlservr.exe, sqlbrowser.exe, sqlwriter.exe, winroute.exe, avserver.exe, spamserver.exe, msdtc.exe, and taskhost.exe. The risk level for most processes is 'Unavailable', and the time of discovery is also 'Unavailable'. The application names are listed in the last column. The interface also includes a sidebar with navigation options: MONITORING, LOG FILES, SCAN, UPDATE, SETUP, TOOLS, and HELP AND SUPPORT. The bottom of the sidebar says 'ENJOY SAFER TECHNOLOGY™'.

Ris...	Process	PID	Number of users	Time of discovery	Application name
?	system	4		Unavailable	
✓	smss.exe	220		Unavailable	Microsoft® Windows® Ope
✓	csrss.exe	304		Unavailable	Microsoft® Windows® Ope
✓	wininit.exe	360		Unavailable	Microsoft® Windows® Ope
✓	winlogon.exe	396		Unavailable	Microsoft® Windows® Ope
✓	services.exe	456		Unavailable	Microsoft® Windows® Ope
✓	lsass.exe	464		Unavailable	Microsoft® Windows® Ope
✓	lsm.exe	472		Unavailable	Microsoft® Windows® Ope
✓	svchost.exe	560		Unavailable	Microsoft® Windows® Ope
✓	spoolsv.exe	288		Unavailable	Microsoft® Windows® Ope
✓	ekrm.exe	324		Unavailable	ESET Security
✓	mailserver.exe	1064		Unavailable	Kerio Connect
✓	sqlservr.exe	1116		Unavailable	Microsoft SQL Server
✓	sqlbrowser.exe	1492		Unavailable	Microsoft SQL Server
✓	sqlwriter.exe	1536		Unavailable	Microsoft SQL Server
✓	winroute.exe	1636		Unavailable	Kerio Control
✓	avserver.exe	1800		Unavailable	Antivirus server for Kerio pr
✓	spamserver.exe	1960		Unavailable	Kerio Connect
✓	msdtc.exe	2652		Unavailable	Microsoft® Windows® Ope
✓	taskhost.exe	1380		Unavailable	Microsoft® Windows® Ope

▼ Show details

Risk level - In most cases, ESET Security for Kerio and ESET LiveGrid® technology assign risk levels to objects (files, processes, registry keys, etc.) using a series of heuristic rules that examine the characteristics of each object and then weigh their potential for malicious activity. Based on these heuristics, objects are assigned a risk level from **1- Fine (green)** to **9- Risky (red)**.

Process - Image name of the program or process that is currently running on your computer. You can also use the Windows Task Manager to see all running processes on your computer. You can open Task Manager by right-clicking an empty area on the taskbar and then clicking Task Manager, or by pressing **Ctrl+Shift+Esc** on your keyboard.

PID - Is an ID of processes running in Windows operating systems.

i NOTE

Known applications marked as **Fine (green)** are definitely clean (whitelisted) and will be excluded from scanning, as this will improve the scanning speed of on-demand computer scan or Real-time file system protection on your computer.

Number of users - The number of users that use a given application. This information is gathered by ESET LiveGrid® technology.

Time of discovery - Period of time since the application was discovered by ESET LiveGrid® technology.

i NOTE

When an application is marked as **Unknown (orange)**, it is not necessarily malicious software. Usually it is just a newer application. If you are not sure about the file, use the [Submit sample for analysis](#) feature to send the file

to the ESET Virus Lab. If the file turns out to be a malicious application, its detection will be added to one of the upcoming Virus Signature Database updates.

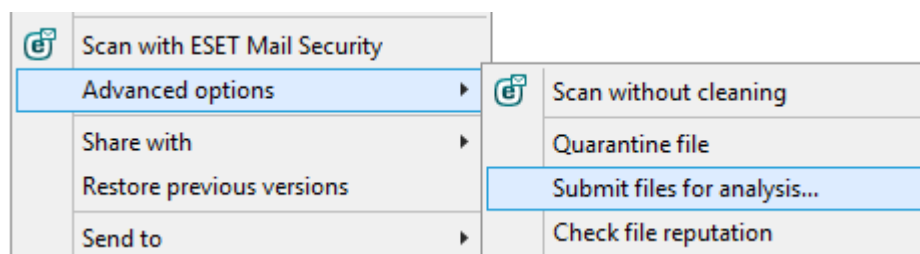
Application name - Given name of a program this process belongs to.

By clicking a given application at the bottom, the following information will appear at the bottom of the window:

- **Path** - Location of an application on your computer.
- **Size** - File size either in kB (kilobytes) or MB (megabytes).
- **Description** - File characteristics based on the description from the operating system.
- **Company** - Name of the vendor or application process.
- **Version** - Information from the application publisher.
- **Product** - Application name and/or business name.
- **Created on** - Date and time when an application was created.
- **Modified on** - Last date and time when an application was modified.

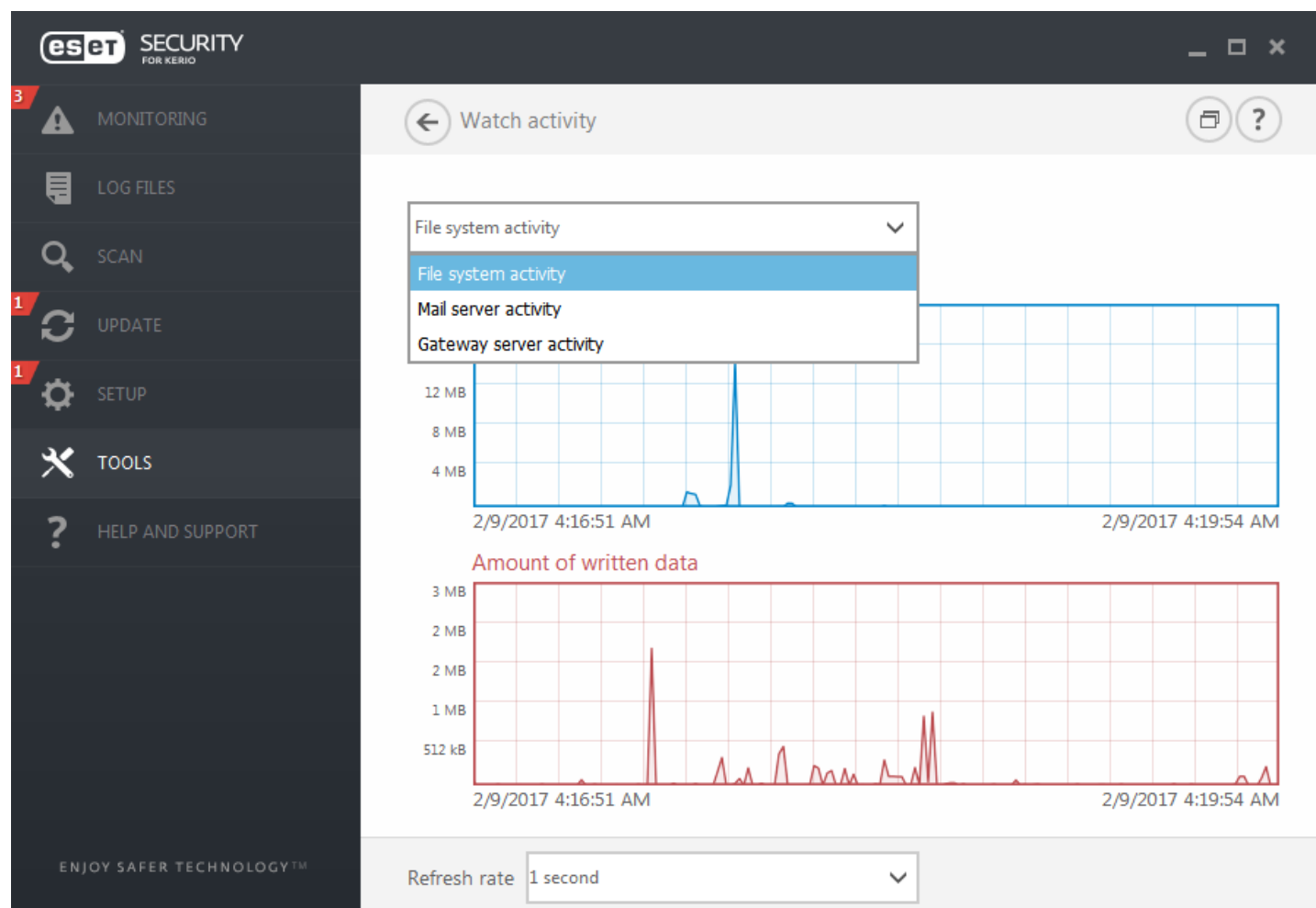
i NOTE

Reputation can also be checked for files that do not act as running programs/processes - mark files you want to check, right-click them and select **Advanced options > Check File Reputation using ESET LiveGrid®** from the [context menu](#).



3.6.2 Watch activity

To see current **File system activity**, **Mail server activity** and **Gateway server activity** in graph form, click **Tools > Watch activity**. At the bottom of the graph is a timeline that records file system activity in real-time based on the selected time span. Use the **Refresh rate** drop-down menu to change the frequency of updates.



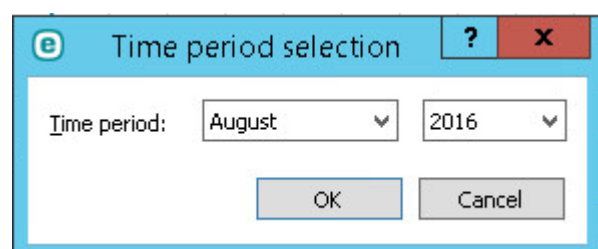
The following options are available:

- **1 second** - The graph refreshes every second and the timeline covers the last 10 minutes.
- **1 minute (last 24 hours)** - The graph is refreshed every minute and the timeline covers the last 24 hours.
- **1 hour (last month)** - The graph is refreshed every hour and the timeline covers the last month.
- **1 hour (selected month)** - The graph is refreshed every hour and the timeline covers the selected month. Click **Change month** button to make another selection.

The vertical axis of the **File system activity** graph represents the amount of read data (blue) and the amount of written data (red). Both values are given in kB (kilobytes)/MB/GB. If you mouse over either read data or written data in the legend below the graph, the graph will only display data for that activity type.

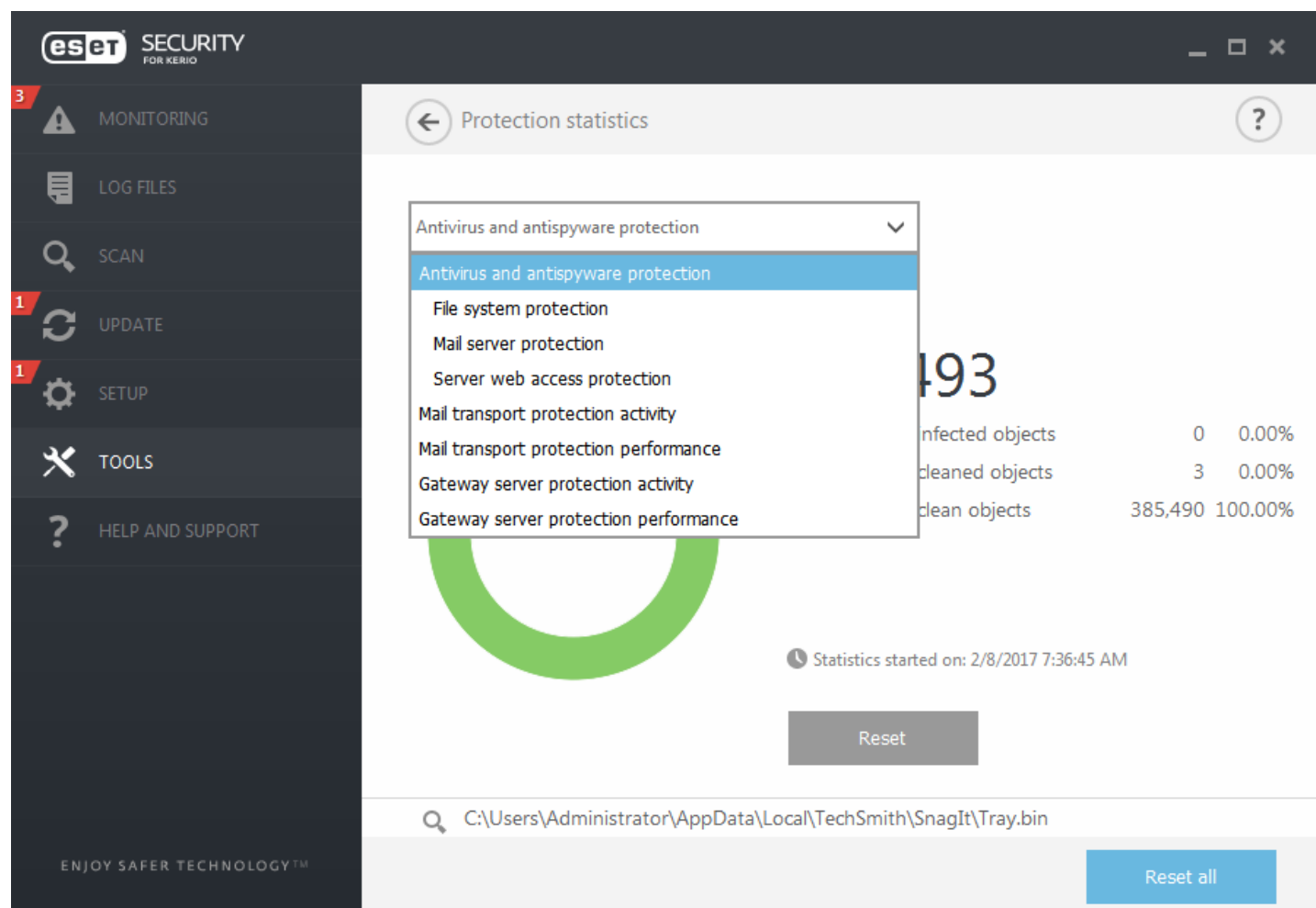
3.6.2.1 Time period selection

Select a month (and a year) for which you want to see **File system activity**, **Mail server activity** or **Gateway server activity** in the graph.



3.6.3 Protection statistics

To view a graph of statistical data related to protection modules in ESET Security for Kerio, click **Tools > Protection statistics**. Select the desired protection module from the drop-down menu to see the corresponding graph and legend. Mouse over an item in the legend to display data for that item in the graph.



The following statistic graphs are available:

- **Antivirus and antispyware protection** - Displays the overall number of infected and cleaned objects.
- **File system protection** - Displays objects that were read or written to the file system only.
- **Mail server protection** - Displays antivirus and antispyware mail server statistics.
- **Server web access protection** - Displays number of declined HTTP connections due to found threat.
- **Web access and Anti-Phishing protection** - Displays objects downloaded by web browsers only.
- **Mail transport protection activity** - Displays objects verified/blocked/deleted by the mail server.
- **Mail transport protection performance** - Displays data processed by SMTP task (object count, object size and scan time) for specific time period.
- **Gateway server protection activity** - Displays objects verified/blocked/deleted on the network traffic that flows through Kerio Control.
- **Gateway server protection performance** - Displays data processed by ESET Security for Kerio on the network traffic (object count, object size and scan time) for specific time period.

Next to the statistics graphs, you can see the number of all scanned, infected, cleaned and clean objects. Click **Reset** to clear statistics information, or click **Reset all** to clear and remove all existing data.

3.6.4 Cluster

The **ESET Cluster** is a P2P communication infrastructure of the ESET line of products for Microsoft Windows Server.

This infrastructure enables ESET server products to communicate with each other and exchange data such as configuration and notifications as well as synchronize data necessary for correct operation of a group of product instances. An example of such group is a group of nodes in a Windows Failover Cluster or Network Load Balancing (NLB) Cluster with ESET products installed where there is a need to have the same configuration of the product across the whole cluster. ESET Cluster ensures this consistency between instances.

i NOTE

[User interface](#) settings are not synchronized between ESET Cluster nodes.

The ESET Cluster status page is accessible from the main menu in **Tools > Cluster** when properly configured, the status page should look like this:

Name	State
WIN-JDLB8CEUR5	Online
W2012R2-NODE1	Online
W2012R2-NODE2	Online
W2012R2-NODE3	Online

To set up the ESET Cluster click **Cluster wizard...** For details on how to set the ESET Cluster up using the wizard click [here](#).

When setting up the ESET Cluster, there two ways to add nodes - automatically using existing Windows Failover Cluster / NLB Cluster or manually by browsing for computers that are in a Workgroup or in a Domain.

Autodetect - Automatically detects nodes that are already members of a Windows Failover Cluster / NLB Cluster and adds them to the ESET Cluster.

Browse - You can add nodes manually by typing in the server names (either members of the same Workgroup or members of the same Domain).

i NOTE

Servers don't have to be members of a Windows Failover Cluster / NLB Cluster to use the ESET Cluster feature. A Windows Failover Cluster or NLB Cluster is not required in your environment for you to use ESET Clusters.

Once you have added nodes to your ESET Cluster, the next step is the installation of ESET Security for Kerio on each node. This is done automatically during ESET Cluster setup.

Credentials that are required for remote installation of ESET Security for Kerio on other cluster nodes:

- **Domain scenario** - domain administrator credentials
- **Workgroup scenario** - you need to make sure that all nodes use the same local administrator account credentials

In an ESET Cluster, you can also use a combination of nodes added automatically as members of an existing Windows Failover Cluster / NLB Cluster and nodes added manually (provided they are in the same Domain).

i NOTE

It is not possible to combine domain nodes with workgroup nodes.

Another requirement for the use of an ESET Cluster is that **File and Printer Sharing** must be enabled in Windows Firewall before pushing ESET Security for Kerio solutions to ESET Cluster nodes.

ESET Clusters can be dismantled by clicking **Destroy cluster**. Each node will write a record in their event log about the ESET Cluster being destroyed. After that, all ESET firewall rules are removed from the Windows Firewall. Former nodes will be reverted to their previous state and can be used again in another ESET Cluster if necessary.

i NOTE

The creation of ESET Clusters between ESET Security for Kerio and ESET File Security for Linux is not supported.

Adding new nodes to an existing ESET Cluster can be done anytime by running the **Cluster wizard** as described above and [here](#).

3.6.4.1 Cluster wizard - page 1

The first step when setting up an ESET Cluster is adding nodes. You can either use the **Autodetect** option or **Browse** to add nodes. Alternatively, you can type the server name into the text box and click **Add**.

Autodetect automatically adds nodes from an existing Windows Failover Cluster / Network Load Balancing (NLB) Cluster. The server you are using to create the ESET Cluster from needs to be a member of this Windows Failover Cluster / NLB Cluster in order to automatically add the nodes. The NLB Cluster must have the **Allow remote control** feature enabled in cluster properties for the ESET Cluster to detect the nodes correctly. Once you have the list of newly added nodes, you can remove unwanted ones.

Click **Browse** to find and select computers within a Domain or a Workgroup. This method allows for the manual addition of nodes to the ESET Cluster. Another way to add nodes is by typing the host name of the server you want add and clicking **Add**.

Select nodes

?

Machine to add to the list of cluster nodes

Cluster nodes

W2012R2-NODE1
W2012R2-NODE2
W2012R2-NODE3
WIN-JDLB8CEUR5

Add

Remove

Remove all

Autodetect

Browse...

Next >

Cancel

To modify **Cluster nodes** in the list, select the node you want to remove and click **Remove**, or to clear the list completely click **Remove all**.

If you already have an existing ESET Cluster, you can add new nodes to it at any time. The steps are the same as described above.

i NOTE

All nodes that remain in the list must be online and reachable. Localhost is added into the cluster nodes by default.

3.6.4.2 Cluster wizard - page 2

Define a cluster name, certificate distribution mode and whether to install the product on the other nodes or not.

Cluster name and install type

Cluster name

clusterName

Listening port

9777

☒ Open port in Windows firewall

Certificate distribution

☒ Automatic remote

☐ Manual

Generate...

Product installation on other nodes

☒ Automatic remote

☐ Manual

☒ Push license to nodes without activated product

< Previous

Next >

Cancel

Cluster name - type your cluster name.

Listening port - (default port is 9777)

Open port in Windows firewall - when selected a rule is created in the Windows Firewall.

Certificate distribution:

Automatic remote - certificate will be installed automatically.

Manual - when you click **Generate** a browse window will open - select the folder in which to store certificates. A root certificate as well as a certificate for each node, including the one (local machine) from which you are setting up the ESET Cluster, will be created. You can then choose to enroll the certificate on the local machine by clicking **Yes**. You will later need to import certificates manually as described [here](#).

Product install to other nodes:

Automatic remote - ESET Security for Kerio will be installed automatically on each node (provided their operating systems are the same architecture).

Manual - choose this if you want to install ESET Security for Kerio manually (for example when you have different OS architectures on some of the nodes).

Push license to nodes without activated product - select this to have ESET Security automatically activate ESET Solutions installed on nodes without licenses.

i NOTE

If you want to create an ESET Cluster with mixed operating system architectures (32 bit and 64 bit), then you will need to install ESET Security for Kerio manually. Operation systems in use will be detected during next steps and you'll see this information in the log window.

3.6.4.3 Cluster wizard - page 3

After specifying installation details a node check is run. The following information will be displayed in the **Nodes check log**:

- verify that all existing nodes are online
- verify that new nodes are accessible
- node is online
- admin share is accessible
- remote execution is possible
- correct product versions (or no product) are installed
- verify that the new certificates are present

Nodes check

Node check log

[4:26:23 PM] Node check started
[4:26:23 PM] PING test:
[4:26:23 PM] OK
[4:26:23 PM] Administration share access test:
[4:26:23 PM] OK
[4:26:23 PM] Service manager access test:
[4:26:23 PM] 25% (W2012R2-NODE2)...

^

v

Abort

< Previous

Next >

Cancel

50

You will see the report once the node check is finished:

Nodes check

Node check log

[4:37:36 PM] Node check started
[4:37:36 PM] PING test:
[4:37:36 PM] OK
[4:37:36 PM] Administration share access test:
[4:37:37 PM] OK
[4:37:37 PM] Service manager access test:
[4:38:22 PM] OK
[4:38:22 PM] Checking installed product version and features:
[4:38:22 PM] W2012R2-NODE1: Install will be performed.
[4:38:22 PM] W2012R2-NODE2: Install will be performed.
[4:38:22 PM] W2012R2-NODE3: Install will be performed.
[4:38:24 PM] OK

Check

< Previous

Next >

Cancel

3.6.4.4 Cluster wizard - page 4

When installing to a remote machine during ESET Cluster initialization, the wizard will attempt to locate the installer in the directory `%ProgramData\ESET\<Product_name>\Installer`. If the installer package is not found there, you will be asked to locate the installer file.

Nodes install and cluster activation

Product install log

Press the Install button to begin the cluster install process.

Install

< Previous

Finish

Cancel

i NOTE

When trying to use automatic remote installation for a node with different architecture (32-bit vs 64-bit), this will be detected and you will be prompted to perform manual installation.

NOTE

If an older version of ESET Security for Kerio is already installed on some nodes, you will be notified that the latest version is required on these machines. Updating ESET Security for Kerio may cause an automatic restart.

Nodes install and cluster activation



Product install log

Install

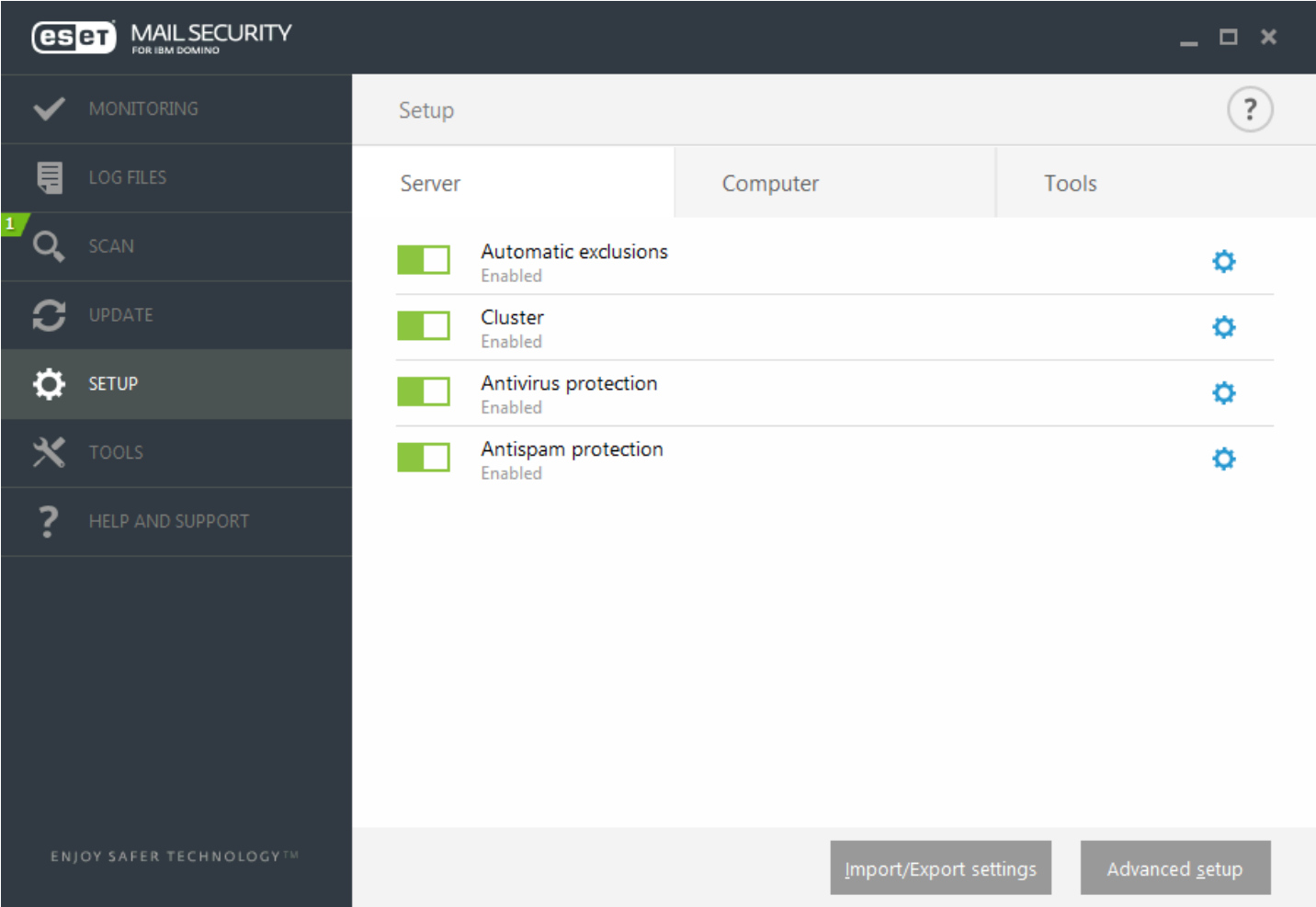
[4:53:08 PM] Generating certificates for cluster nodes...
[4:53:11 PM] All certificates created.
[4:53:11 PM] Copying files to remote machines:
[4:53:12 PM] All files have been copied to remote machines.
[4:53:12 PM] Installing product:
[4:53:36 PM] ESET solutions are installed on all remote machines.
[4:53:37 PM] Enrolling certificates:
[4:53:42 PM] All certificates have been enrolled to remote machines.
[4:53:42 PM] Activating cluster feature:
[4:53:48 PM] Cluster feature has been activated on all machines.
[4:53:48 PM] Pushing license to the nodes:
[4:53:49 PM] License has been successfully pushed to the nodes.
[4:53:49 PM] Synchronizing settings:
[4:53:52 PM] Settings have been synchronized.

< Previous

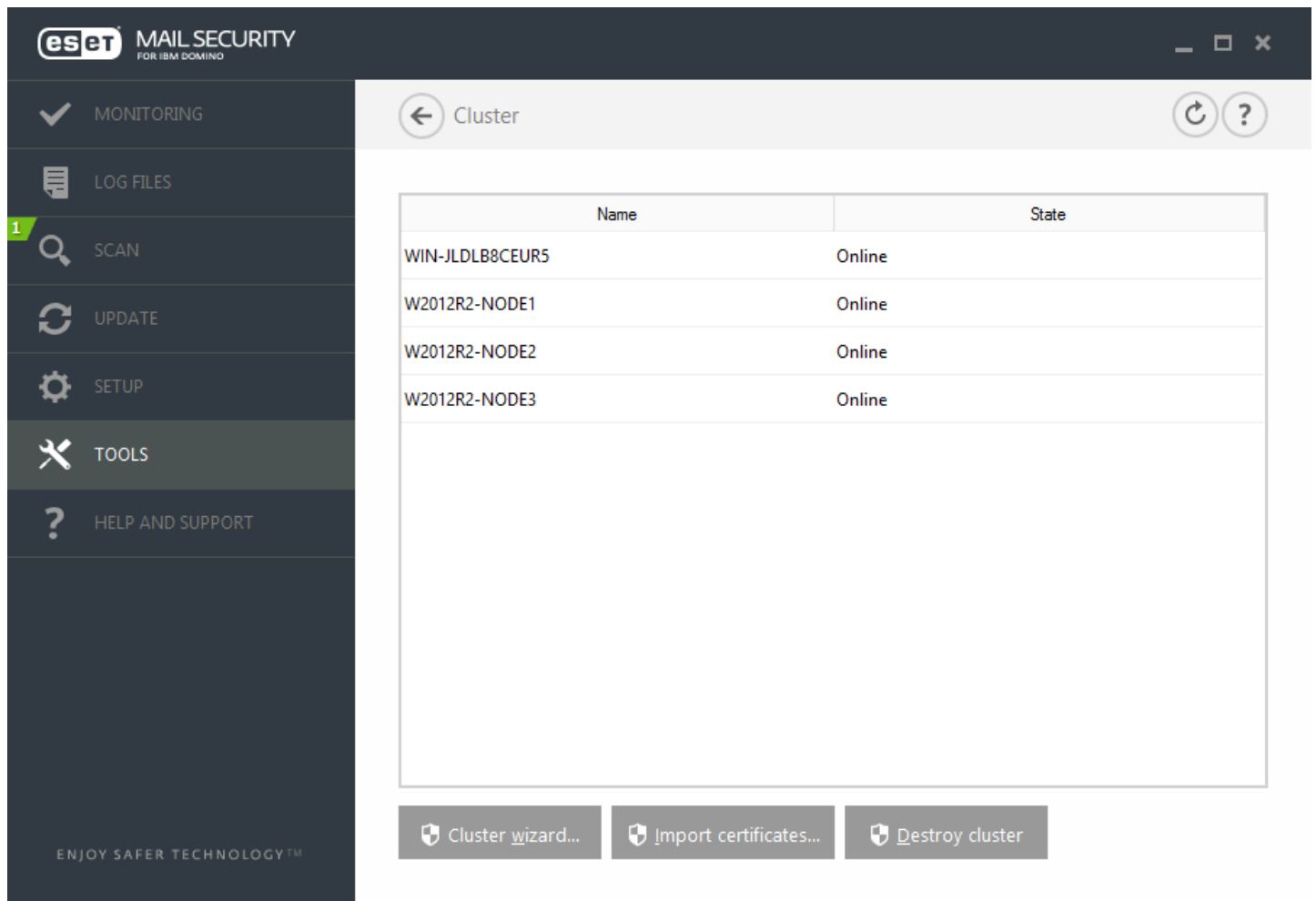
Finish

Cancel

Once you have correctly configured the ESET Cluster, it will appear in **Setup > Server** page as enabled.



Additionally, you can check its current status from the Cluster status page (**Tools > Cluster**).



Import certificates - Navigate to the folder that contains the certificates (generated during the use of [Cluster wizard](#)). Select the certificate file and click **Open**.

3.6.5 ESET Shell

eShell (short for ESET Shell) is a command line interface for ESET Security for Kerio. It is an alternative to the graphical user interface (GUI). eShell includes all the features and options that the GUI normally gives you. eShell lets you configure and administer the whole program without the use of the GUI.

Apart from all the functions and features that are available in the GUI, it also provides you with the option of using automation by running scripts in order to configure, modify configuration or perform an action. Also, eShell can be useful for those who prefer to use the command line over the GUI.

There are two modes in which eShell can be run:

- **Interactive mode** - this is useful when you want to work with eShell (not just execute a single command) for tasks such as changing configuration, viewing logs, etc. You can use interactive mode if you are not familiar with all the commands yet. Interactive mode will make it easier for you when navigating through eShell. It also shows you available commands you can use within a particular context.
- **Single command / Batch mode** - you can use this mode if you only need to execute a command without entering the interactive mode of eShell. This can be done from the Windows Command Prompt by typing in `eshell` with the appropriate parameters. For example:

```
eshell get status Or eshell set antivirus status disabled
```

In order to run certain commands (such as the second example above) in batch/script mode, there are a couple of settings that you need to [configure](#) first. Otherwise, you'll get an **Access Denied** message. This is for security reasons.

i NOTE

For full functionality we recommend you to open the eShell using **Run as administrator**. The same applies when executing a single command via Windows Command Prompt (cmd). Open the prompt using **Run as administrator**. Failing to run the command prompt as Administrator will stop you from running commands due to lack of permissions.

i NOTE

Settings changes are required to allow the use of eShell commands from a Windows Command Prompt. For further information about running batch files click [here](#).

There are two ways to enter interactive mode in eShell:

- Via Windows Start menu: **Start > All Programs > ESET > ESET Security > ESET Shell**
- From Windows Command Prompt by typing in `eshell` and pressing the **Enter** key

! IMPORTANT

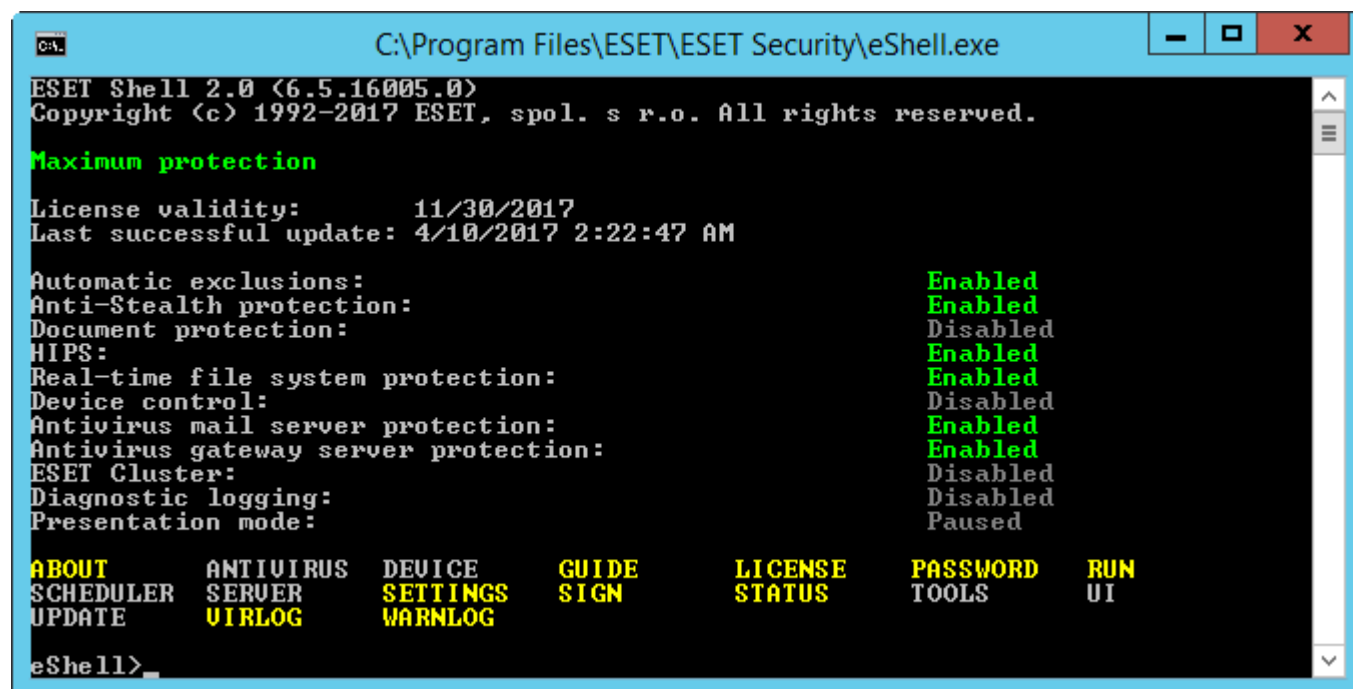
If you get an error '`eshell`' is not recognized as an internal or external command, this is due to new Environment Variables not being loaded by your system after the installation of ESET Security for Kerio. You can open new Command Prompt and try starting eShell again. If you are still getting an error or have [Core installation](#) of ESET Security for Kerio, start eShell using absolute path, for example "`%PROGRAMFILES%\ESET\ESET Security\eshell.exe`" (you must use `"` in order for the command to work).

When you run eShell in interactive mode for the first time, a first run (guide) screen will display.

i NOTE

If you want to display the first run screen in future, type in `guide` command. It shows you some basic examples how to use eShell with Syntax, Prefix, Command path, Abbreviated forms, Aliases, etc.

Next time you run eShell, you'll see this screen:



```
C:\Program Files\ESET\ESET Security\eshell.exe
ESET Shell 2.0 (6.5.16005.0)
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Maximum protection

License validity:      11/30/2017
Last successful update: 4/10/2017 2:22:47 AM

Automatic exclusions:      Enabled
Anti-Stealth protection:   Enabled
Document protection:       Disabled
HIPS:                      Enabled
Real-time file system protection: Enabled
Device control:            Disabled
Antivirus mail server protection: Enabled
Antivirus gateway server protection: Enabled
ESET Cluster:              Disabled
Diagnostic logging:        Disabled
Presentation mode:         Paused

ABOUT    ANTI VIRUS    DEVICE    GUIDE    LICENSE    PASSWORD    RUN
SCHEDULER SERVER    SETTINGS SIGN    STATUS    TOOLS      UI
UPDATE    VIRLOG    WARNLOG

eShell>
```

i NOTE

Commands are not case sensitive. You can use upper case (capital) or lower case letters and the command will execute regardless.

Customizing eShell

You can customize eShell in `ui eshell` context. You can configure aliases, colors, language, execution policy for [scripts](#), settings for hidden commands and more.

3.6.5.1 Usage

Syntax

Commands must be formatted in the correct syntax to function and can be composed of a prefix, context, arguments, options, etc. This is the general syntax used throughout eShell:

[<prefix>] [<command path>] <command> [<arguments>]

Example (this activates document protection):

```
SET ANTIVIRUS DOCUMENT STATUS ENABLED
```

SET - a prefix

ANTIVIRUS DOCUMENT - path to a particular command, a context where this command belongs

STATUS - the command itself

ENABLED - an argument for the command

Using `?` as an argument for command will display the syntax for that particular command. For example, `STATUS ?` will show you the syntax for `STATUS` command:

SYNTAX:

```
[get] | status
set status enabled | disabled
```

You may notice that `[get]` is in brackets. It designates that the prefix `get` is default for the `status` command. This means that when you execute `status` without specifying any prefix, it will actually use the default prefix (in this case `get status`). Using commands without a prefix saves time when typing. Usually `get` is the default prefix for most commands, but you need to be sure what the default prefix is for a particular command and that it is exactly what you want to execute.

NOTE

Commands are not case sensitive, you can use upper case (capital) or lower case letters and the command will execute regardless.

Prefix / Operation

A prefix is an operation. The `GET` prefix will give you information about how a certain feature of ESET Security for Kerio is configured or show you the status (such as `GET ANTIVIRUS STATUS` will show you current protection status). The `SET` prefix will configure functionality or change its status (`SET ANTIVIRUS STATUS ENABLED` will activate protection).

These are the prefixes that eShell lets you use. A command may or may not support any of the prefixes:

```
GET - returns current setting/status
SET - sets value/status
SELECT - selects an item
ADD - adds an item
REMOVE - removes an item
CLEAR - removes all items/files
START - starts an action
STOP - stops an action
PAUSE - pauses an action
RESUME - resumes an action
RESTORE - restores default settings/object/file
SEND - sends an object/file
IMPORT - imports from a file
EXPORT - exports to a file
```

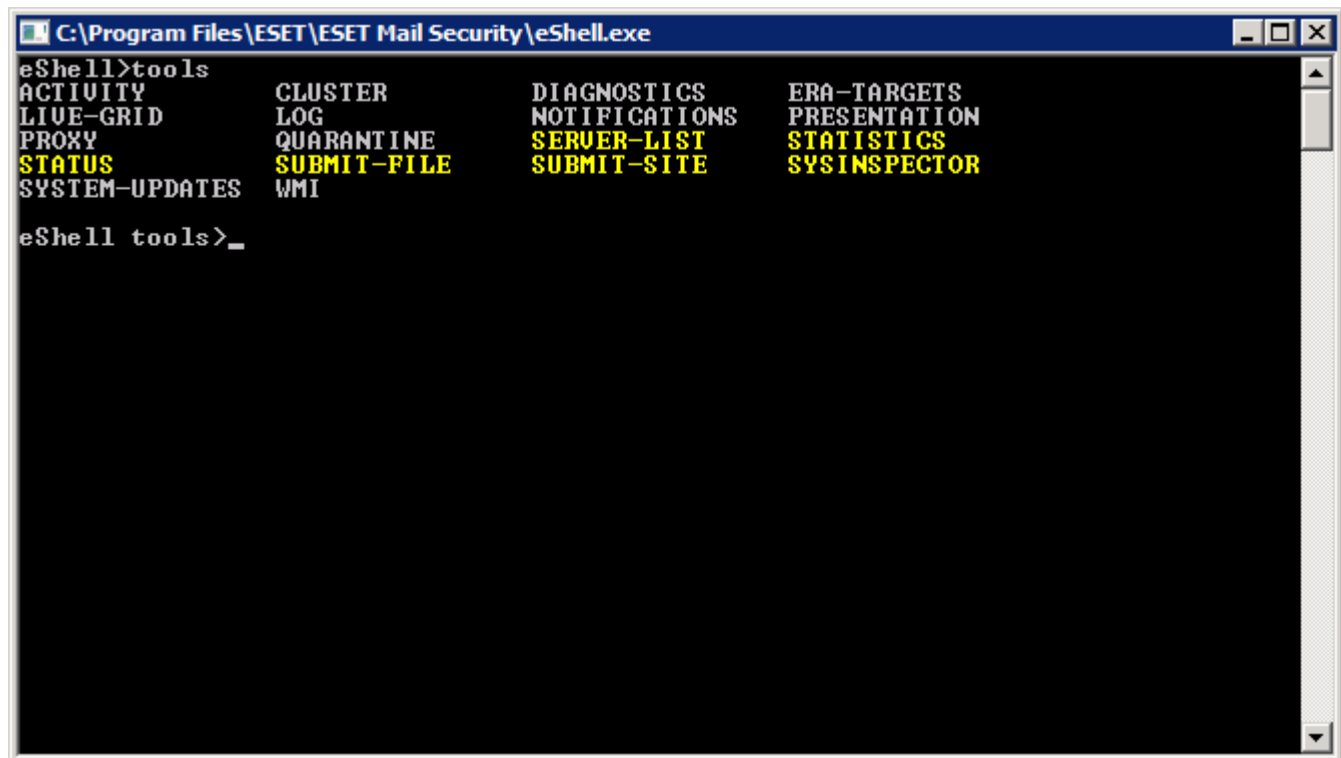
Prefixes such as `GET` and `SET` are used with many commands, but some commands (such as `EXIT`) do not use a prefix.

Command path / Context

Commands are placed in contexts which form a tree structure. The top level of the tree is root. When you run eShell, you are at the root level:

```
eShell>
```

You can either execute a command from here, or enter the context name to navigate within the tree. For example, when you enter `TOOLS` context, it will list all commands and sub-contexts that are available from here.



Yellow items are commands you can execute and grey items are sub-contexts you can enter. A sub-context contains further commands.

If you need to return back to a higher level, use `..` (two dots). For example, say you are here:

```
eShell antivirus startup>
```

type `..` to go up one level, to:

```
eShell antivirus>
```

If you want to get back to root from `eShell antivirus startup>` (which is two levels lower than root), simply type `.. ..` (two dots and two dots separated by space). By doing so, you will get two levels up, which is root in this case. Use backslash `\` to return directly to root from any level no matter how deep within the context tree you are. If you want to get to a particular context in upper levels, simply use the appropriate number of `..` commands to get to the desired level, using space as a separator. For example, if you want to get three levels higher, use `.. .. .`.

The path is relative to the current context. If the command is contained in the current context, do not enter a path. For example, to execute `GET ANTIVIRUS STATUS` enter:

```
GET ANTIVIRUS STATUS - if you are in the root context (command line shows eShell>)
GET STATUS - if you are in the context ANTIVIRUS (command line shows eShell antivirus>)
.. GET STATUS - if you are in the context ANTIVIRUS STARTUP (command line shows eShell antivirus startup>)
```

i NOTE

You can use single `.` (dot) instead of two `..` because single dot is an abbreviation of two dots. For example:

```
. GET STATUS - if you are in the context ANTIVIRUS STARTUP (command line shows eShell antivirus startup>)
```

Argument

An argument is an action which is performed for a particular command. For example, command `CLEAN-LEVEL` (located in `ANTIVIRUS REALTIME ENGINE`) can be used with following arguments:

`no` - No cleaning

```
normal - Normal cleaning
strict - Strict cleaning
```

Another example are the arguments `ENABLED` or `DISABLED`, which are used to enable or disable a certain feature or functionality.

Abbreviated form / Shortened commands

eShell allows you to shorten contexts, commands and arguments (provided the argument is a switch or an alternative option). It is not possible to shorten a prefix or argument that are concrete values such as a number, name or path.

i NOTE

You can use numbers 1 and 0 instead of `enabled` and `disabled` arguments. For example:

```
set status enabled    =>    set stat 1
set status disabled   =>    set stat 0
```

Examples of the short form:

```
set status enabled    =>    set stat en
add antivirus common scanner-excludes C:\path\file.ext    =>    add ant com scann C:\path\file.ext
```

In a case where two commands or contexts start with the same letters (such as `ABOUT` and `ANTIVIRUS`, and you enter `A` as shortened command), eShell will not be able to decide which command of these two you want to run. An error message will display and list commands starting with "A" which you can choose from:

```
eShell>a
The following command is not unique: a
```

The following commands are available in this context:

```
ABOUT - Shows information about program
ANTIVIRUS - Changes to context antivirus
```

By adding one or more letters (for example, `AB` instead of just `A`) eShell will execute `ABOUT` command since it is unique now.

i NOTE

When you want to be sure that a command executes the way you need, we recommend that you do not abbreviate commands, arguments, etc. and use the full form. This way it will execute exactly as you need and prevent unwanted mistakes. This is especially true for batch files / scripts.

Automatic completion

This new feature introduced in eShell 2.0 eShell is very similar to automatic completion in Windows Command Prompt. While Windows Command Prompt completes file paths, eShell completes commands, context and operation names. Argument completion is not supported. When typing command simply, press **Tab** to complete or cycle through available variations. Press **Shift + Tab** to cycle backwards. Mixing abbreviated form and automatic completion is not supported. Use either one or the other. For example, when you type `antivir real scan` hitting **Tab** will do nothing. Instead, type `antivir` and then **Tab** to complete `antivirus`, continue typing `real` + **Tab** and `scan` + **Tab**. You can then cycle through all available variations: `scan-create`, `scan-execute`, `scan-open`, etc.

Aliases

An alias is an alternative name which can be used to execute a command (provided that the command has an alias assigned). There are a few default aliases:

```
(global) close - exit
(global) quit - exit
(global) bye - exit
warnlog - tools log events
virlog - tools log detections
antivirus on-demand log - tools log scans
```

"(global)" means that the command can be used anywhere regardless of current context. One command can have

multiple aliases assigned, for example the command `EXIT` has aliases `CLOSE`, `QUIT` and `BYE`. When you want to exit eShell, you can use the `EXIT` command itself or any of its aliases. The alias `VIRLOG` is an alias for the command `DETECTIONS` which is located in the `TOOLS LOG` context. This way the `dections` command is available from the `ROOT` context, making it easier to access (you don't have to enter `TOOLS` and then `LOG` context and run it directly from `ROOT`).

eShell allows you to define your own aliases. Command `ALIAS` can be found in `UI ESHELL` context.

Password protected settings

ESET Security for Kerio settings can be protected by a password. You can set a [password using GUI](#) or eShell using the `set ui access lock-password`. You'll then have to enter this password interactively for certain commands (such as those that change settings or modify data). If you plan to work with eShell for a longer period of time and do not want to enter the password repeatedly, you can get eShell to remember the password using the `set password` command. Your password will then be filled-in automatically for each executed command that requires a password. It is remembered until you exit eShell, this means that you'll need to use `set password` again when you start a new session and want eShell to remember your password.

Guide / Help

When you run the `GUIDE` or `HELP` command, it will display a "first run" screen explaining how to use eShell. This command is available from the `ROOT` context (`eShell>`).

Command history

eShell keeps a history of previously executed commands. This applies only to the current eShell interactive session. Once you exit eShell, the command history will be dropped. Use the Up and Down arrow keys on your keyboard to navigate through the history. Once you find the command you were looking for, you can execute it again, or modify it without having to type in the entire command from the beginning.

CLS / Clear screen

The `CLS` command can be used to clear the screen. It works the same way as it does with Windows Command Prompt or similar command line interfaces.

EXIT / CLOSE / QUIT / BYE

To close or exit eShell, you can use any of these commands (`EXIT`, `CLOSE`, `QUIT` or `BYE`).

3.6.5.2 Commands

This section lists a few basic eShell commands with descriptions.

NOTE

Commands are not case sensitive, you can use uppercase (capital) or lowercase letters and the command will execute regardless.

Example commands (contained within the `ROOT` context):

ABOUT

Lists information about the program. It shows information such as:

- Name of your ESET security product installed and its version number.
- Operating system and basic hardware details.
- Username (including domain), Full computer name (FQDN, if your server is a member of a domain) and Seat name.
- Installed components of your ESET security product, including version number of each component.

CONTEXT PATH:

```
root
```

PASSWORD

Normally, to execute password-protected commands, you are prompted to type in a password for security reasons. This applies to commands such as those that disable antivirus protection and those that may affect ESET Security for Kerio configuration. You will be prompted for a password every time you execute such a command. You can define this password in order to avoid entering a password every time. It will be remembered by eShell and automatically entered when a password-protected command is executed.

NOTE

Your password only works for the current eShell interactive session. Once you exit eShell, this defined password will be dropped. When you start eShell again, the password needs to be defined again.

Defined password can also be used when running unsigned batch files or scripts. Make sure to set [ESET Shell execution policy](#) to **Full access** when running unsigned batch files. Here is an example of such a batch file:

```
eshell set password plain <yourpassword> "&" set status disabled
```

This concatenated command above defines a password and disables protection.

IMPORTANT

We recommend you to use signed batch files whenever possible. This way, you'll avoid having plain text passwords in the batch file (if using the method described above). See [Batch files / Scripting](#) (Signed batch files section) for more details.

CONTEXT PATH:

```
root
```

SYNTAX:

```
[get] | restore password  
  
set password [plain <password>]
```

OPERATIONS:

```
get - Show password  
  
set - Set or clear password  
  
restore - Clear password
```

ARGUMENTS:

```
plain - Switch to enter password as parameter  
  
password - Password
```

EXAMPLES:

```
set password plain <yourpassword> - Sets a password which will be used for password-protected commands  
  
restore password - Clears password
```

EXAMPLES:

`get password` - Use this to see whether the password is configured or not (this only shows asterisks "*", it does not list the password itself), when no asterisks are visible, it means that there is no password set

```
set password plain <yourpassword> - Use this to set a defined password
```

```
restore password - This command clears the defined password
```

STATUS

Shows information about the current protection status of ESET Security for Kerio (similar to GUI).

CONTEXT PATH:

root

SYNTAX:

```
[get] | restore status  
  
set status disabled | enabled
```

OPERATIONS:

get - Show antivirus protection status

set - Disable/Enable antivirus protection

restore - Restores default settings

ARGUMENTS:

disabled - Disable antivirus protection

enabled - Enable antivirus protection

EXAMPLES:

get status - Shows current protection status

set status disabled - Disables protection

restore status - Restores protection to default setting (Enabled)

VIRLOG

This is an alias of the `DETECTIONS` command. It is useful when you need to view information about detected infiltrations.

WARNLOG

This is an alias of the `EVENTS` command. It is useful when you need to view information about various events.

3.6.5.3 Batch files / Scripting

You can use eShell as a powerful scripting tool for automation. To use a batch file with eShell, create one with an eShell and command in it. For example:

```
eshell get antivirus status
```

You can also chain commands, which is sometimes necessary, for instance if you want to type a particular scheduled task, enter the following:

```
eshell select scheduler task 4 "&" get scheduler action
```

Item selection (task number 4 in this case) usually applies only to a currently running instance of eShell. If you were to run these two commands one after the other, the second command would fail with the error "No task selected or selected task no longer exists".

For security reasons, the [execution policy](#) is set to **Limited Scripting** by default. This allows you to use eShell as a monitoring tool, but it won't let you make configuration changes to ESET Security for Kerio by running a script. If you try executing a script with commands that can affect security, for example, by disabling protection, an **Access Denied** message will be displayed. We recommend that you use signed batch files to execute commands that make configuration changes.

To change configuration using a single command entered manually in the Windows Command Prompt, you must grant eShell full access (not recommended). To grant full access, use `ui eshell shell-execution-policy` in the Interactive mode of eShell itself, or via GUI in **Advanced Setup > User interface > [ESET Shell](#)**.

Signed batch files

eShell allows you to secure common batch files (*.bat) with a signature. Scripts are signed with the same password

that is used for settings protection. In order to sign a script you need to enable [settings protection](#) first. This can be done via the GUI, or from within eShell using `set ui access lock-password` command. Once the settings protection password is set up you can start signing batch files.

To sign a batch file, run `sign <script.bat>` from the root context of eShell, where *script.bat* is the path to the script you want to sign. Enter and confirm the password that will be used for signing. This password must match your settings protection password. A signature is placed at the end of the batch file in the form of a comment. If this script has already been signed, the signature will be replaced with a new one.

i NOTE

When you modify a previously signed batch file, it must be signed again.

i NOTE

If you change your [settings protection](#) password, you must sign all scripts again, otherwise the scripts will fail to execute the following the password change. The password entered when signing a script must match the settings protection password on the target system.

To execute a signed batch file from a Windows Command Prompt or as a scheduled task, use following command:

```
eshell run <script.bat>
```

Where *script.bat* is the path to the batch file. For example `eshell run d:\myeshellscript.bat`

3.6.6 ESET SysInspector

[ESET SysInspector](#) is an application that thoroughly inspects your computer and gathers detailed information about system components such as installed drivers and applications, network connections or important registry entries and assesses the risk level of each component. This information can help determine the cause of suspicious system behavior that may be due to software or hardware incompatibility or malware infection.

The ESET SysInspector window displays the following information about created logs:

- **Time** - The time of log creation.
- **Comment** - A short comment.
- **User** - The name of the user who created the log.
- **Status** - The status of log creation.

The following actions are available:

- **Open** - Opens the created log. You can also right-click a log and select **Show** from the context menu.
- **Compare** - Compares two existing logs.
- **Create** - Creates a new log. Please wait until the ESET SysInspector log is complete (**Status** will be shown as Created).
- **Delete** - Removes selected logs from the list.

After right-clicking one or more selected logs, the following options are available from the context menu:

- **Show** - Opens the selected log in ESET SysInspector (same function as double-clicking a log).
- **Compare** - Compares two existing logs.
- **Create** - Creates a new log. Please wait until the ESET SysInspector log is complete (**Status** shown as Created).
- **Delete** - Removes selected logs from the list.
- **Delete all** - Deletes all logs.
- **Export** - Exports the log to an *.xml* file or zipped *.xml*.

3.6.6.1 Create a computer status snapshot

Enter a short comment describing the log to be created and click the **Add** button. Please wait until the ESET SysInspector log is complete (status will be shown as **Created**). Log creation may take some time depending on your hardware configuration and system data.

3.6.6.2 ESET SysInspector

3.6.6.2.1 Introduction to ESET SysInspector

ESET SysInspector is an application that thoroughly inspects your computer and displays gathered data in a comprehensive way. Information like installed drivers and applications, network connections or important registry entries can help you to investigate suspicious system behavior be it due to software or hardware incompatibility or malware infection.

You can access ESET SysInspector two ways: From the integrated version in ESET Security solutions or by downloading the standalone version (SysInspector.exe) for free from ESET's website. Both versions are identical in function and have the same program controls. The only difference is how outputs are managed. The standalone and integrated versions each allow you to export system snapshots to an *.xml* file and save them to disk. However, the integrated version also allows you to store your system snapshots directly in **Tools > ESET SysInspector** (except ESET Remote Administrator).

Please allow some time while ESET SysInspector scans your computer. It may take anywhere from 10 seconds up to a few minutes depending on your hardware configuration, operating system and the number of applications installed on your computer.

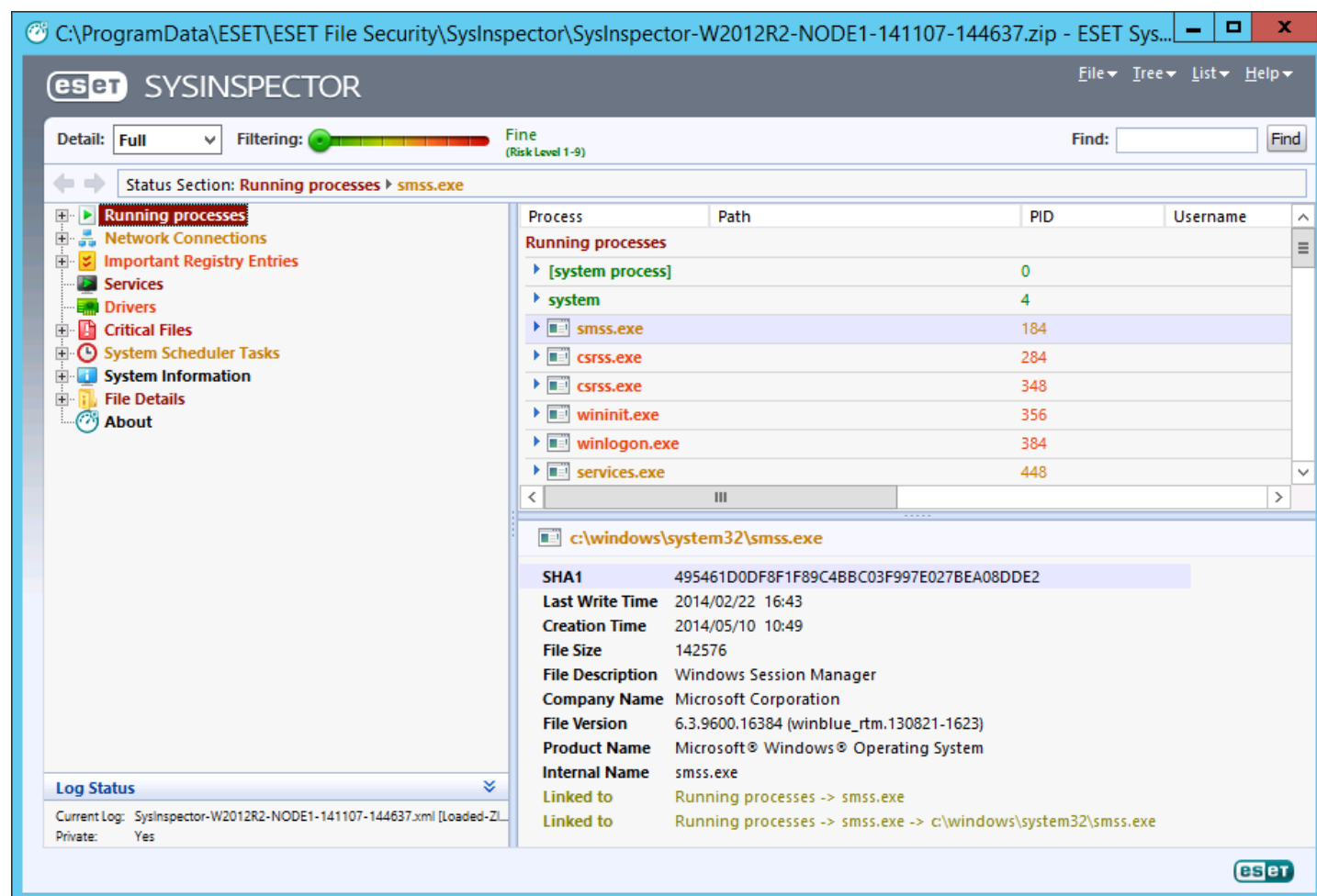
3.6.6.2.1.1 Starting ESET SysInspector

To start ESET SysInspector, simply run the *SysInspector.exe* executable you downloaded from ESET's website.

Please wait while the application inspects your system, which could take up to several minutes.

3.6.6.2.2 User Interface and application usage

For clarity the main program window is divided into four major sections – Program Controls located on the top of the main program window, Navigation window to the left, the Description window to the right and the Details window at the bottom of the main program window. The Log Status section lists the basic parameters of a log (filter used, filter type, is the log a result of a comparison etc.).



3.6.6.2.2.1 Program Controls

This section contains the description of all program controls available in ESET SysInspector.

File

By clicking **File** you can store your current system status for later investigation or open a previously stored log. For publishing purposes we recommend that you generate a log **Suitable for sending**. In this form, the log omits sensitive information (current user name, computer name, domain name, current user privileges, environment variables, etc.).

NOTE: You may open previously stored ESET SysInspector reports by dragging and dropping them into the main program window.

Tree

Enables you to expand or close all nodes and export selected sections to Service script.

List

Contains functions for easier navigation within the program and various other functions like finding information online.

Help

Contains information about the application and its functions.

Detail

This setting influences the information displayed in the main program window to make the information easier to work with. In "Basic" mode, you have access to information used to find solutions for common problems in your system. In the "Medium" mode, the program displays less used details. In "Full" mode, ESET SysInspector displays all the information needed to solve very specific problems.

Filtering

Item filtering is best used to find suspicious files or registry entries in your system. By adjusting the slider, you can filter items by their Risk Level. If the slider is set all the way to the left (Risk Level 1), then all items are displayed. By moving the slider to the right, the program filters out all items less risky than current risk level and only display items which are more suspicious than the displayed level. With the slider all the way to the right, the program displays only known harmful items.

All items labeled as risk 6 to 9 can pose a security risk. If you are not using a security solution from ESET, we recommend that you scan your system with [ESET Online Scanner](#) if ESET SysInspector has found any such item. ESET Online Scanner is a free service.

NOTE: The Risk level of an item can be quickly determined by comparing the color of the item with the color on the **Risk Level** slider.

Compare

When comparing two logs, you can choose to display all items, display only added items, display only removed items or to display only replaced items.

Find

Search can be used to quickly find a specific item by its name or part of its name. The results of the search request are displayed in the Description window.

Return



By clicking the back or forward arrows, you can return to previously displayed information in the Description window. You can use the backspace and space keys instead of clicking back and forward.

Status section

Displays the current node in Navigation window.

Important: Items highlighted in red are unknown, which is why the program marks them as potentially dangerous. If an item is in red, it does not automatically mean that you can delete the file. Before deleting, please make sure that files are really dangerous or unnecessary.

3.6.6.2.2 Navigating in ESET SysInspector

ESET SysInspector divides various types of information into several basic sections called nodes. If available, you may find additional details by expanding each node into its subnodes. To open or collapse a node, double-click the name of the node or click  or  next to the name of the node. As you browse through the tree structure of nodes and subnodes in the Navigation window you may find various details for each node shown in the Description window. If you browse through items in the Description window, additional details for each item may be displayed in the Details window.

The following are the descriptions of the main nodes in the Navigation window and related information in the Description and Details windows.

Running processes

This node contains information about applications and processes running at the time of generating the log. In the Description window you may find additional details for each process such as dynamic libraries used by the process and their location in the system, the name of the application's vendor and the risk level of the file.

The Detail window contains additional information for items selected in the Description window such as the file size or its hash.

NOTE: An operating system is comprised of several important kernel components running constantly that provide basic and vital functions for other user applications. In certain cases, such processes are displayed in the tool ESET SysInspector with file path beginning with \??\. Those symbols provide pre-launch optimization for those processes; they are safe for the system.

Network Connections

The Description window contains a list of processes and applications communicating over the network using the protocol selected in the Navigation window (TCP or UDP) along with the remote address where to which the application is connected to. You can also check the IP addresses of DNS servers.

The Detail window contains additional information for items selected in the Description window such as the file size or its hash.

Important Registry Entries

Contains a list of selected registry entries which are often related to various problems with your system like those specifying startup programs, browser helper objects (BHO), etc.

In the Description window you may find which files are related to specific registry entries. You may see additional details in the Details window.

Services

The Description window Contains a list of files registered as windows Services. You may check the way the service is set to start along with specific details of the file in the Details window.

Drivers

A list of drivers installed in the system.

Critical Files

The Description window displays content of critical files related to the Microsoft windows operating system.

System Scheduler Tasks

Contains a list of tasks triggered by Windows Task Scheduler at a specified time/interval.

System Information

Contains detailed information about hardware and software along with information about set environmental variables, user rights and system event logs.

File Details

A list of important system files and files in the Program Files folder. Additional information specific for the files can be found in the Description and Details windows.

About

Information about version of ESET SysInspector and the list of program modules.

Key shortcuts that can be used when working with the ESET SysInspector include:

File

Ctrl+O	opens existing log
Ctrl+S	saves created logs

Generate

Ctrl+G	generates a standard computer status snapshot
Ctrl+H	generates a computer status snapshot that may also log sensitive information

Item Filtering

1, O	fine, risk level 1-9 items are displayed
2	fine, risk level 2-9 items are displayed
3	fine, risk level 3-9 items are displayed
4, U	unknown, risk level 4-9 items are displayed
5	unknown, risk level 5-9 items are displayed
6	unknown, risk level 6-9 items are displayed
7, B	risky, risk level 7-9 items are displayed
8	risky, risk level 8-9 items are displayed
9	risky, risk level 9 items are displayed
-	decreases risk level
+	increases risk level
Ctrl+9	filtering mode, equal level or higher
Ctrl+0	filtering mode, equal level only

View

Ctrl+5	view by vendor, all vendors
Ctrl+6	view by vendor, only Microsoft
Ctrl+7	view by vendor, all other vendors
Ctrl+3	displays full detail
Ctrl+2	displays medium detail
Ctrl+1	basic display
BackSpace	moves one step back
Space	moves one step forward
Ctrl+W	expands tree
Ctrl+Q	collapses tree

Other controls

Ctrl+T	goes to the original location of item after selecting in search results
Ctrl+P	displays basic information about an item
Ctrl+A	displays full information about an item
Ctrl+C	copies the current item's tree
Ctrl+X	copies items
Ctrl+B	finds information about selected files on the Internet
Ctrl+L	opens the folder where the selected file is located
Ctrl+R	opens the corresponding entry in the registry editor
Ctrl+Z	copies a path to a file (if the item is related to a file)
Ctrl+F	switches to the search field
Ctrl+D	closes search results
Ctrl+E	run service script

Comparing

Ctrl+Alt+O	opens original / comparative log
Ctrl+Alt+R	cancels comparison
Ctrl+Alt+1	displays all items

Ctrl+Alt+2	displays only added items, log will show items present in current log
Ctrl+Alt+3	displays only removed items, log will show items present in previous log
Ctrl+Alt+4	displays only replaced items (files inclusive)
Ctrl+Alt+5	displays only differences between logs
Ctrl+Alt+C	displays comparison
Ctrl+Alt+N	displays current log
Ctrl+Alt+P	opens previous log

Miscellaneous

F1	view help
Alt+F4	close program
Alt+Shift+F4	close program without asking
Ctrl+I	log statistics

3.6.6.2.2.3 Compare

The Compare feature allows the user to compare two existing logs. The outcome of this feature is a set of items not common to both logs. It is suitable if you want to keep track of changes in the system, a helpful tool for detecting malicious code.







After it is launched, the application creates a new log which is displayed in a new window. Click **File > Save log** to save a log to a file. Log files can be opened and viewed at a later time. To open an existing log, click **File > Open log**. In the main program window, ESET SysInspector always displays one log at a time.

The benefit of comparing two logs is that you can view a currently active log and a log saved in a file. To compare logs, click **File > Compare log** and choose **Select file**. The selected log will be compared to the active one in the main program windows. The comparative log will display only the differences between those two logs.








NOTE: If you compare two log files, click **File > Save log** to save it as a ZIP file; both files will be saved. If you open this file later, the contained logs are automatically compared.

Next to the displayed items, ESET SysInspector shows symbols identifying differences between the compared logs.

Description of all symbols that can be displayed next to items:

- + new value, not present in the previous log
-  tree structure section contains new values
- - removed value, present in the previous log only
-  tree structure section contains removed values
-  value / file has been changed
-  tree structure section contains modified values / files
-  the risk level has decreased / it was higher in the previous log
-  the risk level has increased / it was lower in the previous log

The explanation section displayed in the left bottom corner describes all symbols and also displays the names of logs which are being compared.

Log Status	
Current Log: [Generated]	
Previous Log: SysInspector-LOG-110725-1042.xml [Loaded-ZIP]	
Compare: [Comparison Result]	
Compare Icons Legend	
+ Added Item	 Added Item(s) in Branch
- Removed Item	 Removed Item(s) in Branch
 File Replaced	 Added or Removed Item(s) in Branch
 Status Was Lowered	 File(s) Replaced in Branch
 Status Was Raised	

Any comparative log can be saved to a file and opened at a later time.

Example

Generate and save a log, recording original information about the system, to a file named *previous.xml*. After changes to the system have been made, open ESET SysInspector and allow it to generate a new log. Save it to a file named *current.xml*.

In order to track changes between those two logs, click **File > Compare logs**. The program will create a comparative log showing differences between the logs.

The same result can be achieved if you use the following command line option:

SysInspector.exe current.xml previous.xml

3.6.6.2.3 Command line parameters

ESET SysInspector supports generating reports from the command line using these parameters:

/gen	generate log directly from the command line without running GUI
/privacy	generate log with sensitive information omitted
/zip	save outcome log in compressed zip archive
/silent	suppress progress window when generating log from the command line
/blank	launch ESET SysInspector without generating/loading log

Examples

Usage:

SysInspector.exe [load.xml] [/gen=save.xml] [/privacy] [/zip] [compareto.xml]

To load specific log directly into the browser, use: *SysInspector.exe .\clientlog.xml*

To generate log from the command line, use: *SysInspector.exe /gen=. \mynewlog.xml*

To generate log excluding sensitive information directly in a compressed file, use: *SysInspector.exe /gen=. \mynewlog.zip /privacy /zip*

To compare two log files and browse differences, use: *SysInspector.exe new.xml old.xml*

NOTE: If the name of the file/folder contains a gap, then should be taken into inverted commas.

3.6.6.2.4 Service Script

Service script is a tool that provides help to customers that use ESET SysInspector by easily removing unwanted objects from the system.

Service script enables the user to export the entire ESET SysInspector log, or its selected parts. After exporting, you can mark unwanted objects for deletion. You can then run the modified log to delete marked objects.

Service Script is suited for advanced users with previous experience in diagnosing system issues. Unqualified modifications may lead to operating system damage.

Example

If you suspect that your computer is infected by a virus which is not detected by your antivirus program, follow the step-by-step instructions below:

1. Run ESET SysInspector to generate a new system snapshot.
2. Select the first item in the section on the left (in the tree structure), press Shift and select the last item to mark all items.
3. Right click the selected objects and select **Export Selected Sections To Service Script**.
4. The selected objects will be exported to a new log.
5. This is the most crucial step of the entire procedure: open the new log and change the – attribute to + for all objects you want to remove. Please make sure you do not mark any important operating system files/objects.
6. Open ESET SysInspector, click **File > Run Service Script** and enter the path to your script.
7. Click **OK** to run the script.

3.6.6.2.4.1 Generating Service script

To generate a script, right-click any item from the menu tree (in the left pane) in the ESET SysInspector main window. From the context menu, select either **Export All Sections To Service Script** or **Export Selected Sections To Service Script**.

NOTE: It is not possible to export the service script when two logs are being compared.

3.6.6.2.4.2 Structure of the Service script

In the first line of the script's header, you can find information about the Engine version (ev), GUI version (gv) and the Log version (lv). You can use this data to track possible changes in the .xml file that generates the script and prevent any inconsistencies during execution. This part of the script should not be altered.

The remainder of the file is divided into sections in which items can be edited (denote those that will be processed by the script). You mark items for processing by replacing the "-" character in front of an item with a "+" character. Sections in the script are separated from each other by an empty line. Each section has a number and title.

01) Running processes

This section contains a list of all processes running in the system. Each process is identified by its UNC path and, subsequently, its CRC16 hash code in asterisks (*).

Example:

```
01) Running processes:
- \SystemRoot\System32\smss.exe *4725*
- C:\Windows\system32\svchost.exe *FD08*
+ C:\Windows\system32\module32.exe *CF8A*
[...]
```

In this example a process, module32.exe, was selected (marked by a "+" character); the process will end upon execution of the script.

02) Loaded modules

This section lists currently used system modules.

Example:

```
02) Loaded modules:
- c:\windows\system32\svchost.exe
- c:\windows\system32\kernel32.dll
+ c:\windows\system32\khbkbhb.dll
- c:\windows\system32\advapi32.dll
[...]
```

In this example the module khbkbhb.dll was marked by a "+". When the script runs, it will recognize the processes using that specific module and end them.

03) TCP connections

This section contains information about existing TCP connections.

Example:

```
03) TCP connections:
- Active connection: 127.0.0.1:30606 -> 127.0.0.1:55320, owner: ekrn.exe
- Active connection: 127.0.0.1:50007 -> 127.0.0.1:50006,
- Active connection: 127.0.0.1:55320 -> 127.0.0.1:30606, owner: OUTLOOK.EXE
- Listening on *, port 135 (epmap), owner: svchost.exe
+ Listening on *, port 2401, owner: fservice.exe Listening on *, port 445 (microsoft-ds), owner:
System
[...]
```

When the script runs, it will locate the owner of the socket in the marked TCP connections and stop the socket, freeing system resources.

04) UDP endpoints

This section contains information about existing UDP endpoints.

Example:

```
04) UDP endpoints:
- 0.0.0.0, port 123 (ntp)
+ 0.0.0.0, port 3702
- 0.0.0.0, port 4500 (ipsec-msft)
- 0.0.0.0, port 500 (isakmp)
[...]
```

When the script runs, it will isolate the owner of the socket at the marked UDP endpoints and stop the socket.

05) DNS server entries

This section contains information about the current DNS server configuration.

Example:

```
05) DNS server entries:
+ 204.74.105.85
- 172.16.152.2
[...]
```

Marked DNS server entries will be removed when you run the script.

06) Important registry entries

This section contains information about important registry entries.

Example:

```
06) Important registry entries:
* Category: Standard Autostart (3 items)
  HKLM\SOFTWARE\Microsoft\Windows\CurrentVersion\Run
- HotKeysCmds = C:\Windows\system32\hkcmd.exe
- IgfxTray = C:\Windows\system32\igfxtray.exe
  HKCU\SOFTWARE\Microsoft\Windows\CurrentVersion\Run
- Google Update = "C:\Users\antoniak\AppData\Local\Google\Update\GoogleUpdate.exe" /c
* Category: Internet Explorer (7 items)
  HKLM\Software\Microsoft\Internet Explorer\Main
+ Default_Page_URL = http://thatcrack.com/
[...]
```

The marked entries will be deleted, reduced to 0-byte values or reset to their default values upon script execution. The action to be applied to a particular entry depends on the entry category and key value in the specific registry.

07) Services

This section lists services registered within the system.

Example:

```
07) Services:
- Name: Andrea ADI Filters Service, exe path: c:\windows\system32\aeadisrv.exe, state: Running,
  startup: Automatic
- Name: Application Experience Service, exe path: c:\windows\system32\aelupsvc.dll, state: Running,
  startup: Automatic
- Name: Application Layer Gateway Service, exe path: c:\windows\system32\alg.exe, state: Stopped,
  startup: Manual
[...]
```

The services marked and their dependent services will be stopped and uninstalled when the script is executed.

08) Drivers

This section lists installed drivers.

Example:

```
08) Drivers:
- Name: Microsoft ACPI Driver, exe path: c:\windows\system32\drivers\acpi.sys, state: Running,
startup: Boot
- Name: ADI UAA Function Driver for High Definition Audio Service, exe path: c:\windows\system32
\drivers\adihdaud.sys, state: Running, startup: Manual
[...]
```

When you execute the script, the drivers selected will be stopped. Note that some drivers won't allow themselves to be stopped.

09) Critical files

This section contains information about files that are critical to proper function of the operating system.

Example:

```
09) Critical files:
* File: win.ini
- [fonts]
- [extensions]
- [files]
- MAPI=1
[...]
```

```
* File: system.ini
- [386Enh]
- woafont=dosapp.fon
- EGA80WOA.FON=EGA80WOA.FON
[...]
```

```
* File: hosts
- 127.0.0.1 localhost
- ::1 localhost
[...]
```

The selected items will either be deleted or reset to their original values.

3.6.6.2.4.3 Executing Service scripts

Mark all desired items, then save and close the script. Run the edited script directly from the ESET SysInspector main window by selecting the **Run Service Script** option from the File menu. When you open a script, the program will prompt you with the following message: **Are you sure you want to run the service script “%Scriptname%”?** After you confirm your selection, another warning may appear, informing you that the service script you are trying to run has not been signed. Click **Run** to start the script.

A dialog window will confirm that the script was successfully executed.

If the script could only be partially processed, a dialog window with the following message will appear: **The service script was run partially. Do you want to view the error report?** Select **Yes** to view a complex error report listing the operations that were not executed.

If the script was not recognized, a dialog window with the following message will appear: **The selected service script is not signed. Running unsigned and unknown scripts may seriously harm your computer data. Are you sure you want to run the script and carry out the actions?** This may be caused by inconsistencies within the script (damaged heading, corrupted section title, empty line missing between sections etc.). You can either reopen the script file and correct the errors within the script or create a new service script.

3.6.6.2.5 FAQ

Does ESET SysInspector require Administrator privileges to run?

While ESET SysInspector does not require Administrator privileges to run, some of the information it collects can only be accessed from an Administrator account. Running it as a Standard User or a Restricted User will result in it collecting less information about your operating environment.

Does ESET SysInspector create a log file?

ESET SysInspector can create a log file of your computer's configuration. To save one, click **File > Save Log** in the main program window. Logs are saved in XML format. By default, files are saved to the *%USERPROFILE%\My Documents* directory, with a file naming convention of "SysInspector-%COMPUTERNAME%-YYMMDD-HHMM.XML". You may change the location and name of the log file to something else before saving if you prefer.

How do I view the ESET SysInspector log file?

To view a log file created by ESET SysInspector, run the program and click **File > Open Log** in the main program window. You can also drag and drop log files onto the ESET SysInspector application. If you need to frequently view ESET SysInspector log files, we recommend creating a shortcut to the SYSINSPECTOR.EXE file on your Desktop; you can then drag and drop log files onto it for viewing. For security reasons Windows Vista/7 may not allow drag and drop between windows that have different security permissions.

Is a specification available for the log file format? What about an SDK?

At the current time, neither a specification for the log file or an SDK are available since the program is still in development. After the program has been released, we may provide these based on customer feedback and demand.

How does ESET SysInspector evaluate the risk posed by a particular object?

In most cases, ESET SysInspector assigns risk levels to objects (files, processes, registry keys and so forth) using a series of heuristic rules that examine the characteristics of each object and then weight the potential for malicious activity. Based on these heuristics, objects are assigned a risk level from **1 - Fine (green)** to **9 - Risky (red)**. In the left navigation pane, sections are colored based on the highest risk level of an object inside them.

Does a risk level of "6 - Unknown (red)" mean an object is dangerous?

ESET SysInspector's assessments do not guarantee that an object is malicious – that determination should be made by a security expert. What ESET SysInspector is designed for is to provide a quick assessment for security experts so that they know what objects on a system they may want to further examine for unusual behavior.

Why does ESET SysInspector connect to the Internet when run?

Like many applications, ESET SysInspector is signed with a digital signature "certificate" to help ensure the software was published by ESET and has not been altered. In order to verify the certificate, the operating system contacts a certificate authority to verify the identity of the software publisher. This is normal behavior for all digitally-signed programs under Microsoft Windows.

What is Anti-Stealth technology?

Anti-Stealth technology provides effective rootkit detection.

If the system is attacked by malicious code that behaves as a rootkit, the user may be exposed to data loss or theft. Without a special anti-rootkit tool, it is almost impossible to detect rootkits.

Why are there sometimes files marked as "Signed by MS", having a different "Company Name" entry at the same time?

When trying to identify the digital signature of an executable, ESET SysInspector first checks for a digital signature embedded in the file. If a digital signature is found, the file will be validated using that information. If a digital signature is not found, the ESI starts looking for the corresponding CAT file (Security Catalog - %systemroot%\system32\catroot) that contains information about the executable file processed. If the relevant CAT file is found, the digital signature of that CAT file will be applied in the validation process of the executable.

This is why there are sometimes files marked as "Signed by MS", but having a different "CompanyName" entry.

3.6.7 ESET SysRescue Live

ESET SysRescue Live is a utility that enables you to create a bootable disk containing one of the ESET Security solutions - ESET NOD32 Antivirus, ESET Smart Security or certain server-oriented products. The main advantage of ESET SysRescue Live is the fact that the ESET Security solution runs independent of the host operating system but has direct access to the disk and file system. This makes it possible to remove infiltrations which normally could not be deleted, for example, when the operating system is running, etc.

3.6.8 Scheduler

Scheduler can be found in the **Tools** section of the main program window. Scheduler manages and launches scheduled tasks according to defined parameters.

Scheduler contains a list of all scheduled tasks in the form of a table which shows their parameters such as **Task** type, task **Name**, **Launch time** and **Last run**. For more details, double-click a task to see its [Scheduled task overview](#). After the installation, there is a set of predefined tasks. You can also create new scheduled tasks by clicking [Add task](#).

When you right-click a task, you can choose an action to perform. Available actions are:

- **Show task details**
- **Run now**
- **Add...**
- **Edit...**
- **Delete**

Use the check box next a task to activate/deactivate it. To edit the configuration of an existing scheduled task, right-click the task and click **Edit...** or select the task you want to modify and click the **Edit** button.

esetSECURITY
FOR KERIO

2

MONITORING

LOG FILES

1

SCAN

1

UPDATE

SETUP

TOOLS

HELP AND SUPPORT

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Scheduler

Task	Name	Launch time	Last run
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Log maintenance	Log maintenance	Task will be run every day a...	3/2/2017 3:00:57 AM
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Update	Regular automatic update	Task will be run automatically ...	3/2/2017 2:38:58 PM
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Update	Automatic update a		ne In...
<input type="checkbox"/> Update	Automatic update a		our a...
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> System startup file check	Automatic startup f		t run ... 3/1/2017 8:31:59 AM
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> System startup file check	Automatic startup f		ne vir... 3/1/2017 8:23:49 AM
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> First-scan	Automatic first scan		ce o... 2/8/2017 4:56:50 PM

Show task details

Run now

Add...

Edit...

Delete

Del

Add task

Edit

Delete

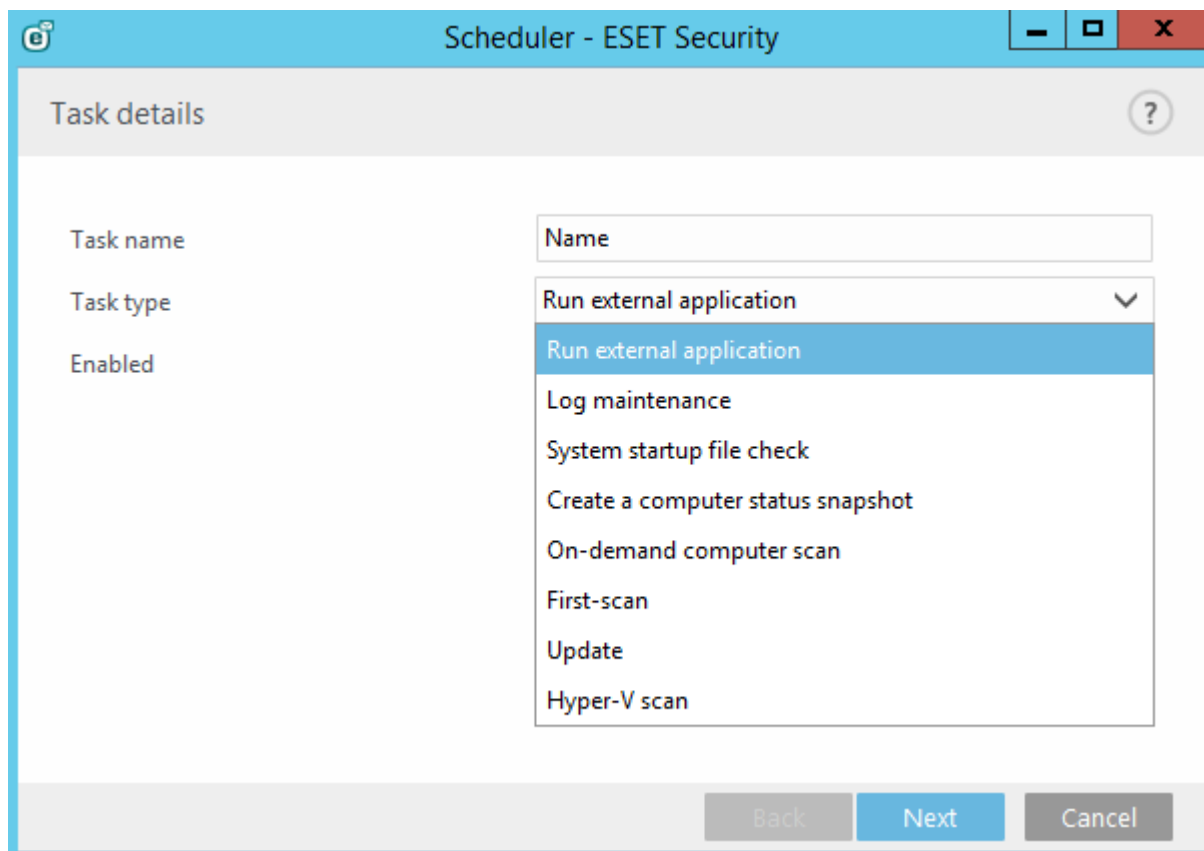
The default (predefined) scheduled tasks are:

- **Log maintenance**
- **Regular automatic update**
- **Automatic update after dial-up connection**
- **Automatic update after user logon** (this task is not activated be default)
- **Automatic startup file check** (after user logon)
- **Automatic startup file check** (after successful update of the virus signature database)
- **Automatic first scan**

3.6.8.1 Scheduler - Add task

To create a new task in Scheduler, click **Add task** or right-click and select **Add** from the context menu. A wizard will open to help you create a scheduled task. See below for step-by-step instructions:

1. Enter a **Task name** and select your desired **Task type** from the drop-down menu:



The screenshot shows the 'Scheduler - ESET Security' window. The 'Task details' section is active. The 'Task name' field is labeled 'Name'. The 'Task type' dropdown menu is open, showing a list of options: 'Run external application' (highlighted), 'Log maintenance', 'System startup file check', 'Create a computer status snapshot', 'On-demand computer scan', 'First-scan', 'Update', and 'Hyper-V scan'. The 'Enabled' checkbox is present but not checked. At the bottom of the window are three buttons: 'Back', 'Next', and 'Cancel'.

- **Run external application** - schedules the execution of an external application.
 - **Log maintenance** - log files also contain leftovers from deleted records. This task optimizes records in log files on a regular basis to work effectively.
 - **System startup file check** - checks files that are allowed to run at system startup or logon.
 - **Create a computer status snapshot** - creates an [ESET SysInspector](#) computer snapshot - gathers detailed information about system components (for example, drivers, applications) and assesses the risk level of each component.
 - **On-demand computer scan** - performs a computer scan of files and folders on your computer.
 - **First-scan** - by default, 20 minutes after installation or reboot a computer scan will be performed as a low priority task.
 - **Update** - schedules an update task to perform an update of virus signature database and program modules.
 - **Hyper-V scan** - schedules a scan of the virtual disks within [Hyper-V](#).
2. If you want to deactivate the task once it is created, click the switch next to **Enabled**. You can activate the task later using the check box in the [Scheduler](#) view. Click **Next**.
 3. Select when you want the **Scheduled task to run**:
 - **Once** - the task will be performed only once at specified date and time.
 - **Repeatedly** - the task will be performed at the specified time interval (in minutes).
 - **Daily** - the task will run repeatedly every day at the specified time.
 - **Weekly** - the task will run one or more times a week, on the selected day(s) and time.
 - **Event triggered** - the task will be performed after a specified event.

4. If you want to prevent the task from being executed when the system is running on batteries (for example UPS), click the switch next to **Skip task when running on battery power**. Click **Next**.
5. If the task could not be run at the scheduled time, you can choose when it will be run:
 - **At the next scheduled time**
 - **As soon as possible**
 - **Immediately, if the time since the last run exceeds a specified value** (the interval can be defined using the **Time since last run** selector)
6. Click **Next**. Depending on the Task type, **Task details** might need to be specified. Once done, click **Finish**. The new scheduled task will appear in the [Scheduler](#) view.

3.6.9 Submit samples for analysis

The sample submission dialog enables you to send a file or a site to ESET for analysis and can be found in **Tools > Submit sample for analysis**. If you find a suspiciously behaving file on your computer or suspicious site on the Internet, you can submit it to the ESET Virus Lab for analysis. If the file turns out to be a malicious application or website, its detection will be added to an upcoming update.

Alternatively, you can submit the file by email. To do so, compress the file(s) using a program like WinRAR or WinZip, protect the archive with the password "infected" and send it to samples@eset.com. Please remember to use a descriptive subject and enclose as much information about the file as possible (for example, the website you downloaded it from).

NOTE

Before submitting a sample to ESET, make sure it meets one or more of the following criteria:

- the file or website is not detected at all
- the file or website is incorrectly detected as a threat

You will not receive a response unless further information is required for analysis.

Select the description from the **Reason for submitting the sample** drop-down menu that best fits your message:

- [Suspicious file](#)
- [Suspicious site](#) (a website that is infected by malware)
- [False positive file](#) (file that is detected as an infection but are not infected)
- [False positive site](#)
- [Other](#)

File/Site - The path to the file or website you intend to submit.

Contact email - This contact email is sent along with suspicious files to ESET, and may be used to contact you if further information is required for analysis. Entering a contact email is optional. You will not get a response from ESET unless more information is required; since each day our servers receive tens of thousands of files, making it impossible to reply to all submissions.

3.6.9.1 Suspicious file

Observed signs and symptoms of malware infection - Enter a description of the suspicious file behavior observed on your computer.

File origin (URL address or vendor) - Please enter the file origin (source) and how you encountered this file.

Notes and additional information - Here you can enter additional info or a description that will help with the process of identifying the suspicious file.

NOTE

The first parameter - **Observed signs and symptoms of malware infection** - is required, but providing additional information will significantly help our laboratories with the identification process of samples.

3.6.9.2 Suspicious site

Please select one of the following from the **What's wrong with the site** drop-down menu:

- **Infected** - A website that contains viruses or other malware distributed by various methods.
- **Phishing** - Often used to gain access to sensitive data such as bank account numbers, PIN numbers and more. Read more about this type of attack in the [glossary](#).
- **Scam** - A swindle or a fraudulent website.
- Select **Other** if the aforementioned options do not refer the site you are going to submit.

Notes and additional information - Here you can enter additional info or a description that will help while analyzing the suspicious website.

3.6.9.3 False positive file

We request that you submit files that are detected as an infection but are not infected to improve our antivirus and antispymware engine and help others to be protected. False positives (FP) may occur when a pattern of a file matches the same pattern contained in a virus signature database.

Application name and version - Program title and its version (for example number, alias or code name).

File origin (URL address or vendor) - Please enter a file origin (source) and note how you encountered this file.

Application's purpose - The general application description, type of application (for example, browser, media player, ...) and its functionality.

Notes and additional information - Here you can add additional information or descriptions that will help while processing the suspicious file.

NOTE

The first three parameters are required to identify legitimate applications and distinguish them from malicious code. By providing additional information, you will help our laboratories significantly in the identification process and in the processing of samples.

3.6.9.4 False positive site

We encourage you to submit sites that are detected as an infected, scam or phishing sites but are not. False positives (FP) may occur when a pattern of a file matches the same pattern contained in a virus signature database. Please provide this website to improve our antivirus and anti-phishing engine and help others to be protected.

Notes and additional information - Here you can add additional information or descriptions that will help while processing the suspicious file.

3.6.9.5 Other

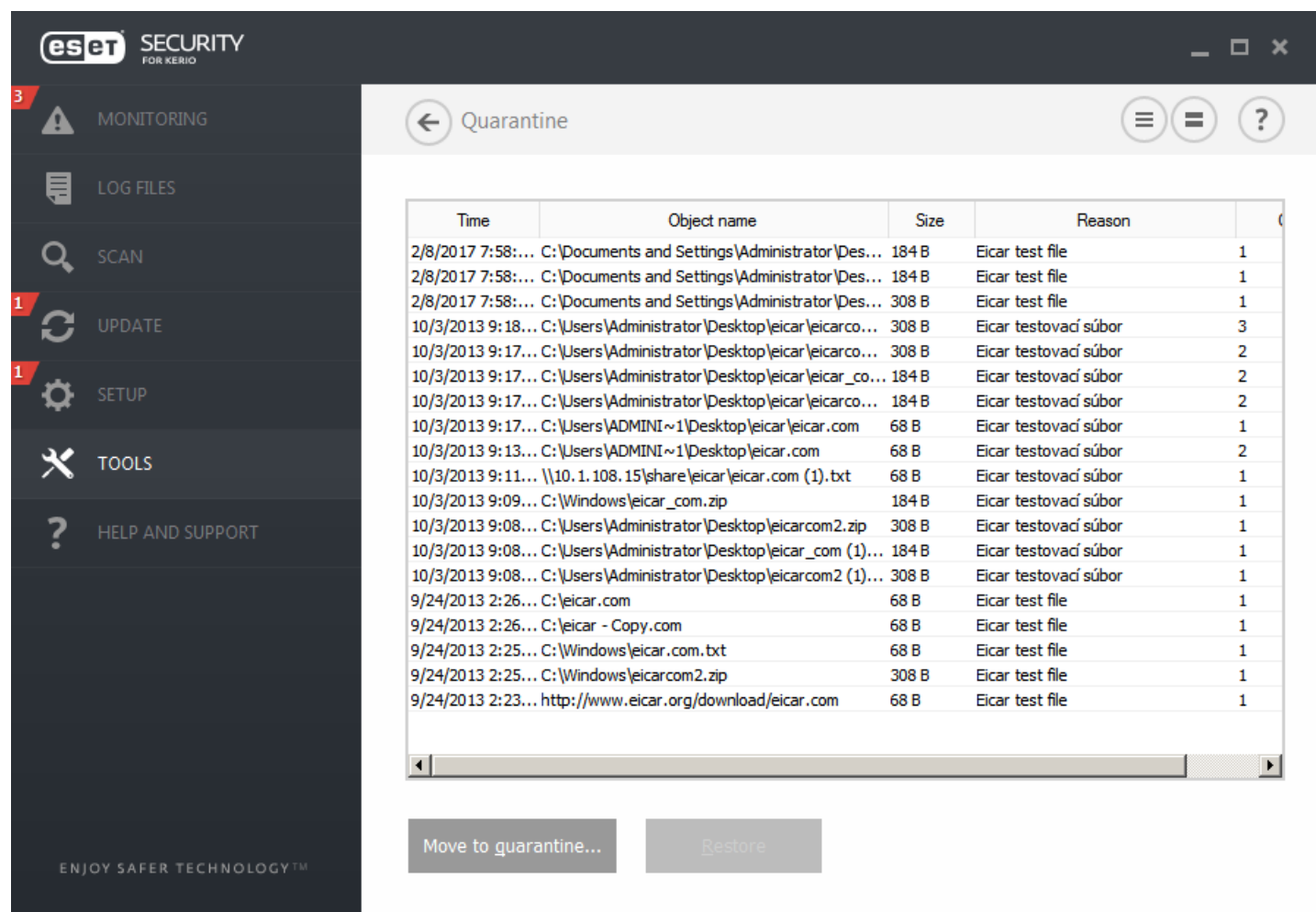
Use this form if the file cannot be categorized as a **Suspicious file** or **False positive**.

Reason for submitting the file - Please enter a detailed description and the reason for sending the file.

3.6.10 Quarantine

The main function of the quarantine is to safely store infected files. Files should be quarantined if they cannot be cleaned, if it is not safe or advisable to delete them or if they are being falsely detected by ESET Security for Kerio.

You can choose to quarantine any file. This is advisable if a file behaves suspiciously but is not detected by the antivirus scanner. Quarantined files can be submitted for analysis to the ESET Virus Lab.



Files stored in the quarantine folder can be viewed in a table that displays the date and time of quarantine, the path to the original location of the infected file, its size in bytes, reason (for example, object added by user), and number of threats (for example, if it is an archive containing multiple infiltrations).

Quarantining files

ESET Security for Kerio automatically quarantines deleted files (if you have not disabled this option in the alert window). If desired, you can quarantine any suspicious file manually by clicking **Quarantine**. Quarantined files will be removed from their original location. The context menu can also be used for this purpose; right-click in the **Quarantine** window and select **Quarantine**.

Restoring from Quarantine

Quarantined files can also be restored to their original location. Use the **Restore** feature, available from the context menu by right-clicking a given file in the Quarantine window, to do so. If a file is marked as a potentially unwanted application, the **Restore and exclude from scanning** option will be available. Read more about this type of application in the [glossary](#). The context menu also offers the **Restore to...** option which allows you to restore a file to a location other than the one from which it was deleted.

i NOTE

If the program quarantines a harmless file by mistake, please [exclude the file from scanning](#) after restoring it and send the file to ESET Customer Care.

Submitting a file from the Quarantine

If you have quarantined a suspicious file that was not detected by the program, or if a file was determined to be infected incorrectly (for example, by heuristic analysis of the code) and subsequently quarantined, please send the file to the ESET Virus Lab. To submit a file from quarantine, right-click the file and select **Submit for analysis** from the context menu.

3.7 Help and support

ESET Security for Kerio contains troubleshooting tools and support information that will assist you in solving issues that you may encounter.

Help

- **Search ESET Knowledgebase** - The [ESET Knowledgebase](#) contains answers to the most frequently asked questions as well as recommended solutions for various issues. Regularly updated by ESET technical specialists, the Knowledgebase is the most powerful tool for resolving various types of problems.
- **Open help** - Click this link to launch the ESET Security for Kerio help pages.
- **Find quick solution** - Select this to find solutions to the most frequently encountered problems. We recommend that you read this section before contacting technical support.

Customer Care

- **Submit support request** - If you cannot find an answer to your problem, you can also use this form located on the ESET website to quickly contact our Customer Care department.

Support Tools

- **Threat encyclopedia** - Links to the ESET Threat Encyclopedia, which contains information about the dangers and symptoms of different types of infiltration.
- **ESET Log Collector** - Links to the ESET Log Collector [download page](#). Log Collector is an application that automatically collects information, such as configuration and logs from your server in order to help resolve issues more quickly. For more information about ESET Log Collector see [Online help](#).
- **Virus signature database history** - Links to ESET Virus radar, which contains information about versions of the ESET Virus signature database.
- **ESET Specialized cleaner** - This cleaner automatically identifies and removes common malware infections, for more information please visit this [ESET Knowledgebase](#) article.

Product and License information

- **About ESET Security for Kerio** - Displays information about your copy of [ESET Security for Kerio](#).
- [Activate product](#) / [Manage license](#) - Click to launch the Product activation window. Select one of the available methods to activate ESET Security for Kerio.

3.7.1 How to

This chapter covers some of the most frequently asked questions and problems encountered. Click the topic title to find out how to solve your problem:

[How to update ESET Security for Kerio](#)

[How to activate ESET Security for Kerio](#)

[How to schedule a scan task \(every 24 hours\)](#)

[How to remove a virus from my server](#)

[How Automatic exclusions work](#)

If your problem is not included in the help pages list above, try searching by keyword or phrase describing your problem and search within the ESET Security for Kerio Help Pages.

If you cannot find the solution to your problem/question within the Help Pages, you can try our regularly updated online [Knowledgebase](#).

If necessary, you can directly contact our online technical support center with your questions or problems. The contact form can be found in the **Help and Support** tab of your ESET program.

3.7.1.1 How to update ESET Security for Kerio


Updating ESET Security for Kerio can be performed either manually or automatically. To trigger the update, click **Update now**. You will find this in the [Update](#) section of the program.

The default installation settings create an automatic update task which is performed on an hourly basis. If you need to change the interval, navigate to the **Scheduler** (for more information on Scheduler, [click here](#)).

3.7.1.2 How to activate ESET Security for Kerio


After installation is complete, you will be prompted to activate your product.

There are several methods for activating your product. Availability of a particular activation scenario in the activation window may vary depending on the country, as well as the means of distribution (CD/DVD, ESET web page, etc.).

To activate your copy of ESET Security for Kerio directly from the program, click the system tray icon  and select **Product is not activated** from the menu. You can also activate your product from the main menu under **Help and support > Activate Product** or **Monitoring status > Product is not activated**.

You can use any of the following methods to activate ESET Security for Kerio:

- **License Key** - A unique string in the format XXXX-XXXX-XXXX-XXXX-XXXX which is used for identification of the the license owner and for activation of the license.
- **Security Admin** - An account created on the [ESET License Administrator portal](#) with credentials (email address + password). This method allows you to manage multiple licenses from one location.
- **Offline License file** - An automatically generated file that will be transferred to the ESET product to provide license information. Your offline License file is generated from the license portal and is used in environments where the application cannot connect to the licensing authority.
- Click **Activate later** with ESET Remote Administrator if your computer is a member of a managed network, and your administrator will perform remote activation via ESET Remote Administrator. You can also use this option if you want to activate this client at a later time.

Select **Help and support > Manage license** in the main program window to manage your license information at any time. You will see the public license ID used to identify your product by ESET and for license identification. Your Username, under which the computer is registered, is stored in the **About** section, which you can view by right-clicking the system tray icon .

NOTE

ESET Remote Administrator is able to activate client computers silently using licenses made available by the administrator.

3.7.1.3 How to create a new task in Scheduler

To create a new task in Scheduler, click **Add task** or right-click and select **Add** from the context menu. A wizard will open to help you create a scheduled task. See below for step-by-step instructions:

1. Enter a **Task name** and select your desired **Task type** from the drop-down menu:

The screenshot shows the 'Scheduler - ESET Security' window. The 'Task details' section has three fields: 'Task name' (labeled 'Name'), 'Task type' (a dropdown menu), and 'Enabled' (a checkbox). The 'Task type' dropdown is open, displaying a list of options: 'Run external application' (highlighted), 'Log maintenance', 'System startup file check', 'Create a computer status snapshot', 'On-demand computer scan', 'First-scan', 'Update', and 'Hyper-V scan'. At the bottom of the window are three buttons: 'Back', 'Next', and 'Cancel'.

- **Run external application** - schedules the execution of an external application.
 - **Log maintenance** - log files also contain leftovers from deleted records. This task optimizes records in log files on a regular basis to work effectively.
 - **System startup file check** - checks files that are allowed to run at system startup or logon.
 - **Create a computer status snapshot** - creates an [ESET SysInspector](#) computer snapshot - gathers detailed information about system components (for example, drivers, applications) and assesses the risk level of each component.
 - **On-demand computer scan** - performs a computer scan of files and folders on your computer.
 - **First-scan** - by default, 20 minutes after installation or reboot a computer scan will be performed as a low priority task.
 - **Update** - schedules an update task to perform an update of virus signature database and program modules.
 - **Hyper-V scan** - schedules a scan of the virtual disks within [Hyper-V](#).
2. If you want to deactivate the task once it is created, click the switch next to **Enabled**. You can activate the task later using the check box in the [Scheduler](#) view. Click **Next**.
 3. Select when you want the **Scheduled task to run**:
 - **Once** - the task will be performed only once at specified date and time.
 - **Repeatedly** - the task will be performed at the specified time interval (in minutes).
 - **Daily** - the task will run repeatedly every day at the specified time.
 - **Weekly** - the task will run one or more times a week, on the selected day(s) and time.
 - **Event triggered** - the task will be performed after a specified event.

4. If you want to prevent the task from being executed when the system is running on batteries (for example UPS), click the switch next to **Skip task when running on battery power**. Click **Next**.
5. If the task could not be run at the scheduled time, you can choose when it will be run:
 - **At the next scheduled time**
 - **As soon as possible**
 - **Immediately, if the time since the last run exceeds a specified value** (the interval can be defined using the **Time since last run** selector)
6. Click **Next**. Depending on the Task type, **Task details** might need to be specified. Once done, click **Finish**. The new scheduled task will appear in the [Scheduler](#) view.

3.7.1.4 How to schedule a scan task (every 24 hours)

To schedule a regular task, go to **ESET Security for Kerio > Tools > Scheduler**. The steps below will walk you through the creation of a task to scan your local drives every 24 hours.

To schedule a scan task:

1. Click **Add task** in the main **Scheduler** screen and Enter a **Task name**.
2. Select **On-demand computer scan** from the drop-down menu.
3. If you want to deactivate the task once it is created, click the switch next to **Enabled**. You can activate the task later using the check box in the [Scheduler](#) view.
4. Set the scheduler task to run **Repeatedly**. The task will be performed at the specified time interval (1440 minutes).
5. If you want to prevent the task from being executed when the system is running on battery power (for example UPS), click the switch next to **Skip task when running on battery power**.
6. Click **Next**.
7. Select an action to perform if the scheduled task execution fails for any reason.
 - **At the next scheduled time**
 - **As soon as possible**
 - **Immediately, if the time since the last run exceeds a specified value** (the interval can be defined using the **Time since last run** selector)
8. Click **Next**.
9. From the **Targets** drop-down menu, select **Local drives**.
10. Click **Finish** to apply the task.

3.7.1.5 How to remove a virus from your server

If your computer is showing symptoms of malware infection, for example, it is slower or often freezes, we recommend that you do the following:

1. From the main ESET Security for Kerio window, click **Computer scan**.
2. Click **Smart scan** to begin scanning your system.
3. After the scan has finished, review the log with the number of scanned, infected and cleaned files.
4. If you want to only scan a certain part of your disk, choose **Custom scan** and select targets to be scanned for viruses.

For additional information please see our regularly updated [Knowledgebase article](#).

3.7.2 Submit support request

In order to provide assistance as quickly and accurate as possible, ESET requires information about your ESET Security for Kerio configuration, detailed system information, running processes ([ESET SysInspector log file](#)) and registry data. ESET will only use this data to provide technical assistance to the customer.

When you submit the web form, your system configuration data will be submitted to ESET. Select **Always submit this information** to remember this action for this process. To submit the form without sending any data select **Don't submit data** and you can contact ESET customer care using the online support form.

This setting can also be configured from the **Advanced setup** window (press the **F5** key on your keyboard). Click **Tools > Diagnostics > Customer Care**.

NOTE

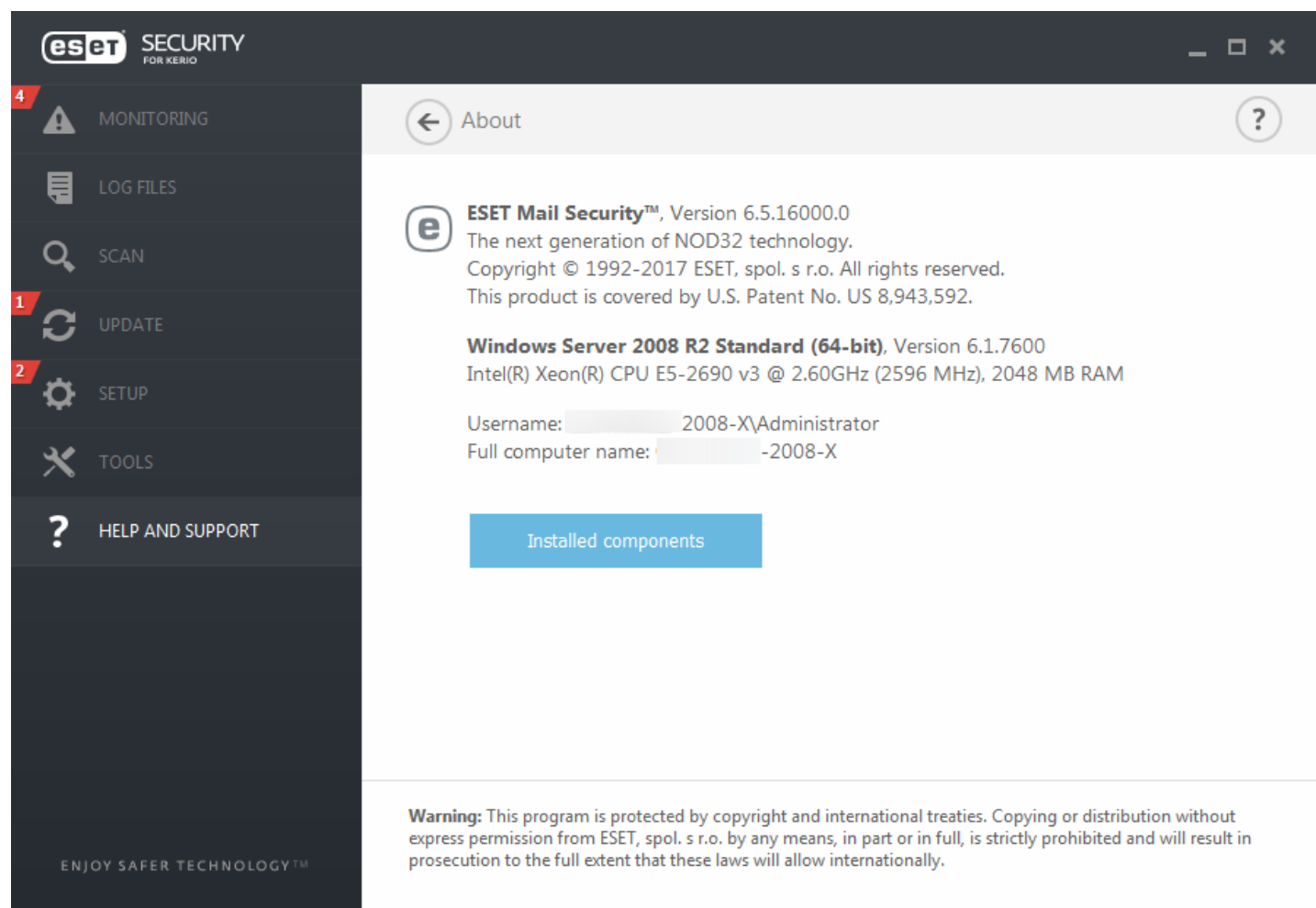
If you choose to submit system data you must fill and submit the web form, otherwise your ticket will not be created and your system data will be lost.

3.7.3 ESET Specialized Cleaner

The ESET Specialized Cleaner is a removal tool for common malware infections such as Conficker, Sirefef or Necurs. For more information please visit this [ESET Knowledgebase article](#).

3.7.4 About ESET Security for Kerio

This window provides details about the installed version of ESET Security for Kerio. The top part of the window contains information about your operating system and system resources, the current user and full computer name.



Installed components contain information about modules. Click **Installed components** to view a list of installed components and their details. Click **Copy** to copy the list to your clipboard. This may be useful during troubleshooting or when contacting Technical Support.

Installed components

Component name	Version	Date of build
Virus signature database: 14871P (20170202)	14871P	2/1/2017
Rapid Response module: 9473 (20170202)	9473	2/1/2017
Update module: 1069 (20161122)	1069	11/21/2016
Antivirus and antispymware scanner module: 1510 (20170130)	1510	1/29/2017
Advanced heuristics module: 1176 (20170116)	1176	1/15/2017
Archive support module: 1259 (20170104)	1259	1/3/2017
Cleaner module: 1130 (20161219)	1130	12/18/2016
Anti-Stealth support module: 1106 (20161017)	1106	10/16/2016
ESET SysInspector module: 1266 (20161222)	1266	12/21/2016
Mail server protection module: 1009 (20120312)	1009	3/11/2012
Real-time file system protection module: 1014 (20160223)	1014	2/22/2016
Translation support module: 1574 (20170126)	1574	1/25/2017
HIPS support module: 1261 (20170118)	1261	1/17/2017
Advanced antispam module: 5018P (20170202)	5018P	2/1/2017
Database module: 1088 (20170105)	1088	1/4/2017
Configuration module (36): 1466.4 (20170116)	1466.4	1/15/2017
LiveGrid communication module: 1022 (20160401)	1022	3/31/2016
Rootkit detection and cleaning module: 1008 (20161118)	1008	11/17/2016

Copy
Close

3.7.5 Product activation

After installation is complete, you will be prompted to activate your product.


There are several methods for activating your product. Availability of a particular activation scenario in the activation window may vary depending on the country, as well as the means of distribution (CD/DVD, ESET web page, etc.).

To activate your copy of ESET Security for Kerio directly from the program, click the system tray icon and select **Product is not activated** from the menu. You can also activate your product from the main menu under **Help and support > Activate Product** or **Monitoring status > Product is not activated**.

You can use any of the following methods to activate ESET Security for Kerio:

- **License Key** - A unique string in the format XXXX-XXXX-XXXX-XXXX-XXXX which is used for identification of the the license owner and for activation of the license.
- **Security Admin** - An account created on the [ESET License Administrator portal](#) with credentials (email address + password). This method allows you to manage multiple licenses from one location.
- **Offline License file** - An automatically generated file that will be transferred to the ESET product to provide license information. Your offline License file is generated from the license portal and is used in environments where the application cannot connect to the licensing authority.
- Click **Activate later** with ESET Remote Administrator if your computer is a member of a managed network, and your administrator will perform remote activation via ESET Remote Administrator. You can also use this option if

you want to activate this client at a later time.

Select **Help and support > Manage license** in the main program window to manage your license information at any time. You will see the public license ID used to identify your product by ESET and for license identification. Your Username, under which the computer is registered, is stored in the **About** section, which you can view by right-clicking the system tray icon .

NOTE

ESET Remote Administrator is able to activate client computers silently using licenses made available by the administrator.

3.7.5.1 Registration

Register your license by completing the fields in the registration form and clicking **Continue**. The fields marked as required in brackets are mandatory. This information will only be used for matters involving your ESET License.

3.7.5.2 Security Admin activation

The Security Admin account is an account created on the license portal with your **email address** and **password**, which is able to see all seat authorizations.

A **Security Admin** account allows you to manage multiple licenses. If you do not have a Security Admin account, click **Create account** and you will be redirected to the ESET License Administrator web page where you can register with your credentials.

If you have forgotten your password click **Forgotten password?** and you will be redirected to the ESET Business portal. Enter your email address and click **Submit** to confirm. After that you will obtain a message with instructions to reset your password.

NOTE

For more information about using ESET License Administrator, see the [ESET License Administrator](#) User Guide.

3.7.5.3 Activation failure

Activation of ESET Security for Kerio was not successful. Make sure you have entered the proper **License Key** or attached an **Offline License**. If you have a different **Offline License**, please enter it again. To check the license key you entered, click **recheck the License Key** or click **purchase a new license** and you will be redirected to our webpage where you can buy a new license.

3.7.5.4 License

If you choose the **Security Admin** activation option, you will be prompted to select a license associated with your account that will be used for ESET Security for Kerio. Click **Activate** to continue.

3.7.5.5 Activation progress

ESET Security for Kerio is now activating, please be patient. This may take a few moments.

3.7.5.6 Activation successful

Activation was successful and ESET Security for Kerio is now activated. From now on, ESET Security for Kerio will receive regular updates to identify the latest threats and keep your computer safe. Click **Done** to finish product activation.

4. Working with ESET Security for Kerio

From the **Advanced setup** window, you can configure settings and options based on your needs. The menu on the left includes the following categories:

- [Server](#) - Allows you to configure Antivirus and antispyware, Rules, etc.
- [Computer](#) - Enable or disable detection of potentially unwanted, unsafe, suspicious application, specify exclusions, Real-time file system protection, On-demand computer scan and Hyper-V scan, etc.
- [Update](#) - Configure a list of profiles, create a snapshots of update file, update source information like the update servers being used and authentication data for these servers.
- [Device control](#) - Configure Device control Rules and Groups.
- [Tools](#) - Allows you to customize tools, such as ESET LiveGrid®, Log files, Proxy server, Cluster, etc.
- [User interface](#) - Configure the behavior of the program's Graphical user interface (GUI), Statuses, License information, etc.

When you click an item (category or subcategory) in the menu on the left, the respective settings for that item are shown on the right tab.

4.1 Server

In this section, you can specify whether ESET Security for Kerio is registered to Kerio Connect/ Control server. This has direct effect on protection status. It is registered by default. When **Register to Kerio Control server** or **Register to Kerio Connect server** checkbox is ticked, it means that ESET Security for Kerio has registered its dll and configuration in Kerio Control/Connect accordingly. When you clear the **Register to Kerio Control server** or **Register to Kerio Connect server** checkbox, then the dll is unregistered from Kerio Control/Connect which means that the protection is disabled.

NOTE

When you change **Register to Kerio Control server** or **Register to Kerio Connect server** setting and click **OK** button, ESET Security for Kerio automatically restarts relevant Kerio service.

For more information about ESET Security for Kerio registration into Kerio product see following topic for [Kerio Connect](#) or [Kerio Control](#).

4.1.1 Kerio Connect

This is where you can specify whether ESET Security for Kerio is registered to Kerio Connect server. This has direct effect on protection status. It is registered by default. When Register to Kerio Connect server checkbox is ticked, it means that ESET Security for Kerio has registered its dll and configuration in Kerio Connect. When you clear the Register to Kerio Connect server checkbox, then the dll is unregistered from Kerio Connect which means that the protection is disabled.

NOTE

By changing this setting and then pressing **OK** button, ESET Security for Kerio automatically restarts relevant Kerio service.

4.1.2 Kerio Control

This is where you can specify whether ESET Security for Kerio is registered to Kerio Control server. This has direct effect on protection status. It is registered by default. When Register to Kerio Control server checkbox is ticked, it means that ESET Security for Kerio has registered its dll and configuration in Kerio Control. When you clear the Register to Kerio Control server checkbox, then the dll is unregistered from Kerio Control which means that the protection is disabled.

NOTE

By changing this setting and then pressing **OK** button, ESET Security for Kerio automatically restarts relevant Kerio service.

4.2 Antivirus and antispyware

You can configure **Antivirus and antispyware** for the following types of protection:

- [Kerio Connect](#) - You can enable or disable antivirus and antispyware server protection for Mail server.
- [Kerio Control](#) - You can enable or disable antivirus and antispyware server protection for Gateway server.
- [ThreatSense parameters](#) - The advanced virus scanner setup enables you to configure scan targets, detection methods, etc.

NOTE

Scan engine of ESET Security for Kerio is able to clean infiltrations, however Kerio itself doesn't accept cleaned files. Thus the cleaning is not supported. If an infiltration is found, ESET Security for Kerio scan engine marks the file as infected (mark for deletion) and the file is then handled by Kerio.

List of AV scan engine outputs accepted by Kerio:

- Clean - file is clean and is delivered, downloaded, etc.
- Infected - file is infected, ESET Security for Kerio scan engine marks the file for deletion (even if ESET Security for Kerio scan engine is able to clean it). The appropriate action is set by Kerio itself.
- Not-Scanned - it is not possible to scan a file (encrypted, password protected or damaged). ESET Security for Kerio scan marks file as not scanned. The appropriate action is set by Kerio itself.
- Failed - an error occurs during scanning. ESET Security for Kerio scan returns an error. Action is taken based on Kerio's (internal) settings.

4.3 Rules

The **Rules** allow administrators to manually define email filtering conditions and actions to take with filtered emails.

4.3.1 Rules list

The **Rules** list window displays existing rules. Rules are classified into three levels and are evaluated in this order:

- **Filtering rules (1)** - rule evaluated before antispam and antivirus scan
- **Attachment processing rules (2)** - rule evaluated during antivirus scan
- **Result processing rules (3)** - rule evaluated after antivirus scan

Rules with the same level are evaluated in the same order as they are displayed in the Rules window. You can only change the rule order for rules of the same level. For example, when you have multiple filtering rules, you can change the order they are applied in. You cannot change their order by putting Attachment processing rules before Filtering rules, the Up/Down buttons will not be available. In other words, you cannot mix rules of different Levels.

Rules

Active	Name	Level	Hits
<input type="checkbox"/>	Dangerous system file attachments	Attachment processing	0
<input type="checkbox"/>	Dangerous executable file attachments	Attachment processing	0
<input type="checkbox"/>	Forbidden archive file attachments	Attachment processing	0
<input type="checkbox"/>	Password protected archive file attachments	Result processing	0

Add

Edit

Remove

Up

Down

Reset

OK

Cancel

The Hits column displays the number of times the rule was successfully applied. Deselecting a check box (to the left of each rule name) deactivates the corresponding rule until you select the check box again.

- **Add** - adds a new rule
- **Edit** - modifies an existing rule
- **Remove** - removes selected rule
- **Up** - moves the selected rule up in the list
- **Down** - moves the selected rule down in the list
- **Reset** - resets the counter for the selected rule (the Hits column)

i NOTE

If a new rule is added or an existing rule has been modified, message rescan will automatically start using the new/modified rules.

4.3.1.1 Rule wizard

You can define **Conditions** and **Actions** using the **Rule** wizard. Define Condition(s) first, then Action(s).

1. Click **Add** and a [Rule condition](#) window will appear where you can select condition type, operation and value.
2. From here you can add a [Rule action](#). Once conditions and actions are defined, type a **Name** for the rule (something that you'll recognize the rule by), this name will be displayed in the [Rules list](#).
3. If you want to prepare rules but plan to use them later, you can click the switch next to **Active** to deactivate the rule. To activate the rule, select the check box next to the rule you want to activate from the [Rules list](#).

4.3.1.1.1 Rule condition

This wizard lets you add conditions for a rule. Select **Type > Operation** from the drop-down list (the list of operations changes depending on what rule type you've chosen) and select **Parameter**. Parameter fields will change depending on rule type and operation.

For example, choose **Attachment size > is greater than** and under **Parameter** specify 10 MB. Using these settings, any message that contains an attachment larger than 10 MB will be processed using the rule [action](#) you have specified. For this reason you should specify the action that is taken when a given rule is triggered if you have not done so when setting parameters for that rule.

NOTE

It is possible to add multiple conditions for one rule.

The following **Conditions** are available for **Kerio Connect** and **Kerio Control** (some of the options might not display depending on your previously selected conditions):

Conditions name	Kerio Connect	Kerio Control	Descriptions
Attachment name	✓	✓	Applies to messages containing attachments with a specific name.
Attachment size	✓	✓	Applies to messages with an attachment that does not meet a specified size, is within a specified size range, or exceeds a specified size.
Attachment type	✓	✓	Applies to messages with a specific file type attached. File types are categorized in groups for easy selection, you can select multiple file types or whole categories.
Antivirus scan result	✓	✓	Applies to messages flagged as malicious or not malicious.
Contains password protected archive	✓	✓	Applies to messages with archive attachments that are protected by a password.
Contains damaged archive	✓	✓	Applies to messages with archive attachments that are damaged (most likely impossible to open).

4.3.1.1.2 Rule action

You can add actions that will be taken with messages and/or attachments that match rule conditions.

NOTE

It is possible to add multiple actions for one rule.

The list of available **Actions** for **Kerio Connect** and **Kerio Control** (some of the options might not show up depending on your selected actions):

Actions name	Kerio Connect	Kerio Control	Descriptions
Quarantine attachment	✓	✓	Puts email attachment into file quarantine , email will be delivered to the recipient with the attachment truncated to zero length.
Delete attachment	✓	✓	Deletes a message attachment the message will be delivered to the recipient without the attachment.
Send email notification	✓	✓	Sends email notifications to a recipient specified in Email notifications . You need to enable Send event notification by email feature. You can then customize the format of event messages (use the tooltip for suggestions) while creating the rule. Also, you can select verbosity for event messages, however this depends on the minimum verbosity setting in Email notifications section.
Evaluate other rules	✓	✓	Allows the evaluation of other rules, enabling the user to define multiple sets of conditions and multiple actions to take given the conditions.
Log to events	✓	✓	Writes information about the applied rule to the program log and define the format of event messages (use the tooltip for suggestions).

4.4 Computer

The **Computer** module can be found under **Setup > Computer**. It displays an overview of the protection modules described in the [previous chapter](#). In this section, the following settings are available:

- [Real-time file system protection](#)
- [On-demand computer scan](#)
- [Idle-state scanning](#)
- [Startup scan](#)
- [Removable media](#)
- [Document protection](#)
- [HIPS](#)

Scanner options for all protection modules allow you to enable or disable detection of the following:

- **Potentially unwanted applications** (PUAs) are not necessarily intended to be malicious, but may affect the performance of your computer in a negative way. Read more about these types of applications in the [glossary](#).
- **Potentially unsafe applications** refers to legitimate commercial software that has the potential to be misused for malicious purposes. Examples of potentially unsafe applications include remote access tools, password-cracking applications, and keyloggers (programs that record each keystroke typed by a user). This option is disabled by default. Read more about these types of applications in the [glossary](#).
- **Potentially suspicious applications** include programs compressed with [packers](#) or protectors. These types of protectors are often exploited by malware authors to evade detection.

Anti-Stealth technology is a sophisticated system that detects dangerous programs such as [rootkits](#) which are able to hide themselves from the operating system, making it impossible to detect them using ordinary testing techniques.

[Processes exclusions](#) allows you to exclude specific processes. For example processes of the backup solution, all file operations attributed to such excluded process are being ignored and considered safe, thus minimizing the interference with the backup process.

[Exclusions](#) enable you to exclude files and folders from scanning. To ensure that all objects are scanned for threats, we recommend only creating exclusions when it is absolutely necessary. Situations where you may need to exclude an object might include scanning large database entries that would slow your computer during a scan or software that conflicts with the scan.

4.4.1 An infiltration is detected

Infiltrations can reach the system from various entry points such as webpages, shared folders, via email or from removable devices (USB, external disks, CDs, DVDs, diskettes, etc.).

Standard behavior

As a general example of how infiltrations are handled by ESET Security for Kerio, infiltrations can be detected using:

- [Real-time file system protection](#)
- [On-demand computer scan](#)

Each uses the standard cleaning level and will attempt to clean the file and move it to [Quarantine](#) or terminate the connection. A notification window is displayed in the notification area at the bottom right corner of the screen. For more information about cleaning levels and behavior, see [Cleaning](#).

Cleaning and deleting

If there is no predefined action to take for Real-time file system protection, you will be prompted to select an option in the alert window. Usually the options **Clean**, **Delete** and **No action** are available. Selecting **No action** is not recommended, as this will leave infected files uncleaned. The exception to this is when you are sure that a file is harmless and has been detected by mistake.

Apply cleaning if a file has been attacked by a virus that has attached malicious code to the file. If this is the case, attempt to clean the infected file in order to restore it to its original state before cleaning. If the file consists exclusively of malicious code, it will be deleted.

If an infected file is “locked” or in use by a system process, it will usually only be deleted after it is released (normally after a system restart).

Multiple threats

If any infected files were not cleaned during Computer scan (or the [Cleaning level](#) was set to **No Cleaning**), an alert window prompting you to select actions for those files is displayed. Select an action individually for each threat in the list or you can use **Select action for all listed threats** and choose one action to take on all the threats in the list, then click **Finish**.

Deleting files in archives

In Default cleaning mode, the entire archive will only be deleted if it contains infected files and no clean files. In other words, archives are not deleted if they also contain harmless clean files. Use caution when performing a Strict cleaning scan, with Strict cleaning enabled an archive will be deleted if it contains at least one infected file regardless of the status of other files in the archive.

If your computer is showing signs of a malware infection, for example, it is slower, often freezes, etc., we recommend that you do the following:

- Open ESET Security for Kerio and click Computer scan
- Click **Smart scan** (for more information, see [Computer scan](#))
- After the scan has finished, review the log for the number of scanned, infected and cleaned files

If you only want to scan a certain part of your disk, click **Custom scan** and select targets to be scanned for viruses.

4.4.2 Processes exclusions

This feature allows you to exclude application processes from Antivirus On-access scanning only. These exclusions help minimize the risk of potential conflicts and improve the performance of excluded applications which in turn has a positive effect on the overall performance of the operating system.

When a process is excluded, its executable file is not monitored. Activity of excluded process is not monitored by ESET Security for Kerio and no scanning is performed on any file operations performed by the process.

Click **Add**, **Edit** and **Remove** to manage Processes exclusions.

EXAMPLE

Web access protection does not take into account this exclusion, so if you exclude the executable file of your web browser, downloaded files are still scanned. This way an infiltration can still be detected. This scenario is an example only, and we do not recommend creating exclusions for web browsers.

NOTE

HIPS is involved in the evaluation of excluded processes, therefore we recommend that you test newly excluded processes with HIPS enabled (or disabled if you experience problems). Disabling HIPS will not affect process exclusions. If HIPS is disabled, the identification of excluded processes is based on path only.

4.4.3 Automatic exclusions

The developers of server applications and operating systems recommend excluding sets of critical working files and folders from antivirus scans for most of their products. Antivirus scans may have a negative influence on a server's performance, lead to conflicts and even prevent some applications from running on the server. Exclusions help minimize the risk of potential conflicts and increase the overall performance of the server when running antivirus software.

ESET Security for Kerio identifies critical server applications and server operating system files, and automatically adds them to the list of [Exclusions](#). You can see a list of detected server applications under **Automatic exclusions to generate** for which exclusions were created. All automatic exclusions are enabled by default. You can disable/enable each server application by clicking the switch with the following result:

- If an application/operating system exclusion remains enabled, any of its critical files and folders will be added to the list of files excluded from scanning (**Advanced setup > Computer > Basic > Exclusions > Edit**). Every time the server is restarted, the system performs an automatic check of exclusions and restores any exclusions that may have been deleted from the list. This is the recommended setting if you want to make sure the recommended Automatic exclusions are always applied.
- If the user disables an application/operating system exclusion, its critical files and folders remain on the list of files excluded from scanning (**Advanced setup > Computer > Basic > Exclusions > Edit**). However, they will not be automatically checked and renewed on the **Exclusions** list every time the server is restarted (see point 1 above). We recommend this setting for advanced users, who wish to remove or modify some of the standard exclusions. If you wish to remove the exclusions from the list without restarting the server, you will need to remove them manually from the list (**Advanced setup > Computer > Basic > Exclusions > Edit**).

Any user-defined exclusions entered manually (under **Advanced setup > Computer > Basic > Exclusions > Edit**) will not be affected by the settings described above.

NOTE

[Excluded](#) object for Kerio are following:

- Kerio Connect - store folder (for example *C:\Program Files\Kerio\MailServer\store*.**). Location of the Kerio store folder is read from the configuration file *mailserver.cfg* (tag `<variable name="StoreDir">`).
- Kerio Control - whole installation folder (for example *C:\Program Files (x86)\Kerio\WinRoute Firewall*.**).

4.4.4 Shared local cache

ESET Shared local cache will boost performance in virtualized environments by eliminating duplicate scanning in the network. This ensures that each file will be scanned only once and stored in the shared cache.

Turn on the **Caching option** switch to save information about scans of files and folders on your network to the local cache. If you perform a new scan, ESET Security for Kerio will search for scanned files in the cache. If files match, they will be excluded from scanning.

Cache server setup contains the following:

- **Hostname** - Name or IP address of the computer where the cache is located.
- **Port** - Number of the port used for communication (same as was set in Shared local cache).
- **Password** - Specify the Shared local cache password if required.

4.4.5 Real-time file system protection

Real-time file system protection controls all antivirus-related events in the system. All files are scanned for malicious code when they are opened, created, or run on your computer. Real-time file system protection is launched at system startup.

The screenshot shows the 'Advanced setup' window for ESET Security for Kerio. The left sidebar contains a tree view with categories: SERVER, COMPUTER, UPDATE, DEVICE CONTROL, TOOLS, and USER INTERFACE. Under 'COMPUTER', 'Real-time file system protection' is selected, with sub-items: On-demand computer scan, Idle-state scanning, Startup scan, Removable media, Document protection, and HIPS. The main panel displays the 'BASIC' tab for 'Real-time file system protection'. It includes a search bar at the top right. The settings are organized into sections: 'Start Real-time file system protection automatically' (checked), 'MEDIA TO SCAN' (Local drives, Removable media, and Network drives are all checked), and 'SCAN ON' (File open, File creation, File execution, Removable media access, and Computer shutdown are all checked). Each setting has a toggle switch and an information icon. At the bottom, there are 'Default', 'OK', and 'Cancel' buttons.

Category	Setting	Status	Info
Real-time file system protection	Start Real-time file system protection automatically	Checked	Info
	MEDIA TO SCAN		
	Local drives	Checked	Info
	Removable media	Checked	Info
	Network drives	Checked	Info
	SCAN ON		
	File open	Checked	Info
	File creation	Checked	Info
	File execution	Checked	Info
	Removable media access	Checked	Info
Computer shutdown	Checked	Info	

By default, Real-time file system protection launches at system start-up and provides uninterrupted scanning. In special cases (for example, if there is a conflict with another real-time scanner), real-time protection can be disabled by disengaging **Start Real-time file system protection automatically** in **Advanced setup** under **Real-time file system protection > Basic**.

Media to scan

By default, all types of media are scanned for potential threats:

- **Local drives** - Controls all system hard drives.
- **Removable media** - Controls CD/DVD's, USB storage, Bluetooth devices, etc.
- **Network drives** - Scans all mapped drives.

We recommend that you use default settings and only modify them in specific cases, such as when scanning certain media significantly slows data transfers.

Scan on

By default, all files are scanned upon opening, creation, or execution. We recommend that you keep these default settings, as they provide the maximum level of real-time protection for your computer:

- **File open** - Enables or disables scanning when files are opened.
- **File creation** - Enables or disables scanning when files are created.
- **File execution** - Enables or disables scanning when files are run.
- **Removable media access** - Enables or disables scanning triggered by accessing particular removable media with storage space.
- **Computer shutdown** - Enables or disables scanning triggered by computer shutdown.

Real-time file system protection checks all types of media and is triggered by various system events such as accessing a file. Using ThreatSense technology detection methods (as described in the [ThreatSense parameters](#) section), Real-time file system protection can be configured to treat newly created files differently than existing files. For example, you can configure Real-time file system protection to more closely monitor newly created files.

To ensure a minimal system footprint when using real-time protection, files that have already been scanned are not scanned repeatedly (unless they have been modified). Files are scanned again immediately after each virus signature database update. This behavior is controlled using **Smart optimization**. If **Smart optimization** is disabled, all files are scanned each time they are accessed. To modify this setting, press **F5** to open Advanced setup and expand **Computer > Real-time file system protection**. Click **ThreatSense parameters > Other** and select or deselect **Enable Smart optimization**.

4.4.5.1 Exclusions

Exclusions enable you to exclude files and folders from scanning. To ensure that all objects are scanned for threats, we recommend only creating exclusions when it is absolutely necessary. Situations where you may need to exclude an object might include scanning large database entries that would slow your computer during a scan or software that conflicts with the scan (for example, backup software).

WARNING

Not to be confused with [Excluded extensions](#).

To exclude an object from scanning:

Click [Add](#) and enter the path to an object or select it in the tree structure.

You can use wildcards to cover a group of files. A question mark (?) represents a single variable character whereas an asterisk (*) represents a variable string of zero or more characters.

EXAMPLE

- If you want to exclude all files in a folder, type the path to the folder and use the mask `"*. *"`.
- To exclude an entire drive including all files and subfolders, use the mask `"D:*"`.
- If you want to exclude doc files only, use the mask `"*.doc"`.
- If the name of an executable file has a certain number of characters (and characters vary) and you only know the first one for sure (say "D"), use the following format: `"D?????.exe"`. Question marks replace the missing (unknown) characters.

Exclusions

Path	Threat
C:\inetpub\logs\LogFiles**.log	
C:\inetpub\temp\ASP Compiled Templates*.*	
C:\inetpub\temp\IIS Temporary Compressed Files*.*	
C:\pagefile.sys	
C:\Program Files (x86)\Kerio\MailServer\store*.*	
C:\Program Files (x86)\Kerio\WinRoute Firewall*.*	
c:\Program Files\Microsoft SQL Server\MSSQL10_50.ERA140210042530\MSSQL\Ba...	
c:\Program Files\Microsoft SQL Server\MSSQL10_50.ERA140210042530\MSSQL\Ba...	
c:\Program Files\Microsoft SQL Server\MSSQL10_50.ERA140210042530\MSSQL\DA...	
c:\Program Files\Microsoft SQL Server\MSSQL10_50.ERA140210042530\MSSQL\DA...	
c:\Program Files\Microsoft SQL Server\MSSQL10_50.ERA140210042530\MSSQL\DA...	

Add Edit Remove

OK

Cancel

NOTE

A threat within a file will not be detected by the Real-time file system protection module or Computer scan module if that file meets the criteria for exclusion from scanning.

Columns

Path - Path to excluded files and folders.

Threat - If the name of a threat is displayed next to an excluded file, it means that the file is only excluded for the given threat. If that file becomes infected later with other malware, it will be detected by the antivirus module. This type of exclusion can only be used for certain types of infiltrations, and can be created either in the threat alert window reporting the infiltration (click **Show advanced options** and then select **Exclude from detection**), or select **Tools > Quarantine**, right-clicking the quarantined file and then selecting **Restore and exclude from scanning** from the context menu.

Control elements

Add - Excludes objects from detection.

Edit - Enables you to edit selected entries.

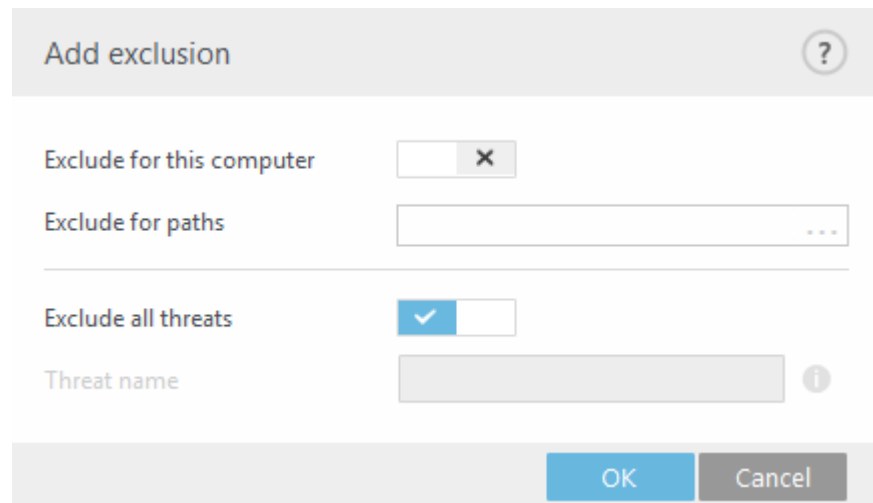
Remove - Removes selected entries.

4.4.5.1.1 Add or Edit exclusion

This dialog window enables you to add or edit exclusions. It can be done in two ways:

- by typing the path to an object to be excluded
- by selecting it in the tree structure (click the ... at the end of the text field to browse)

If using the first method, wildcards described in the [Exclusion format](#) section can be used.



Exclude for this computer / Exclude for paths - Excludes specific threats or a specific path for this computer. You are not able to create exclusion when both settings are enabled.

Exclude all threats / Threat name - Exclusions apply to potentially unwanted applications, potentially unsafe applications and suspicious applications.

4.4.5.1.2 Exclusion format

You can use wildcards to cover a group of files. A question mark (?) represents a single variable character whereas an asterisk (*) represents a variable string of zero or more characters.

✓ EXAMPLE

- If you want to exclude all files in a folder, type the path to the folder and use the mask `"*. *"`.
- To exclude an entire drive including all files and subfolders, use the mask `"D:*"`.
- If you want to exclude doc files only, use the mask `"*.doc"`.
- If the name of an executable file has a certain number of characters (and characters vary) and you only know the first one for sure (say "D"), use the following format: `"D?????.exe"`. Question marks replace the missing (unknown) characters.

4.4.5.2 ThreatSense parameters

ThreatSense is technology comprised of many complex threat detection methods. This technology is proactive, which means it also provides protection during the early spread of a new threat. It uses a combination of code analysis, code emulation, generic signatures and virus signatures which work in concert to significantly enhance system security. The scanning engine is capable of controlling several data streams simultaneously, maximizing the efficiency and detection rate. ThreatSense technology also successfully eliminates rootkits.

i NOTE

For details about automatic startup file check, see [Startup scan](#).

ThreatSense engine setup options allow you to specify several scan parameters:

- File types and extensions that are to be scanned
- The combination of various detection methods
- Levels of cleaning, etc.

To enter the setup window, click **ThreatSense engine parameter setup** in the **Advanced setup** window for any module that uses ThreatSense technology (see below). Different security scenarios may require different configurations. With this in mind, ThreatSense is individually configurable for the following protection modules:

- [Antivirus and antispyware](#) (Kerio Connect / Kerio Control)
- [Hyper-V scan](#)
- [Real-time file system protection](#)
- [Idle-state scanning](#)
- [Startup scan](#)
- [Document protection](#)

ThreatSense parameters are highly optimized for each module, and their modification can significantly influence system operation. For example, changing parameters to always scan runtime packers, or enabling advanced heuristics in the Real-time file system protection module could result in a system slow-down (normally, only newly-created files are scanned using these methods). We recommend that you leave the default ThreatSense parameters unchanged for all modules except Computer scan.

Objects to scan

This section allows you to define which computer components and files will be scanned for infiltrations.

- **Operating memory** - Scans for threats that attack the operating memory of the system.
- **Boot sectors** - Scans boot sectors for the presence of viruses in the MBR (Master Boot Record). In case of a Hyper-V Virtual Machine, its disk MBR is scanned in read - only mode.
- **Email files** - The program supports the following extensions: DBX (Outlook Express) and EML.
- **Archives** - The program supports the following extensions: ARJ, BZ2, CAB, CHM, DBX, GZIP, ISO/BIN/NRG, LHA, MIME, NSIS, RAR, SIS, TAR, TNEF, UUE, WISE, ZIP, ACE, and many others.
- **Self-extracting archives** – Self-extracting archives (SFX) are archives needing no specialized programs – archives – to decompress themselves.
- **Runtime packers** - After being executed, runtime packers (unlike standard archive types) decompress in memory. In addition to standard static packers (UPX, yoda, ASPack, FSG, etc.), the scanner is able to recognize several additional types of packers through the use of code emulation.

Scan options

Select the methods used when scanning the system for infiltrations. The following options are available:

- **Heuristics** - A heuristic is an algorithm that analyzes the (malicious) activity of programs. The main advantage of this technology is the ability to identify malicious software which did not exist, or was not known by the previous virus signatures database.
- **Advanced heuristics/DNA signatures** - Advanced heuristics consist of a unique heuristic algorithm developed by ESET, optimized for detecting computer worms and trojan horses and written in high level programming languages. The use of advanced heuristics greatly increases the threat detection capabilities of ESET products. Signatures can reliably detect and identify viruses. Utilizing the automatic update system, new signatures are available within a few hours of a threat discovery. The disadvantage of signatures is that they only detect viruses they know (or slightly modified versions of these viruses).

Cleaning

The cleaning settings determine the behavior of the scanner while cleaning infected files. There are 3 levels of cleaning:

No cleaning - Infected files will not be cleaned automatically. The program will display a warning window and allow the user to choose an action. This level is designed for more advanced users who know which steps to take in the event of an infiltration.

Normal cleaning - The program will attempt to automatically clean or delete an infected file based on a predefined action (depending on the type of infiltration). Detection and deletion of an infected file is signaled by a notification in the bottom-right corner of the screen. If it is not possible to select the correct action automatically, the program provides other follow-up actions. The same happens when a predefined action cannot be completed.

Strict cleaning - The program will clean or delete all infected files. The only exceptions are system files. If it is not possible to clean a file, the user will be asked what type of action should be taken.

WARNING

If an archive contains a file or files that are infected, there are two options for dealing with the archive. In the default mode, **Normal cleaning**, the whole archive will be deleted if all the files it contains are infected. In **Strict cleaning** mode, the archive will be deleted if it contains at least one infected file, regardless of the status of the other files in the archive.

IMPORTANT

If a Hyper-V host is running on Windows Server 2008 R2, **Normal cleaning** and **Strict cleaning** are not supported. Scanning of Virtual Machine disks is done in read-only mode, no cleaning will be performed. Regardless of the cleaning level selected, the scan is always performed in read-only mode.

Exclusions

An extension is the part of a file name delimited by a period. An extension defines the type and content of a file. This section of the ThreatSense parameter setup lets you define the types of [files to exclude from scan](#).

Other

When configuring ThreatSense engine parameters setup for a On-demand computer scan, the following options in **Other** section are also available:

- **Scan alternate data streams (ADS)** - Alternate data streams used by the NTFS file system are file and folder associations which are invisible to ordinary scanning techniques. Many infiltrations try to avoid detection by disguising themselves as alternate data streams.
- **Run background scans with low priority** - Each scanning sequence consumes a certain amount of system resources. If you work with programs that place a high load on system resources, you can activate low priority background scanning and save resources for your applications.
- **Log all objects** - If this option is selected, the log file will show all the scanned files, even those not infected. For example, if an infiltration is found within an archive, the log will also list clean files contained within the archive.
- **Enable Smart optimization** - With Smart Optimization enabled, the most optimal settings are used to ensure the most efficient scanning level, while simultaneously maintaining the highest scanning speeds. The various protection modules scan intelligently, making use of different scanning methods and applying them to specific file types. If Smart Optimization is disabled, only the user-defined settings in the ThreatSense core of the particular modules are applied when performing a scan.
- **Preserve last access timestamp** - Select this option to keep the original access time of scanned files instead of updating them (for example, for use with data backup systems).

Limits

The Limits section allows you to specify the maximum size of objects and levels of nested archives to be scanned:

Object settings

Default object settings - enable to use default settings (no limits). ESET Security for Kerio will be ignoring your custom settings.

- **Maximum object size** - Defines the maximum size of objects to be scanned. The given antivirus module will then scan only objects smaller than the size specified. This option should only be changed by advanced users who may have specific reasons for excluding larger objects from scanning. Default value: *unlimited*.
- **Maximum scan time for object (sec.)** - Defines the maximum time value for scanning of an object. If a user-defined value has been entered here, the antivirus module will stop scanning an object when that time has elapsed, regardless of whether the scan has finished. Default value: *unlimited*.

Archive scan setup

Archive nesting level - Specifies the maximum depth of archive scanning. Default value: *10*. For objects detected by Mailbox transport protection, actual nesting level is +1 because archive attachment in an email is considered first level. For example, if you have nesting level set to 3, an archive file with nesting level 3 will only be scanned on a transport layer up to its actual level 2. Therefore, if you want to have archives scanned by Mailbox transport protection up to level 3, set the value for **Archive nesting level** to 4.

Maximum size of file in archive - This option allows you to specify the maximum file size for files contained in archives (when they are extracted) that are to be scanned. Default value: *unlimited*.

i NOTE

We do not recommend changing the default values; under normal circumstances, there should be no reason to modify them.

4.4.5.2.1 File extensions excluded from scanning

An extension is the part of a file name delimited by a period. An extension defines the type and content of a file. This section of the ThreatSense parameter setup lets you define the types of files to scan.

By default, all files are scanned. Any extension can be added to the list of files excluded from scanning.

It may be necessary to exclude a file extension if scanning certain file types prevents the program that uses these extensions from running properly. For example, it may be advisable to exclude the `.edb`, `.eml` and `.tmp` extensions when using Microsoft Exchange servers.

Using the **Add** and **Remove** buttons, you can allow or prohibit the scanning of specific file extensions. To add a new extension to the list, click **Add** type the extension into the blank field and click **OK**. When you select **Enter multiple values**, you can add multiple file extensions delimited by lines, commas or semicolons. When multiple selection is enabled, extensions will be shown in the list. Select an extension in the list and click **Remove** to delete that extension from the list. If you want to edit a selected extension click **Edit**.

The special symbol ? (question mark) can be used. The question mark represents any symbol.

i NOTE

In order to see the exact extension (if any) of a file in a Windows operating system you have to uncheck the **Hide extensions for known file types** option at **Control Panel > Folder Options > View** (tab) and apply this change.

4.4.5.2.2 Additional ThreatSense parameters

Additional ThreatSense parameters for newly created and modified files - The probability of infection in newly-created or modified files is comparatively higher than in existing files. For this reason, the program checks these files with additional scanning parameters. Along with common signature-based scanning methods, advanced heuristics, which can detect new threats before the virus signature database update is released, are also used. In addition to newly-created files, scanning is performed on self-extracting files (`.sfx`) and runtime packers (internally compressed executable files). By default, archives are scanned up to the 10th nesting level and are checked regardless of their actual size. To modify archive scan settings, disable **Default archive scan settings**.

To learn more about **Runtime packers**, **Self-extracting archives** and **Advanced heuristics** see [ThreatSense engine parameters setup](#).

Additional ThreatSense parameters for executed files - By default, [Advanced heuristics](#) is used when files are executed. When enabled, we strongly recommend keeping [Smart optimization](#) and ESET LiveGrid enabled to mitigate impact on system performance.

4.4.5.2.3 Cleaning levels

Real-time protection has three cleaning levels (to access cleaning level settings, click **ThreatSense parameters** in the **Real-time file system protection** section. Select the desired cleaning level from the drop-down list:

No cleaning - Infected files will not be cleaned automatically. The program will display a warning window and allow the user to choose an action. This level is designed for more advanced users who know which steps to take in the event of an infiltration.

Normal cleaning - The program will attempt to automatically clean or delete an infected file based on a predefined action (depending on the type of infiltration). Detection and deletion of an infected file is signaled by a notification in the bottom-right corner of the screen. If it is not possible to select the correct action automatically, the program provides other follow-up actions. The same happens when a predefined action cannot be completed.

Strict cleaning - The program will clean or delete all infected files. The only exceptions are system files. If it is not possible to clean a file, the user will be asked what type of action should be taken.

WARNING


If an archive contains a file or files that are infected, there are two options for dealing with the archive. In the default mode, **Normal cleaning**, the whole archive will be deleted if all the files it contains are infected. In **Strict cleaning** mode, the archive will be deleted if it contains at least one infected file, regardless of the status of the other files in the archive.

IMPORTANT

If a Hyper-V host is running on Windows Server 2008 R2, **Normal cleaning** and **Strict cleaning** are not supported. Scanning of Virtual Machine disks is done in read-only mode, no cleaning will be performed. Regardless of the cleaning level selected, the scan is always performed in read-only mode.

4.4.5.2.4 When to modify real-time protection configuration

Real-time file system protection is the most essential component for maintaining a secure system. Always be careful when modifying its parameters. We recommend that you only modify its parameters in specific cases.

After installing ESET Security for Kerio, all settings are optimized to provide the maximum level of system security for users. To restore default settings, click  next to each tab in the window (**Advanced setup** > **Computer** > **Real-time file system protection**).

4.4.5.2.5 Checking real-time protection

To verify that real-time protection is working and detecting viruses, use a test file from eicar.com. This test file is a harmless file detectable by all antivirus programs. The file was created by the EICAR company (European Institute for Computer Antivirus Research) to test the functionality of antivirus programs. The file is available for download at <http://www.eicar.org/download/eicar.com>

4.4.5.2.6 What to do if real-time protection does not work

In this chapter, we describe problems that may arise when using real-time protection and how to troubleshoot them.

Real-time protection is disabled

If real-time protection was inadvertently disabled by a user, it needs to be reactivated. To reactivate real-time protection, navigate to **Setup** in the main program window and click **Real-time file system protection**.

If real-time protection is not initiated at system startup, it is usually because **Start Real-time file system protection automatically** is deselected. To enable this option, navigate to **Advanced setup** (F5) and click **Computer** > **Real-time file system protection** > **Basic** in the **Advanced setup** section. Make sure that **Start Real-time file system protection automatically** is turned on.

If Real-time protection does not detect and clean infiltrations

Make sure that no other antivirus programs are installed on your computer. If two real-time protection shields are enabled at the same time, they may conflict with each other. We recommend that you uninstall any other antivirus programs on your system before installing ESET.

Real-time protection does not start

If real-time protection is not initiated at system startup (and **Start Real-time file system protection automatically** is enabled), it may be due to conflicts with other programs. For assistance resolving this issue, please contact ESET Customer Care.

4.4.5.2.7 Submission

You can select how files and statistical information will be submitted to ESET. Select **By means of Remote Administrator or directly to ESET** for files and statistics to be submitted by any available means. Select the **By means of Remote Administrator** option to submit files and statistics to the remote administration server, which will ensure their subsequent submission to the ESET Threat Lab. If **Directly to ESET** is selected, all suspicious files and statistical information are sent to the ESET virus lab directly from the program.

When there are files pending submission, the **Submit now** button will be active. Click this button to immediately submit files and statistical information.

Select **Enable logging** to create a log to record file and statistical information submissions.

4.4.5.2.8 Statistics

The <%TSN%> Early Warning System collects anonymous information about your computer related to newly detected threats. This information may include the name of the infiltration, the date and time it was detected, the ESET security product version, your operating system version and the location setting. The statistics are typically delivered to ESET servers once or twice a day.

Below is an example of a statistical package submitted:

```
# utc_time=2005-04-14 07:21:28
# country="Slovakia"
# language="ENGLISH"
# osver=5.1.2600 NT
# engine=5417
# components=2.50.2
# moduleid=0x4e4f4d41
# filesize=28368
# filename=C:\Documents and Settings\Administrator\Local Settings\
Temporary Internet Files\Content.IE5\C14J8NS7\rdgFR1463[1].exe
```

When to submit - You can define when the statistical information will be submitted. If you choose to submit **As soon as possible**, statistical information will be sent immediately after it is created. This setting is suitable if a permanent Internet connection is available. If **During update** is selected, statistical information will be submitted collectively during the next update.

4.4.5.2.9 Suspicious files

The **Suspicious files** tab allows you to configure the manner in which threats are submitted to the ESET Threat Lab for analysis.

If you find a suspicious file, you can submit it for analysis to our ThreatLabs. If it is a malicious application, its detection will be added to the next virus signature update.

File submission can be set to occur automatically, or select **Ask before submitting** if you want to know which files have been sent for analysis and confirm the submission.

If you do not want any files to be submitted, select **Do not submit for analysis**. Selecting not to submit files for analysis does not affect submission of statistical information which is configured in its own setup (see section [Statistics](#)).

When to submit - By default, **As soon as possible** is selected for suspicious files to be sent to ESET's Threat Lab. This

is recommended if a permanent Internet connection is available and suspicious files can be delivered without delay. Select the **During** update option for suspicious files to be uploaded to ThreatSense.Net during the next update.

Exclusion filter - The Exclusion filter allows you to exclude certain files/folders from submission. For example, it may be useful to exclude files which may carry confidential information, such as documents or spreadsheets. The most common file types are excluded by default (.doc, etc.). You can add to the list of excluded files if desired.

Contact email - Your **Contact email [optional]** can sent with any suspicious files and may be used to contact you if further information is required for analysis. Please note that you will not receive a response from ESET unless more information is needed.

4.4.6 On-demand computer scan and Hyper-V scan

This section provides options to select scanning parameters. **Selected profile** a particular set of parameters used by the on-demand scanner. To create a new one, click **Edit** next to **List of profiles**.

i **NOTE**
This scan profile selector applies to both On-demand computer scan and [Hyper-V scan](#).

Advanced setup

SERVER

COMPUTER

Real-time file system protection

On-demand computer scan

Hyper-V scan

Idle-state scanning

Startup scan

Removable media

Document protection

HIPS

UPDATE

DEVICE CONTROL

TOOLS

USER INTERFACE

BASIC

Selected profile

My profile

List of profiles

Edit

Scan targets

Edit

My profile

THREATSENSE PARAMETERS

Default

OK

Cancel

If you only want to scan a specific target, you can click **Edit** next to **Scan targets** and choose an option from drop-down menu or selecting specific targets from the folder (tree) structure.

The scan targets window allows you to define which objects (memory, drives, sectors, files and folders) are scanned for infiltrations. Select targets from the tree structure, which lists all devices available on the computer. The **Scan targets** drop-down menu allows you to select predefined scan targets.

- **By profile settings** - Selects targets set in the selected scan profile.
- **Removable media** - Selects diskettes, USB storage devices, CD/DVD.
- **Local drives** - Selects all system hard drives.
- **Network drives** - Selects all mapped network drives.
- **Shared Folders** - Selects all folders on the local server that are shared.

- **No selection** - Clears all selections.

Scan targets for [Hyper -V](#) drop-down menu allows you to select predefined scan targets:

- **By profile settings** - Selects targets set in the selected scan profile.
- **All virtual machines** - Selects all virtual machines.
- **Powered on virtual machines** - Selects all online VMs.
- **Powered off virtual machines** - Selects all offline VMs.
- **No selection** - Clears all selections.

Click [ThreatSense parameters](#) to modify scan parameters (for example, detection methods) for the On-demand computer scanner.

4.4.6.1 Custom scan and Hyper-V scan launcher

If you only want to scan a specific target, you can use the **Custom scan** and selecting an option from the **Scan targets** drop-down menu or selecting specific targets from the folder (tree) structure.

i NOTE

This scan target selector applies to both Custom scan and [Hyper-V scan](#).

The scan targets window allows you to define which objects (memory, drives, sectors, files and folders) are scanned for infiltrations. Select targets from the tree structure, which lists all devices available on the computer. The **Scan targets** drop-down menu allows you to select predefined scan targets.

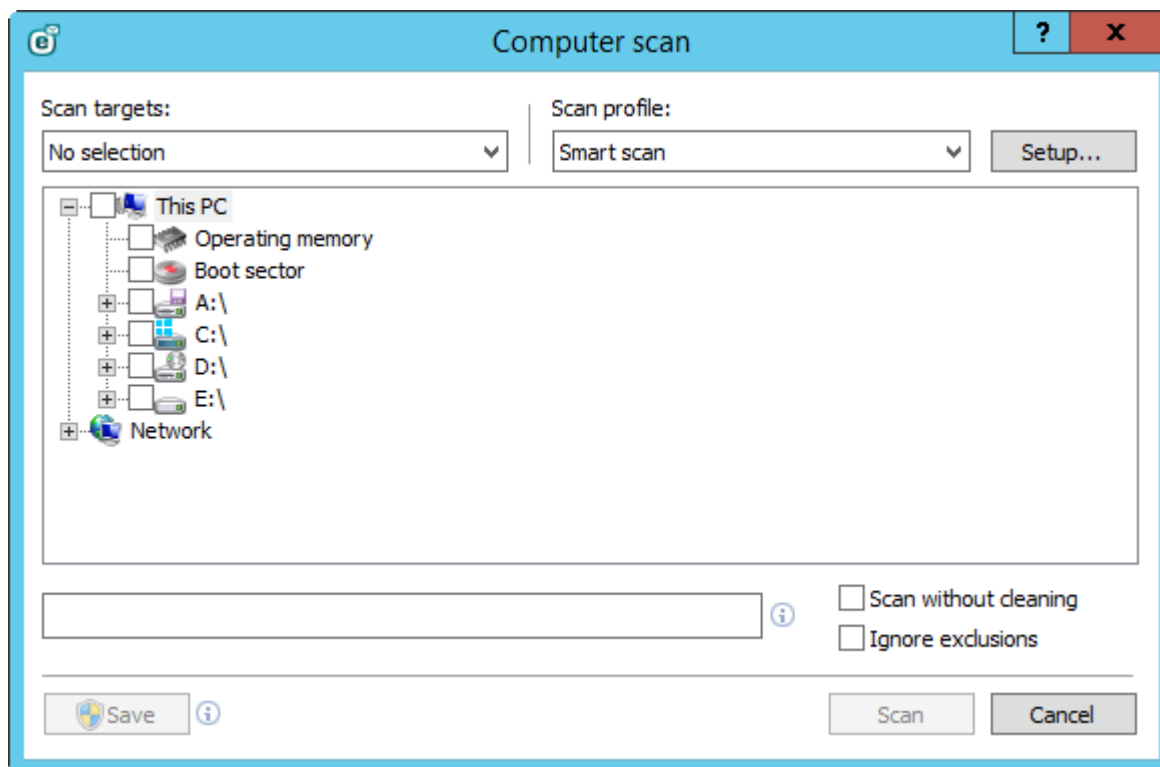
- **By profile settings** - Selects targets set in the selected scan profile.
- **Removable media** - Selects diskettes, USB storage devices, CD/DVD.
- **Local drives** - Selects all system hard drives.
- **Network drives** - Selects all mapped network drives.
- **Shared Folders** - Selects all folders on the local server that are shared.
- **No selection** - Clears all selections.

Scan targets for [Hyper -V](#) drop-down menu allows you to select predefined scan targets:

- **By profile settings** - Selects targets set in the selected scan profile.
- **All virtual machines** - Selects all virtual machines.
- **Powered on virtual machines** - Selects all online VMs.
- **Powered off virtual machines** - Selects all offline VMs.
- **No selection** - Clears all selections.

To quickly navigate to a scan target or to add a new target file or folder, enter it in the blank field below the folder list. This is only possible if no targets are selected in the tree structure and the **Scan targets** menu is set to **No selection**.

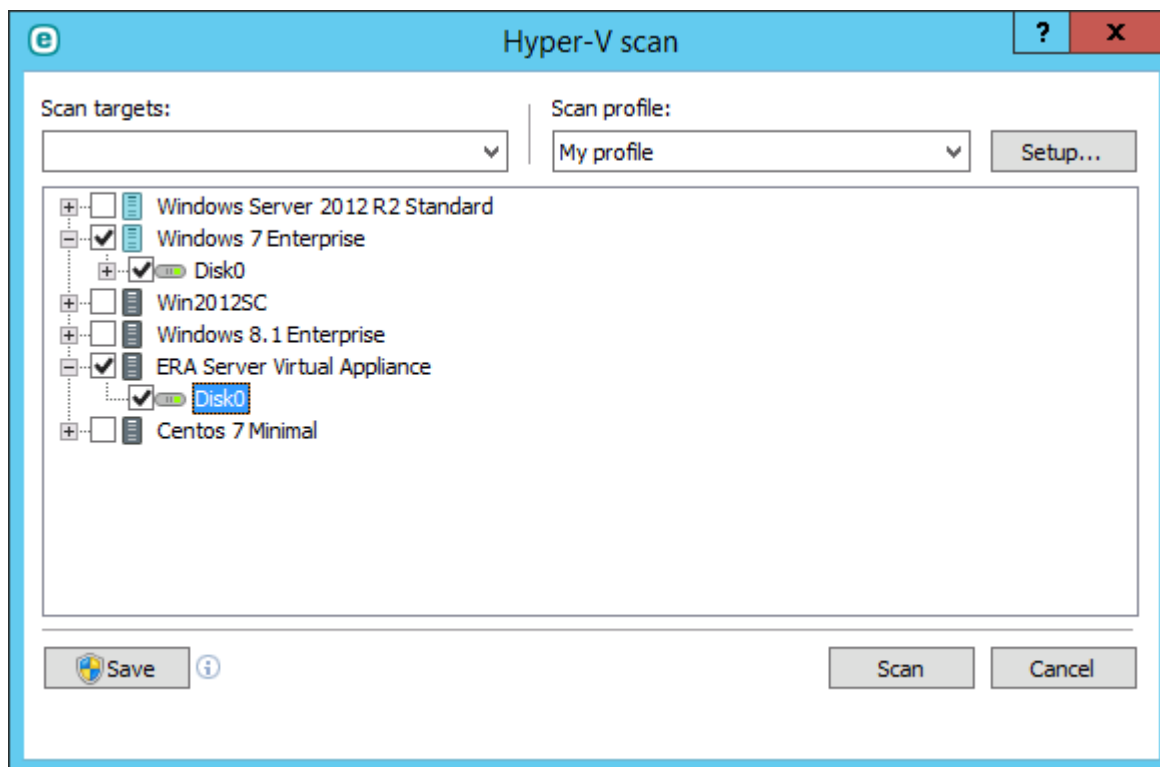
Custom scan pop-up window:



If you are only interested in scanning the system without additional cleaning actions, select **Scan without cleaning**. This is useful when you only want to obtain an overview whether there are infected items and get details about these infections, if there are any. You can choose from three cleaning levels by clicking **Setup > ThreatSense parameters > Cleaning**. Information about scanning is saved to a scan log.

When you select **Ignore exclusions**, it lets you perform a scan while ignoring [exclusions](#) that otherwise apply.

The **Hyper-V scan** pop-up window (see [Hyper-V scan](#) for more information):



You can choose a profile from the **Scan profile** drop-down menu to be used for scanning chosen targets. The default profile is **Smart scan**. There are two more pre-defined scan profiles called **In-depth scan** and **Context menu scan**. These scan profiles use different [ThreatSense engine parameters](#). Click **Setup...** to configure a scan profile from the Scan profile menu in detail. Available options are described in [ThreatSense engine parameters setup](#).

Click **Save** to save changes made to your target selection, including selections made within the folder tree structure.

Click **Scan** to execute the scan using the custom parameters that you have set.

Scan as Administrator allows you to execute the scan under the Administrator account. Click this if the current user doesn't have privileges to access the appropriate files to be scanned. Note that this button is not available if the current user cannot call UAC operations as Administrator.

4.4.6.2 Scan progress

The scan progress window shows the current status of the scan and information about the number of files found that contain malicious code.

NOTE
It is normal that some files, such as password protected files or files exclusively being used by the system (typically *pagefile.sys* and certain log files), cannot be scanned.

Smart scan

Scan progress

Threats found: 0

C:\Documents and Settings\Administrator\AppData\Local\TechSmith\Snagit\DataStore\290949F6-D604-414B-8C3E-EACA1E33A939.SNAG

Log

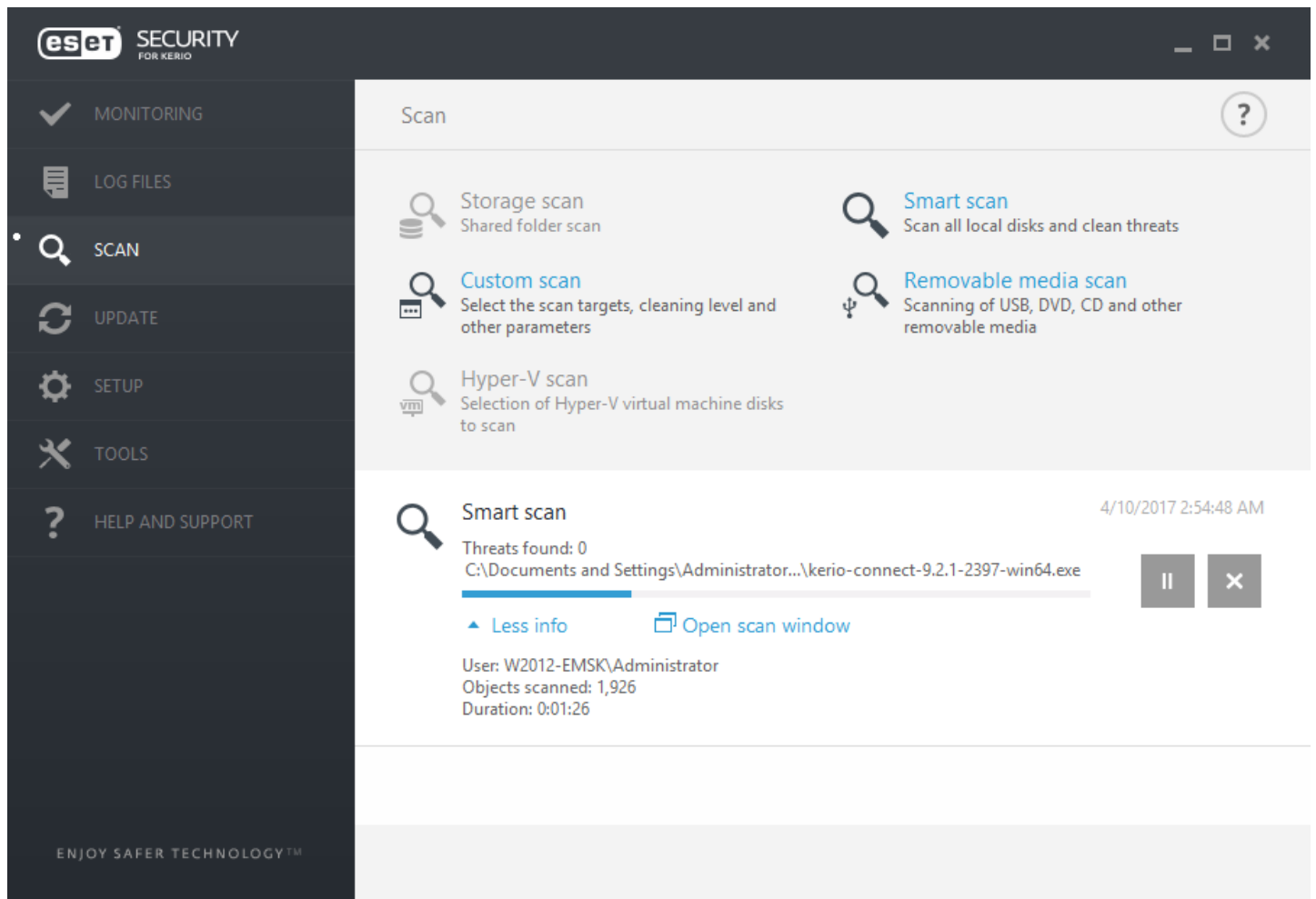
C:\Documents and Settings\Administrator\NTUSER.DAT - error opening
C:\Documents and Settings\Administrator\ntuser.dat.LOG1 - error opening
C:\Documents and Settings\Administrator\ntuser.dat.LOG2 - error opening
C:\Documents and Settings\Administrator\AppData\Local\Microsoft\Windows\UsrClass.dat - error opening
C:\Documents and Settings\Administrator\AppData\Local\Microsoft\Windows\UsrClass.dat.LOG1 - error opening
C:\Documents and Settings\Administrator\AppData\Local\Microsoft\Windows\UsrClass.dat.LOG2 - error opening
C:\Documents and Settings\Administrator\AppData\Local\Microsoft\Windows\WebCacheLock.dat - error opening
C:\Documents and Settings\Administrator\AppData\Local\Microsoft\Windows\Notifications\WPNPRMRY.tmp - error opening
C:\Documents and Settings\Administrator\AppData\Local\Microsoft\Windows\WebCache\V01.log - error opening
C:\Documents and Settings\Administrator\AppData\Local\Microsoft\Windows\WebCache\WebCacheV01.dat - error opening

☒ Scroll scan log

Stop

Pause

- Scan progress** - The progress bar shows the status of already-scanned objects compared to objects still waiting be scanned. The scan progress status is derived from the total number of objects included in scanning.
- Target** - The name of the currently scanned object and its location.
- Threats found** - Shows the total number of threats found during a scan.
- Pause** - Pauses a scan.
- Resume** - This option is visible when scan progress is paused. Click **Resume** to continue scanning.
- Stop** - Terminates the scan.
- Scroll scan log** - If enabled, the scan log will scroll down automatically as new entries are added so that the most recent entries are visible.






You can click **More info** during a scan to see details such as the **User** who executed the scan, number of **Objects scanned** and the scan **Duration**.

4.4.6.3 Scan log

The scan log window shows the current status of the scan and information about the number of files found that contain malicious code.

Computer scan



Log

Scan Log

Version of virus signature database: 15231 (20170410)

Date: 4/10/2017 Time: 2:54:48 AM

Scanned disks, folders and files: Operating memory;C:\Boot sector;C:\

C:\Documents and Settings\Administrator\NTUSER.DAT - error opening [4]

C:\Documents and Settings\Administrator\ntuser.dat.LOG1 - error opening [4]

C:\Documents and Settings\Administrator\ntuser.dat.LOG2 - error opening [4]

C:\Documents and Settings\Administrator\AppData\Local\Microsoft\Windows\UsrClass.dat - error opening [4]

C:\Documents and Settings\Administrator\AppData\Local\Microsoft\Windows\UsrClass.dat.LOG1 - error opening [4]

C:\Documents and Settings\Administrator\AppData\Local\Microsoft\Windows\UsrClass.dat.LOG2 - error opening [4]

C:\Documents and Settings\Administrator\AppData\Local\Microsoft\Windows\WebCacheLock.dat - error opening [4]

C:\Documents and Settings\Administrator\AppData\Local\Microsoft\Windows\Notifications\WPNPRMRY.tmp - error opening [4]

C:\Documents and Settings\Administrator\AppData\Local\Microsoft\Windows\WebCache\V01.log - error opening [4]

C:\Documents and Settings\Administrator\AppData\Local\Microsoft\Windows\WebCache\WebCacheV01.dat - error opening [4]

C:\Documents and Settings\Administrator\AppData\Local\Temp\1\BCGBD2F.tmp - error opening [4]

☐ Filtering

NOTE

In each section, the displayed information can be copied to the clipboard (keyboard shortcut **Ctrl + C**) by selecting the entry and clicking **Copy**. The **Ctrl** and **Shift** keys can be used to select multiple entries.

Click the switch icon ☐ **Filtering** to open the [Log filtering](#) window where you can define the filtering criteria.

To view the context menu options below, right-click a specific record:

- **Show** - Shows more detailed information about the selected log in a new window (same as double-click).
- **Filter same records** - This activates log filtering, showing only records of the same type as the one selected.
- **Filter...** - After clicking this option, the [Log filtering](#) window will allow you to define filtering criteria for specific log entries.
- **Enable filter** - Activates filter settings. The first time you activate filtering, you must define settings.
- **Disable filter** - Turns filtering off (same as clicking the switch at the bottom).
- **Copy** - Copies information of selected/highlighted record(s) into the clipboard.
- **Copy all** - Copies information from all records in the window.
- **Delete** - Deletes selected/highlighted record(s) - this action requires administrator privileges.
- **Delete all** - Deletes all record(s) in the window - this action requires administrator privileges.
- **Export...** - Exports information of selected/highlighted record(s) into an XML file.
- **Export all...** - Exports all the information in the window into an XML file.
- **Find...** - Opens [Find in log](#) window and lets you define search criteria. You can use the find feature to locate a specific record even while filtering is on.
- **Find next** - Finds the next occurrence of your defined search criteria.
- **Find previous** - Finds the previous occurrence.

- **Scroll log** - Leave this enabled to auto scroll old logs and view active logs in the **Log files** window.

4.4.6.4 Profile manager

Profile manager is used in two places within ESET Security for Kerio - in the **On-demand computer scan** section and in the **Update** section.

On-demand computer scan

Your preferred scan parameters can be saved for future scanning. We recommend that you create a different profile (with various scan targets, scan methods and other parameters) for each regularly used scan.

To create a new profile, open the **Advanced setup** window (F5) and click **Computer > On-demand computer scan** and then **Edit** next to **List of profiles**. The **Selected profile** drop-down menu that lists existing scan profiles. To help you create a scan profile to fit your needs, see the [ThreatSense engine parameters setup](#) section for a description of each parameter of the scan setup.

Example: Suppose that you want to create your own scan profile and the Smart scan configuration is partially suitable, but you don't want to scan runtime packers or potentially unsafe applications and you also want to apply **Strict cleaning**. Enter the name of your new profile in the **Profile manager** window and click **Add**. Select your new profile from the **Selected profile** drop-down menu and adjust the remaining parameters to meet your requirements and click **OK** to save your new profile.

Update

The profile editor in the **Update setup** section allows users to create new update profiles. It is only necessary to create custom update profiles if your computer uses multiple means to connect to update servers.

For example, a laptop that normally connects to a local server (Mirror) in the local network but downloads updates directly from ESET update servers when disconnected from the local network (business trip) might use two profiles: the first one for connecting to the local server; the other one for connecting to ESET servers. Once these profiles are configured, navigate to **Tools > Scheduler** and edit the update task parameters. Designate one profile as primary and the other as secondary.

Selected profile - The currently used update profile. To change it, choose a profile from the drop-down menu.

List of profiles - Create new or edit update profiles.

4.4.6.5 Scan targets

The scan targets window allows you to define which objects (memory, drives, sectors, files and folders) are scanned for infiltrations. Select targets from the tree structure, which lists all devices available on the computer. The **Scan targets** drop-down menu allows you to select predefined scan targets.

- **By profile settings** - Selects targets set in the selected scan profile.
- **Removable media** - Selects diskettes, USB storage devices, CD/DVD.
- **Local drives** - Selects all system hard drives.
- **Network drives** - Selects all mapped network drives.
- **Shared Folders** - Selects all folders on the local server that are shared.
- **No selection** - Clears all selections.

Scan targets for [Hyper -V](#) drop-down menu allows you to select predefined scan targets:

- **By profile settings** - Selects targets set in the selected scan profile.
- **All virtual machines** - Selects all virtual machines.
- **Powered on virtual machines** - Selects all online VMs.
- **Powered off virtual machines** - Selects all offline VMs.
- **No selection** - Clears all selections.

4.4.6.6 Pause a scheduled scan

The scheduled scan can be postponed. Set a value for the **Stop scheduled scans in (min)** option, if you wish to postpone the computer scan.

4.4.7 Idle-state scanning

You can enable the idle-state scanner in **Advanced setup** or press **F5**, navigate to **Computer > Idle-state scanning > Basic**. Set the switch next to **Enable Idle-state scanning** to enable this feature. When the computer is in idle state, a silent computer scan is performed on all local drives.

By default, the Idle-state scanner will not run when the computer (notebook) is operating on battery power. You can override this setting by selecting the check box next to **Run even if computer is powered from battery**.

Turn on the **Enable logging** switch in **Advanced setup** or press **F5** to record a computer scan output in the [Log files](#) section (from the main program window click **Log files** and select log type **Computer scan** from the drop-down menu).

Idle-state detection will run when your computer is in the following states:

- **Turned off screen or screen saver**
- **Computer lock**
- **User logoff**

Click [ThreatSense parameters](#) to modify scan parameters (for example, detection methods) for the Idle-state scanner.

4.4.8 Startup scan

By default, the automatic startup file check will be performed on system startup and during virus signature database updates. This scan is controlled by the [Scheduler configuration and tasks](#).

Startup scan options are a part of the **System startup file check** scheduler task. To modify Startup scan settings, navigate to **Tools > Scheduler**, click **Automatic startup file check** and then click **Edit**. In the last step, the [Automatic startup file check](#) window will appear (see the following chapter for more details).

For detailed instructions about Scheduler task creation and management, see [Creating new tasks](#).

4.4.8.1 Automatic startup file check

When creating a System startup file check scheduled task, you have several options to adjust the following parameters:

The **Scan target** drop-down menu specifies the scan depth for files run at system startup. Files are arranged in ascending order according to the following criteria:

- **Only the most frequently used files** (least files scanned)
- **Frequently used files**
- **Commonly used files**
- **Rarely used files**
- **All registered files** (most files scanned)

Two specific **Scan target** groups are also included:

- **Files run before user logon** - Contains files from locations that may be accessed without the user being logged in (includes almost all startup locations such as services, browser helper objects, winlogon notify, Windows scheduler entries, known dll's, etc.).
- **Files run after user logon** - Contains files from locations that may only be accessed after a user has logged in (includes files that are only run by a specific user, typically files in `HKEY_CURRENT_USER\SOFTWARE\Microsoft\Windows\CurrentVersion\Run`).

Lists of files to be scanned are fixed for each aforementioned group.

Scan priority - The level of priority used to determine when a scan will start:

- **Normal** - at an average system load,
- **Lower** - at a low system load,
- **Lowest** - when the system load is the lowest possible,
- **When idle** - the task will be performed only when the system is idle.

4.4.9 Removable media

ESET Security for Kerio provides automatic removable media (CD/DVD/USB) scanning. This module allows you to scan inserted media. This may be useful if the computer administrator wants to prevent the users from using removable media with unsolicited content.

Action to take after inserting removable media - select the default action that will be performed when a removable media device is inserted into the computer (CD/DVD/USB). If **Show scan options** is selected, a notification will display which allows you to choose a desired action:

- **Do not scan** - No action will be performed and the **New device detected** window will be closed.
- **Automatic device scan** - An on-demand computer scan of the inserted removable media device will be performed.
- **Show scan options** - Opens the Removable media setup section.

When removable media is inserted, the following dialog will shown:

- **Scan now** - This will trigger a scan of removable media.
- **Scan later** - Scanning of removable media will be postponed.
- **Setup** - Opens Advanced setup.
- **Always use the selected option** - When selected, the same action will be performed when removable media is inserted another time.

In addition, ESET Security for Kerio features Device control, which allows you to define rules for the use of external devices on a given computer. More details on Device control can be found in the [Device control](#) section.

4.4.10 Document protection

The Document protection feature scans Microsoft Office documents before they are opened, as well as files downloaded automatically by Internet Explorer such as Microsoft ActiveX elements. Document protection provides a layer of protection in addition to Real-time file system protection, and can be disabled to enhance performance on systems that are not exposed to a high volume of Microsoft Office documents.

- **Integrate into system** activates the protection system. To modify this option, press **F5** to open the **Advanced setup** window and click **Computer > Document protection** in the Advanced setup tree.
- See [Threatsense parameters](#) for more information about Document protection settings.

This feature is activated by applications that use the Microsoft Antivirus API (for example, Microsoft Office 2000 and higher, or Microsoft Internet Explorer 5.0 and higher).

4.4.11 HIPS

Host-based Intrusion Prevention System (HIPS) protects your system from malware and unwanted activity attempting to negatively affect your computer. HIPS utilizes advanced behavioral analysis coupled with the detection capabilities of network filtering to monitor running processes, files and registry keys. HIPS is separate from Real-time file system protection and is not a firewall; it only monitors processes running within the operating system.

WARNING

Changes to HIPS settings should only be made by an experienced user. Incorrect configuration of HIPS settings can lead to system instability.

HIPS settings can be found in **Advanced setup** tree (F5) > **Computer** > **HIPS**. The HIPS state (enabled/disabled) is shown in the ESET Security for Kerio main program window, in the **Setup** tab, on the right side of the **Computer** section.

Advanced setup

SERVER

COMPUTER

Real-time file system protectionOn-demand computer scanHyper-V scanIdle-state scanningStartup scanRemovable mediaDocument protectionHIPS

UPDATE

DEVICE CONTROL

TOOLS

USER INTERFACE

BASIC

Enable HIPS

Enable Self-Defense

Enable Advanced Memory Scanner

Enable Exploit Blocker

Filtering mode

Automatic mode

Learning mode will end at

12/31/19694:00:00 PM

Rules

Edit

ADVANCED SETUP

Default

OK

Cancel

ESET Security for Kerio has built-in *Self-defense* technology that prevents malicious software from corrupting or disabling your antivirus and antispysware protection, so you can be sure your system is protected at all times. Changes to the **Enable HIPS** and **Enable SD (Self-Defense)** settings take effect after the Windows operating system is restarted. Disabling the entire **HIPS** system will also require a computer restart.

Advanced Memory Scanner works in combination with Exploit Blocker to strengthen protection against malware that has been designed to evade detection by antimalware products through the use of obfuscation or encryption. Advanced Memory Scanner is enabled by default. Read more about this type of protection in the [glossary](#).

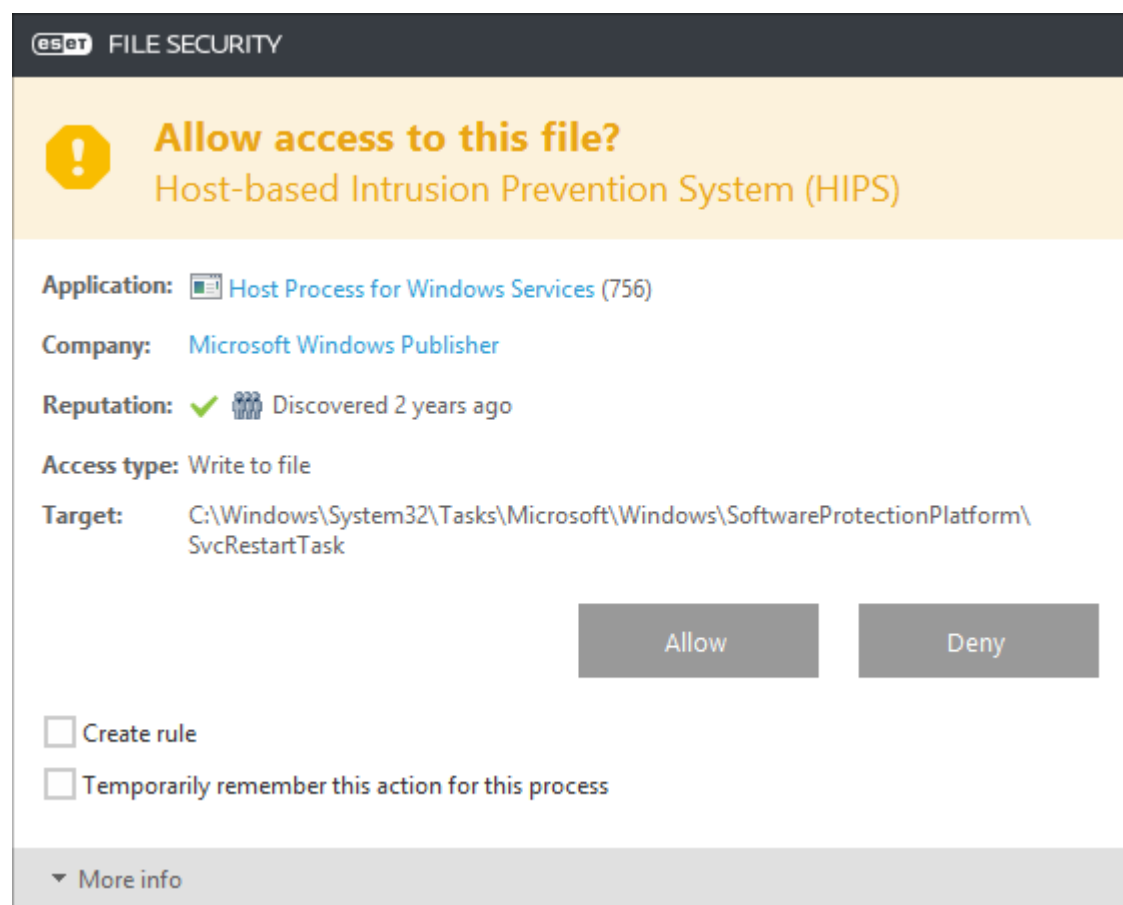
Exploit Blocker is designed to fortify commonly exploited application types such as web browsers, PDF readers, email clients and MS Office components. Exploit Blocker is enabled by default. Read more about this type of protection in the [glossary](#).

Filtering can be performed in one of four modes:

- **Automatic mode** - Operations are enabled with the exception of those blocked by pre-defined rules that protect your system.
- **Smart mode** - The user will only be notified about very suspicious events.
- **Interactive mode** - The user will be prompted to confirm operations.
- **Policy-based mode** - Operations are blocked.
- **Learning mode** - Operations are enabled and a rule is created after each operation. Rules created in this mode can be viewed in the Rule editor, but their priority is lower than the priority of rules created manually or rules created in automatic mode. When you select **Learning mode** from the HIPS Filtering mode drop down menu, the **Learning mode will end at** setting will become available. Select the duration for which you want to engage learning mode (the maximum duration is 14 days). When the specified duration has passed, you will be prompted to edit the rules created by HIPS while it was in learning mode. You can also choose a different filtering mode, or postpone the decision and continue using learning mode.

The HIPS system monitors events inside the operating system and reacts accordingly based on rules similar to the rules used by the personal firewall. Click **Edit** to open the HIPS rule management window. Here you can select, create, edit or delete rules. More details on rule creation and HIPS operations can be found in the [Edit rule](#) chapter.

If the default action for a rule is set to **Ask**, a dialog window will be displayed each time that the rule is triggered. You can choose to **Block** or **Allow** the operation. If you do not choose an action in the given time, a new action is selected based on the rules.



The dialog window allows you to create a rule based on any new action that HIPS detects and then define the conditions under which to allow or block that action. Settings for the exact parameters can be accessed by clicking **More info**. Rules created like this are considered equal to rules created manually, so a rule created from a dialog window can be less specific than the rule that triggered that dialog window. This means that after creating such a rule, the same operation can trigger the same window.

Temporarily remember this action for this process causes the action (**Allow/Block**) to be used until a change of rules or filtering mode, a HIPS module update or a system restart. After any of these three actions, temporary rules will be deleted.

4.4.11.1 HIPS rules

This window gives you an overview of existing HIPS rules.

Columns

Rule - User-defined or automatically chosen rule name.

Enabled - Deactivate this switch if you want to keep the rule in the list but do not want to use it.

Action - The rule specifies an action - **Allow**, **Block** or **Ask** - that should be performed if the conditions are right.

Sources - The rule will be used only if the event is triggered by an application(s).

Targets - The rule will be used only if the operation is related to a specific file, application or registry entry.

Log - If you activate this option, information about this rule will be written to the [HIPS log](#).

Notify - A small pop-up window appears in the lower-right corner if an event is triggered.

OK Cancel

drop-down menu and click **Add** to add new files or folders or you can select All entries from the drop-down menu to add all applications.

- **Enabled** - Deactivate this switch if you want to keep the rule in the list but do not want to use it.
- **Log** - If you activate this option, information about this rule will be written to the [HIPS log](#).
- **Notify user** - A small pop-up window appears in the lower-right corner if an event is triggered.

The rule consists of parts that describe the conditions triggering this rule:

Source applications - The rule will be used only if the event is triggered by this application(s). Select **Specific applications** from drop-down menu and click **Add** to add new files or folders or you can select **All applications** from the drop-down menu to add all applications.

Files - The rule will only be used if the operation is related to this target. Select **Specific files** from the drop-down menu and click **Add** to add new files or folders. Alternatively you can select **All files** from drop-down menu to add all applications.

Applications - The rule will only be used if the operation is related to this target. Select **Specific applications** from the drop-down menu and click **Add** to add new files or folders. Alternatively you can select **All applications** from the drop-down menu to add all applications.

Registry entries - The rule will only be used if the operation is related to this target. Select **Specific entries** from the drop-down menu and click **Add** to add new files or folders. Alternatively you can select **All entries** from the drop-down menu to add all applications.

NOTE

Some operations of specific rules predefined by HIPS cannot be blocked and are allowed by default. In addition, not all system operations are monitored by HIPS. HIPS monitors operations that may be considered unsafe.

Descriptions of important operations:

File operations

- **Delete file** - Application is asking for permission to delete the target file.
- **Write to file** - Application is asking for permission to write to the target file.
- **Direct access to disk** - Application is trying to read from or write to the disk in a non-standard way that will circumvent common Windows procedures. This may result in files being modified without the application of corresponding rules. This operation may be caused by malware trying to evade detection, backup software trying to make an exact copy of a disk, or a partition manager trying to reorganize disk volumes.
- **Install global hook** - Refers to calling the SetWindowsHookEx function from the MSDN library.
- **Load driver** - Installation and loading of drivers onto the system.

Application operations

- **Debug another application** - Attaching a debugger to the process. While debugging an application, many details of its behavior can be viewed and modified and its data can be accessed.
- **Intercept events from another application** - The source application is attempting to catch events targeted at a specific application (for example a keylogger trying to capture browser events).
- **Terminate/suspend another application** - Suspending, resuming or terminating a process (can be accessed directly from Process Explorer or the Processes window).
- **Start new application** - Starting of new applications or processes.
- **Modify state of another application** - The source application is attempting to write into the target applications' memory or run code on its behalf. This functionality may be useful to protect an essential application by configuring it as a target application in a rule blocking the use of this operation.

Registry operations

- **Modify startup settings** - Any changes in settings that define which applications will be run at Windows startup. These can be found, for example, by searching for the Run key in the Windows Registry.
- **Delete from registry** - Deleting a registry key or its value.
- **Rename registry key** - Renaming registry keys.

- **Modify registry** - Creating new values of registry keys, changing existing values, moving data in the database tree or setting user or group rights for registry keys.

NOTE

You can use wildcards with certain restrictions when entering a target. Instead of a particular key the * (asterisk) symbol can be used in registry paths. For example `HKEY_USERS*\software` can mean `HKEY_USER\default\software` but not `HKEY_USERS\S-1-2-21-2928335913-73762274-491795397-7895\default\software`. `HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\system\ControlSet*` is not a valid registry key path. A registry key path containing * defines "this path, or any path on any level after that symbol". This is the only way of using wildcards for file targets. First, the specific part of a path will be evaluated, then the path following the wildcard symbol (*).

WARNING

You may receive a notification if you create an overly generic rule.

4.4.11.2 Advanced setup

The following options are useful for debugging and analyzing an application's behavior:

- [Drivers always allowed to load](#) - selected drivers are always allowed to load regardless of configured filtering mode, unless explicitly blocked by user rule.
- **Log all blocked operations** - all blocked operations will be written to the HIPS log.
- **Notify when changes occur in Startup applications** - displays a desktop notification each time an application is added to or removed from system startup.

4.4.11.2.1 Drivers always allowed to load

Drivers shown in this list will always be allowed to load regardless of HIPS filtering mode, unless explicitly blocked by user rule.

Add - adds a new driver.

Edit - edit the path for a selected driver.

Remove - removes a driver from the list.

Reset - reloads a set of system drivers.

NOTE

Click **Reset** if you do not want drivers that you have added manually to be included. This can be useful if you have added several drivers and you cannot delete them from the list manually.

4.5 Update

Update setup options are available in the **Advanced setup** window (press the **F5** key on your keyboard) under **Update > General**. This section specifies update source information like the update servers being used and authentication data for these servers.

NOTE

For updates to be downloaded properly, it is essential that you fill in all update parameters correctly. If you use a firewall, please make sure that your ESET program is allowed to communicate with the Internet (for example, HTTP communication).

General

- The **Update profile** that is currently in use is displayed in the selected profile drop-down menu. If you experience problems with an update, click **Clear** to clear the temporary update cache.

Outdated virus signature database alerts

- **Set maximum database age automatically / Maximum database age (days)** - allows you to set maximum time (in days) after which the virus signature database will be reported as out of date. The default value is 7.

Rollback

If you suspect that a new update of the virus database and/or program modules may be unstable or corrupt, you can roll back to the previous version and disable updates for a set period of time. Alternatively, you can enable previously disabled updates if you had postponed them indefinitely. ESET Security for Kerio records snapshots of virus signature database and program modules for use with the **Rollback** feature. In order to create virus database snapshots, leave **Create snapshots of update files** enabled. The **Number of locally stored snapshots** field defines the number of previous virus database snapshots stored.

Advanced setup

SERVER

COMPUTER

UPDATE

DEVICE CONTROL

TOOLS

USER INTERFACE

GENERAL

Update profile

My profile

Clear update cache

Clear

OUTDATED VIRUS SIGNATURE DATABASE ALERTS

This setting defines the maximally allowed age of the Virus Signature Database before it is considered outdated and an alert will be shown.

Set maximum database age automatically

Maximum database age (days)

7

ROLLBACK

Create snapshots of modules

Number of locally stored snapshots

1

Rollback to previous modules

Rollback

PROFILES

Default

OK

Cancel

✓ **EXAMPLE**

Let the number 10646 be the most recent version of virus signature database. 10645 and 10643 are stored as a virus signature database snapshots. Note that 10644 is not available because, for example, the computer was turned off and a more recent update was made available before 10644 was downloaded. If the **Number of locally stored snapshots** field is set to 2 and you click [Rollback](#), the virus signature database (including program modules) will be restored to version number 10643. This process may take some time. Check whether the virus signature database version has downgraded from the main program window of ESET Security for Kerio in the [Update](#) section.

Profiles

To create a new profile, select **Edit** next to **List of profiles**, enter your own **Profile name** and then click **Add**. You can **Edit profile** with the following options:

The screenshot shows the 'Advanced setup' window with a sidebar on the left containing 'SERVER', 'COMPUTER', 'UPDATE' (highlighted in blue), 'DEVICE CONTROL', 'TOOLS', and 'USER INTERFACE'. The main area is titled 'PROFILES' and contains a 'List of profiles' section with an 'Edit' link and an information icon. Below this is an 'EDIT PROFILE' section with a 'Select profile to edit' dropdown menu currently showing 'My profile' and an information icon. At the bottom of the main area are expandable sections: 'BASIC', 'UPDATE MODE', 'HTTP PROXY', 'CONNECT TO LAN AS', and 'MIRROR', each with a plus icon and a right-pointing arrow. The bottom of the window has a 'Default' button, an 'OK' button with a shield icon, and a 'Cancel' button.

Basic

Update type - select the type of update to use from the drop-down menu:

- **Regular update** - by default, the Update type is set to Regular update to ensure that update files will automatically be downloaded from the ESET server with the least network traffic.
- **Pre-release update** - are updates that have gone through thorough internal testing and will be available to the general public soon. You can benefit from enabling pre-release updates by having access to the most recent detection methods and fixes. However, pre-release updates might not be stable enough at all times and **SHOULD NOT** be used on production servers and workstations where maximum availability and stability is required.
- **Delayed update** - allows updating from special update servers providing new versions of virus databases with a delay of at least X hours (i.e. databases tested in a real environment and therefore considered as stable).

Disable notification about successful update - turns off the system tray notification at the bottom right corner of the screen. It is useful to select this option if a full screen application or a game is running. Please note that Presentation mode will turn off all notifications.

Update from removable media - allows you to update from removable media if contains created mirror. When **Automatic** selected, updates will run in the background. If you want to show update dialogs select **Always ask**.

- The **Update server** menu is set to **Choose automatically** by default. The Update server is the location where updates are stored. If you use an ESET server, we recommend that you leave the default option selected.

When using a local HTTP server - also known as a Mirror - the update server should be set as follows:
`http://computer_name_or_its_IP_address:2221`

When using a local HTTP server with SSL - the update server should be set as follows:
`https://computer_name_or_its_IP_address:2221`

When using a local shared folder - the update server should be set as follows:

`\\computer_name_or_its_IP_address\shared_folder`

- **Updating from a Mirror**

Authentication for update servers is based on the **License key** generated and sent to you after purchase. When using a local Mirror server, you can define credentials for clients to log in to the Mirror server before receiving updates. By default, no verification is required and the **Username** and **Password** fields are left empty.

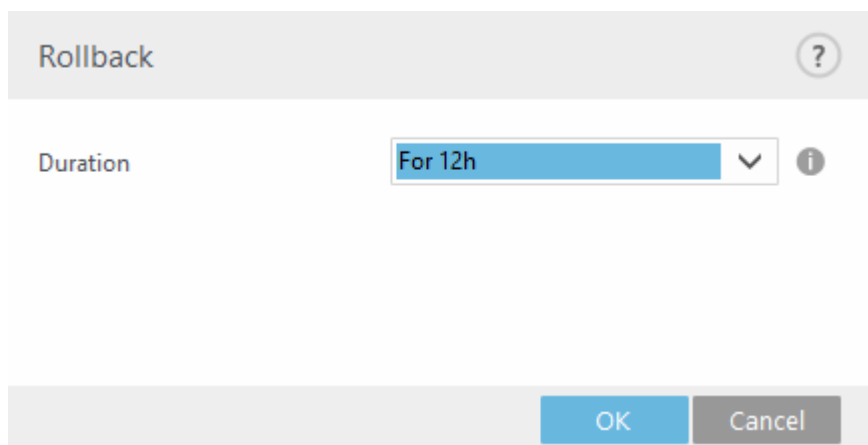
- [Update mode](#)
- [HTTP Proxy](#)
- [Connect to LAN as](#)
- [Mirror](#)

4.5.1 Update rollback

If you click **Rollback**, you have to select a time interval from the drop-down menu that represents the period of time that the virus signature database and program module updates will be paused.

Select **Until revoked** to postpone regular updates indefinitely until you restore update functionality manually. Because it represents a potential security risk, we do not recommend selecting this option.

The virus signature database version is downgraded to the oldest available and stored as a snapshot in the local computer file system.



Rollback ?

Duration For 12h ⓘ

OK Cancel

4.5.2 Update mode

The **Update mode** tab contains options related to the program component update. The program enables you to predefine its behavior when a new program component upgrade is available.

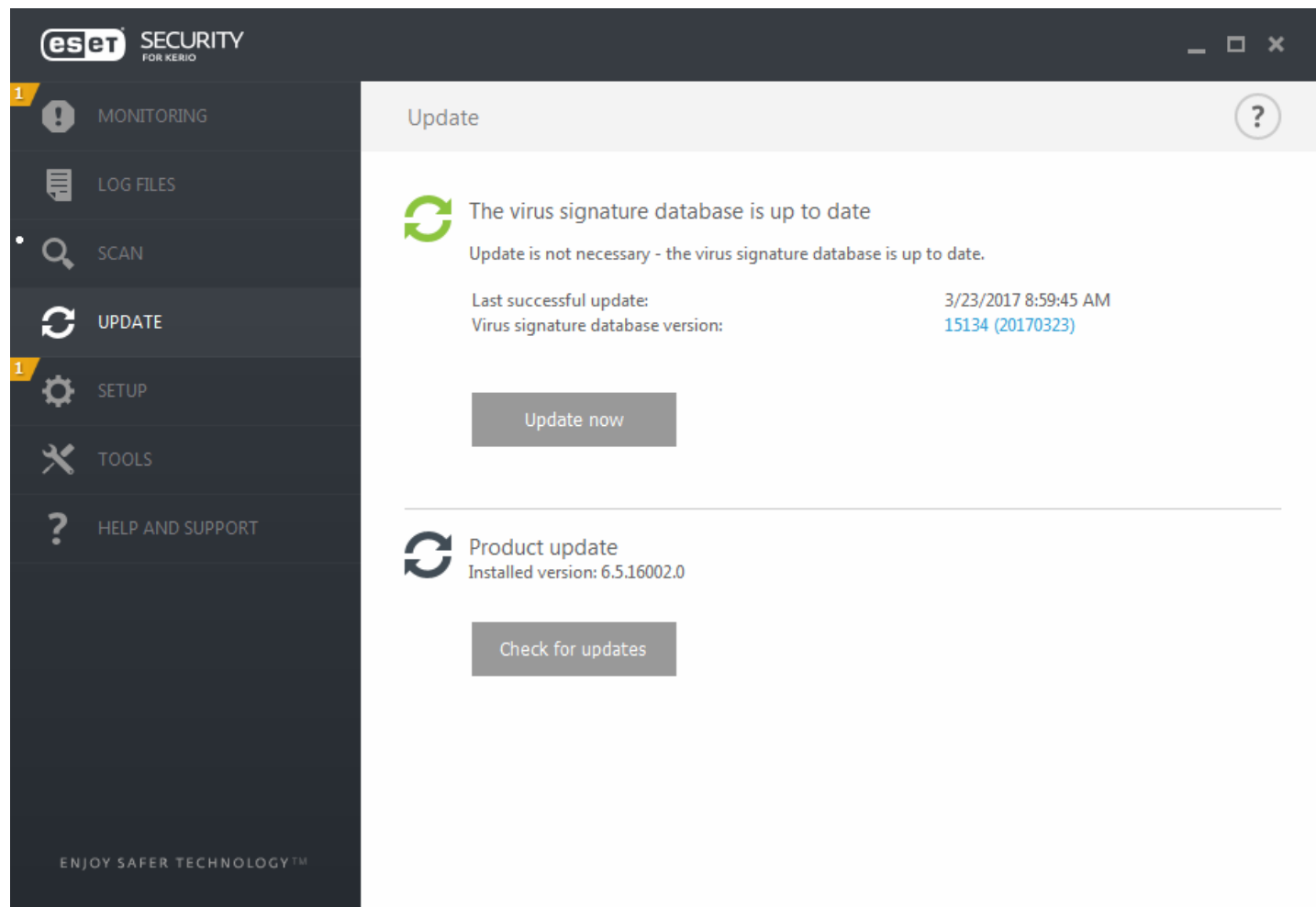
Program component updates include new features or makes changes to those that already exist from previous versions. It can be performed automatically without user intervention, or you can choose to be notified. After a program component update has been installed, a computer restart may be required. In the **Program component update** section, three options are available:

- **Ask before downloading program components** - the default option. You will be prompted to confirm or refuse program component updates when they are available.
- **Always update program components** - program component updates will be downloaded and installed automatically. Please remember that a computer restart may be required.
- **Never update program components** - program component updates will not be performed at all. This option is suitable for server installations, since servers can usually be restarted only when they are undergoing maintenance.

i NOTE

Selecting the most appropriate option depends on the workstation where the settings will be applied. Please be aware that there are differences between workstations and servers - for example, restarting the server automatically after a program update could cause serious damage.

If you want to upgrade to a newer version of ESET Security for Kerio **Enable manual program component update**. This is disabled by default, when enabled and a newer version of ESET Security for Kerio is available, **Check for updates** appears in **Update** tab.



If the **Ask before downloading update** option is active, a notification will display when a new update is available.

If the update file size is greater than the value specified in the **Ask if an update file is greater than (kB)** field, the program will display a notification.

4.5.3 HTTP Proxy

To access the proxy server setup options for a given update profile. Click the **Proxy mode** and select one of the three following options:

- **Do not use proxy server** to specify that no proxy server will be used to update ESET Security for Kerio.

i NOTE

The default setting for the proxy server is **Use global proxy server settings**.

- **Use global proxy server settings** option will use the proxy server configuration options already specified in the **Advanced setup > Tools > [Proxy server](#)**.

- **Connection through a proxy server** option should be selected if:
 - A proxy server should be used to update ESET Security for Kerio that is different from the proxy server specified in the global settings (**Tools** > [Proxy server](#)). If so, the settings should be specified here: **Proxy server** address, communication **Port** (3128 by default), plus **Username** and **Password** for the proxy server if required.
 - The proxy server settings were not set globally, but ESET Security for Kerio will connect to a proxy server for updates.
 - Your computer is connected to the Internet via a proxy server. The settings are taken from Internet Explorer during program installation, but if they are subsequently changed (for example, if you change your ISP), please check that the HTTP proxy settings listed in this window are correct. Otherwise the program will not be able to connect to the update servers.

i NOTE

Authentication data such as **Username** and **Password** is intended for accessing the proxy server. Complete these fields only if a username and password are required. Please note that these fields are not for your Username/Password for ESET Security for Kerio, and should only be completed if you know you need a password to access the Internet via a proxy server.

- **Use direct connection if proxy is not available** - if a product is configured to utilize HTTP Proxy and the proxy is unreachable, the product will bypass the proxy and communicate directly with ESET servers.

4.5.4 Connect to LAN as

When updating from a local server running Windows, authentication for each network connection is required by default. Configuration options are located in the **Advanced setup** tree (F5) under **Update** > **Profiles** > **Connect to LAN as**. To configure your account, select one of the following options from the **Local user type** drop-down menu:

- **System account (default)** - use the system account for authentication. Normally, no authentication process takes place if there is no authentication data supplied in the main update setup section.
- **Current user** - select this to ensure that the program authenticates using the currently logged-in user account. The drawback of this solution is that the program is not able to connect to the update server if no user is currently logged in.

- Specified user** - select this to use a specific user account for authentication. Use this method when the default system account connection fails. Please be aware that the specified user account must have access to the update files directory on the local server. Otherwise the program will not be able to establish a connection and download updates.

WARNING

When either **Current user** or **Specified user** is selected, an error may occur when changing the identity of the program to the desired user. We recommend entering the LAN authentication data in the main update setup section. In this update setup section, the authentication data should be entered as follows: *domain_name\user* (if it is a workgroup, enter *workgroup_name\name*) and password. When updating from the HTTP version of the local server, no authentication is required.

- Disconnect from server after update** - to force a disconnect if a connection to the server remains active even after updates have been downloaded.

Advanced setup

x
?

SERVER

COMPUTER

UPDATE

DEVICE CONTROL

TOOLS

USER INTERFACE

PROFILES

List of profiles

Edit

i

EDIT PROFILE

Select profile to edit

My profile

v

i

+ BASIC

+ UPDATE MODE

+ HTTP PROXY

- CONNECT TO LAN AS

Local user type

System account (default)

v

i

Username

Password

Disconnect from server after update

☐

x

i

+ MIRROR

Default

OK

Cancel

4.5.5 Mirror

ESET Security for Kerio allows you to create copies of update files that can be used to update other workstations on the network. The use of a "mirror" - a copy of the update files in the LAN environment is convenient because the update files do not need to be downloaded from the vendor update server repeatedly by each workstation. Updates are downloaded to the local mirror server and then distributed to all workstations to avoid the risk of network traffic overload. Updating client workstations from a Mirror optimizes network load balance and saves Internet connection bandwidth.

Configuration options for the local Mirror server are located in the **Advanced setup** tree (F5) in the **Update > Profiles > Mirror** tab.

Create update mirror

Create update mirror - Enabling this option activates other Mirror configuration options such as the way update files will be accessed and the update path to the mirrored files.

Advanced setup

SERVER

COMPUTER

UPDATE

DEVICE CONTROL

TOOLS

USER INTERFACE

CONNECT TO LAN AS

MIRROR

Create update mirror

☒

ACCESS TO UPDATE FILES

Provide update files via internal HTTP server

☒

Folder to store mirrored files

C:\ProgramData\ESET\ESET Security\mirror

Clear

i

Username

i

Password

i

FILES

Files

Edit

HTTP SERVER

CONNECT TO LAN AS

Default

OK

Cancel

Access to update files

- **Provide update files via the internal HTTP server** - if enabled, update files can be accessed through HTTP, no credentials are required.

i NOTE

Windows XP requires Service Pack 2 or later to use the HTTP server.

- Methods to access the Mirror server are described in detail in [Updating from the Mirror](#). There are two basic methods for accessing the Mirror - the folder with update files can be presented as a shared network folder, or clients can access the mirror located on an HTTP server.
- **Folder to store mirrored files** - click **Clear** if you want to change a defined default folder to store mirrored files *C:\ProgramData\ESET\ESET File Security\mirror*. Click **Edit** to browse for a folder on the local computer or shared network folder. If authorization for the specified folder is required, authentication data must be entered in the **Username** and **Password** fields. If the selected destination folder is located on a network disk running the Windows NT/2000/XP operating system, the username and password specified must have write privileges for the selected folder. The username and password should be entered in the format *Domain/User* or *Workgroup/User*. Please remember to supply the corresponding passwords.
- **Files** - when configuring the Mirror you can specify the language versions of updates you want to download. Languages selected must be supported by the mirror server configured by the user.

HTTP server

- **Server port** - by default, the Server port is set to 2221.
- **Authentication** - defines the method of authentication used for accessing update files. The following options are available: **None**, **Basic** and **NTLM**.

Select **Basic** to use base64 encoding with basic username and password authentication.

The **NTLM** option provides encoding using a safe encoding method. For authentication, the user created on the workstation sharing the update files is used. The default setting is **NONE**, which grants access to the update files

with no need for authentication.

SSL for HTTP server

- Append your **Certificate chain file**, or generate a self-signed certificate if you want to run HTTP server with HTTPS (SSL) support. The following certificate types are available: PEM, PFX and ASN. For additional security, you can use HTTPS protocol to download update files. It is almost impossible to track data transfers and login credentials using this protocol.
- The **Private key type** is set to **Integrated** by default (and therefore the **Private key file** option is disabled by default). This means that the private key is a part of the selected certificate chain file.

Connect to LAN as

- **Local user type** - the **System account (default)**, **Current user**, and **Specified user** settings will be displayed in their corresponding drop-down menus. **Username** and **Password** settings are optional. See [Connect to LAN as](#).
- Select **Disconnect from server after update** to force a disconnection if a connection to the server remains active after updates have been downloaded.

Program component update

- **Automatically update components** - allows for the installation of new features and updates to existing features. An update can be performed automatically without user intervention, or you can choose to be notified. After a program component update has been installed, a computer restart may be required.
- **Update components now** - updates your program components to the latest version.

4.5.5.1 Updating from the Mirror

There are two basic methods to configure a Mirror, which is essentially a repository where clients can download update files. The folder with update files can be presented as a shared network folder or as an HTTP server.

Accessing the Mirror using an internal HTTP server

This configuration is the default, specified in the predefined program configuration. To allow access to the Mirror using the HTTP server, navigate to **Advanced setup (F5) > Update > Profiles > Mirror** and select **Create update mirror**.

In the **HTTP Server** section of the **Mirror** tab you can specify the **Server port** where the HTTP server will listen as well as the type of **Authentication** used by the HTTP server. By default, the Server port is set to **2221**. The **Authentication** option defines the method of authentication used for accessing the update files. The following options are available: **None**, **Basic**, and **NTLM**.

- Select **Basic** to use base64 encoding with basic username and password authentication.
- The **NTLM** option provides encoding using a safe encoding method. For authentication, the user created on the workstation sharing the update files is used.
- The default setting is **None**, which grants access to the update files with no need for authentication.

WARNING

If you want to allow access to the update files via the HTTP server, the Mirror folder must be located on the same computer as the ESET Security for Kerio instance creating it.

SSL for HTTP Server

Append your **Certificate chain file**, or generate a self-signed certificate if you want to run HTTP server with HTTPS (SSL) support. The following certificate types are available: **PEM**, **PFX** and **ASN**. For additional security, you can use HTTPS protocol to download update files. It is almost impossible to track data transfers and login credentials using this protocol. **Private key type** is set to **Integrated** by default, which means that the private key is a part of the selected certificate chain file.

i NOTE

An error **Invalid Username and/or Password** will appear in the Update tab from the main menu after several unsuccessful attempts to update the virus signature database from the Mirror. We recommend that you navigate to **Advanced setup (F5) > Update > Profiles > Mirror** and check the Username and Password. The most common reason for this error is incorrectly entered authentication data.

The screenshot shows the 'Advanced setup' window with the 'UPDATE' tab selected. The left sidebar lists 'SERVER', 'COMPUTER', 'UPDATE' (highlighted), 'DEVICE CONTROL', 'TOOLS', and 'USER INTERFACE'. The main area is titled 'FILES' and contains the following sections:

- FILES**: Includes a search bar and an 'Edit' link.
- HTTP SERVER**: Includes a 'Server port' field set to '2221' and an 'Authentication' dropdown set to 'None'.
- SSL FOR HTTP SERVER**: Includes fields for 'Certificate chain file', 'Certificate type' (set to 'PEM'), 'Private key file', and 'Private key type' (set to 'Integrated').
- CONNECT TO LAN AS**: A button to connect to the LAN as a user.
- PROGRAM COMPONENT UPDATE**: A button to update program components.

At the bottom of the window are three buttons: 'Default', 'OK', and 'Cancel'.

After your Mirror server is configured, you must add the new update server on client workstations. To do this, follow the steps below:

1. Access **Advanced setup (F5)** and click **Update > Profiles > Basic**.
2. Disengage **Choose automatically** and add a new server to the **Update server** field using one of the following formats:

http://IP_address_of_your_server:2221

https://IP_address_of_your_server:2221 (if SSL is used)

Accessing the Mirror via system shares

First, a shared folder should be created on a local or network device. When creating the folder for the Mirror, you must provide “write” access for the user who will save update files to the folder and “read” access for all users who will update ESET Security for Kerio from the Mirror folder.

Next, configure access to the Mirror in **Advanced setup > Update > Profiles > Mirror** by disabling **Provide update files via internal HTTP server**. This option is enabled by default in the program install package.

If the shared folder is located on another computer in the network, you must enter authentication data to access the other computer. To enter authentication data, open ESET Security for Kerio **Advanced setup (F5)** and click **Update > Profiles > Connect to LAN as**. This is the same setting used for updating, as described in the [Connect to LAN as](#) section.

After Mirror configuration is complete, on client workstations set `\\UNC\PATH` as the update server using the steps below:

1. Open ESET Security for Kerio **Advanced setup (F5)** and click **Update > Profiles > Basic**.

2. Click **Update server** and add a new server using the `\\UNC\PATH` format.

i NOTE

For updates to function properly, the path to the Mirror folder must be specified as a UNC path. Updates from mapped drives may not work.

The last section controls program components (PCUs). By default, downloaded program components are prepared to copy to the local mirror. If **Program component update** is activated, there is no need to click **Update**, because files are copied to the local mirror automatically when they are available. See [Update mode](#) for more information about program component updates.

4.5.5.2 Mirror files

List of available and localized program component files.

4.5.5.3 Troubleshooting Mirror update problems

In most cases, problems during an update from a Mirror server are caused by one or more of the following: incorrect specification of the Mirror folder options, incorrect authentication data for the Mirror folder, incorrect configuration on local workstations attempting to download update files from the Mirror, or a combination of the reasons above. Below is an overview of the most frequent problems which may occur during an update from the Mirror:

- **ESET Security for Kerio reports an error connecting to Mirror server** - Likely caused by incorrect specification of the update server (network path to the Mirror folder) from which local workstations download updates. To verify the folder, click the Windows **Start** menu, click **Run**, enter the folder name and click **OK**. The contents of the folder should be displayed.
- **ESET Security for Kerio requires a username and password** - Likely caused by incorrect authentication data (username and password) in the update section. The username and password are used to grant access to the update server, from which the program will update itself. Make sure that the authentication data is correct and entered in the correct format. For example, *Domain/Username*, or *Workgroup/Username*, plus the corresponding Passwords. If the Mirror server is accessible to "Everyone", please be aware that this does not mean that any user is granted access. "Everyone" does not mean any unauthorized user, it just means that the folder is accessible for all domain users. As a result, if the folder is accessible to "Everyone", a domain username and password will still need to be entered in the update setup section.
- **ESET Security for Kerio reports an error connecting to the Mirror server** - Communication on the port defined for accessing the HTTP version of the Mirror is blocked.

4.6 Device control

ESET Security for Kerio includes automatic device (CD/DVD/USB/) control. This module allows you to scan, block or adjust extended filters/permissions and define a user's ability to access and work with a given device. This may be useful if the computer administrator wants to prevent the use of devices containing unsolicited content.

Supported external devices:

- Disk storage (HDD, USB removable disk)
- CD/DVD
- USB printer
- FireWire Storage
- Bluetooth Device
- Smart card reader
- Imaging Device
- Modem
- LPT/COM port
- Portable Device
- All device types

Enabling the switch next to **Integrate into system** activates the Device control feature in ESET Security for Kerio; you will need to restart your computer for this change to take effect.

Device control [Rules](#) and [Groups](#) will become active, allowing you to edit their settings.

If a device blocked by an existing rule is detected, a notification window will be displayed and access to the device will not be granted.

4.6.1 Device control rules editor

The Device control rules editor window displays existing rules and allows for precise control of external devices that users connect to the computer.

Rules ?

Name	Enabled	Type	Description	Action	Users	Severity
Block USB for User	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Portable Device		Block	All	Always

AddEditCopyRemovePopulate

↑

▲

▼

↓

OK

Cancel

Specific devices can be allowed or blocked by user, user group, or any of several additional parameters that can be specified in the rule configuration. The list of rules contains several descriptions of a rule such as its name, the type of external device, the action to perform when a device is detected, and log severity.

Use the following buttons at the bottom of the window to manage rules:

- [Add](#) - lets you add a new rule.
- [Edit](#) - lets you modify settings of an existing rule.
- **Copy** - creates a new rule based on the parameters of the selected rule.
- **Remove** - if you want to delete the selected rule. Alternatively, you can use the check box next to a given rule to disable it. This can be useful if you don't want to delete a rule permanently so that you can use it in the future.
- [Populate](#) - detects removable media device parameters for devices connected to your computer.
- Rules are listed in order of priority with higher-priority rules at the top. You can select multiple rules and apply actions, such as deleting or moving them up or down the list by clicking **Top/Up/Down/Bottom** (arrow buttons).

Log entries can be viewed from the main program window of ESET Security for Kerio in **Tools** > [Log files](#).

4.6.2 Adding Device control rules

A Device control rule defines the action that will be taken when a device meeting the rule criteria is connected to the computer.

Edit rule

Name

Block USB for User

Rule enabled

☒

Device type

Portable Device

Action

Block

Criteria type

Device

Vendor

Model

Serial

Logging severity

Always

User list

Edit

OK

Enter a description of the rule into the **Name** field for better identification. Click the switch next to **Rule enabled** to disable or enable this rule; this can be useful if you don't want to delete the rule permanently.

Device type

Choose the external device type from the drop-down menu (Disk storage/Portable device/Bluetooth/FireWire/...). The types of devices are inherited from the operating system and can be seen in the system Device manager assuming the device is connected to the computer. Storage devices include external disks or conventional memory card readers connected via USB or FireWire. Smart card readers include all readers of smart cards with an embedded integrated circuit, such as SIM cards or authentication cards. Examples of imaging devices are scanners or cameras, these devices do not provide information about users, only about their actions. This means that imaging devices can only be blocked globally.

Action

Access to non-storage devices can either be allowed or blocked. In contrast, rules for storage devices allow you to select one of the following rights settings:

- **Read/Write** - Full access to the device will be allowed.
- **Block** - Access to the device will be blocked.
- **Read Only** - Only read access to the device will be allowed.
- **Warn** - Each time that a device is connected, the user will be notified if it is allowed/blocked, and a log entry will be made. Devices are not remembered, a notification will still be displayed upon subsequent connections of the same device.

Please note that not all rights (actions) are available for all device types. If a device has storage space, all four actions are made available. For non-storage devices, there are only two (for example **Read Only** is not available for Bluetooth, so Bluetooth devices can only be allowed or blocked).

Additional parameters shown below can be used to fine-tune rules and tailor them to devices. All parameters are case-insensitive:

- **Vendor** - Filter by vendor name or ID.
- **Model** - The given name of the device.
- **Serial** - External devices usually have their own serial numbers. In the case of a CD/DVD, this is the serial number of the given media, not the CD drive.

NOTE

If these three descriptors are empty, the rule will ignore these fields when matching. Filtering parameters in all text fields are case-insensitive and no wildcards (*, ?) are supported.

In order to figure out the parameters of a device, create a rule to allow that type of device, connect the device to your computer and then review the device details in the [Device control log](#).

Severity

- **Always** - Logs all events.
- **Diagnostic** - Logs information needed to fine-tune the program.
- **Information** - Records informative messages, including successful update messages, plus all records above.
- **Warning** - Records critical errors and warning messages.
- **None** - No logs will be recorded.

Rules can be limited to certain users or user groups by adding them to the **User list**:

- **Add** - Opens the **Object types: Users or Groups** dialog window that allows you to select desired users.
- **Remove** - Removes the selected user from the filter.

NOTE

All devices can be filtered by user rules (for example imaging devices do not provide information about users, only about invoked actions).

4.6.3 Detected devices

The **Populate** button provides an overview of all currently connected devices with the following information: device type, device vendor, model and serial number (if available). When you select a device (from the list of Detected devices) and click **OK**, a rule editor window appears with predefined information (you can adjust all the settings).

4.6.4 Device groups

The Device groups window is divided into two parts. The right part of the window contains a list of devices that belong to a respective group and the left part of the window contains a list of existing groups. Select the group that contains the devices you want to display in the right pane.

WARNING

Having an external device connected to your computer may pose a security risk.

When you open the Device groups window and select a group, you can add or remove devices from the list. Another way to add devices to the group is to import them from a file. Alternatively, you can click **Populate** and all devices connected to your computer will be listed in the **Detected devices** window. Select a device from the populated list to add it to the group by clicking **OK**.

NOTE

You can create different groups of devices for which different rules will be applied. You can also create a single group of devices that are set to **Read/Write** or **Read only**. This ensures that unrecognized devices will be blocked

by Device control when connected to your computer.

The following functions are available:

- **Add** - a new device group by entering its name or add a device to an existing group (optionally, you can specify details such as vendor name, model and serial number) depending on where in the window you clicked the button.
- **Edit** - lets you modify the name of a selected group or parameters for the devices contained therein (vendor, model, serial number).
- **Remove** - deletes the selected group or device depending on where in the window you clicked.
- **Import** - imports a serial number list of devices from a file.
- **Populate** - detects removable media device parameters for devices connected to your computer.

When you are done with customization click **OK**. Click **Cancel** to leave the **Device groups** window without saving your changes.

i NOTE

Note that not all actions (permissions) are available for all device types. For storage devices, all four actions are available. For non-storage devices, there are only three actions available (for example **Read Only** is not available for Bluetooth, therefore Bluetooth devices can only be allowed, blocked or warned).

4.7 Tools

The following are advanced settings for all the tools ESET Security for Kerio offers under the **Tools** tab in the main GUI window.

- [Log files](#)
- [Proxy server](#)
- [Email notification](#)
- [Presentation mode](#)
- [Diagnostics](#)
- [Cluster](#)

4.7.1 ESET LiveGrid®

ESET LiveGrid® is an advanced early warning system comprised of several cloud-based technologies. It helps detect emerging threats based on reputation and improves scanning performance by means of whitelisting. New threat information is streamed in real-time to the cloud, which enables the ESET Malware Research Lab to provide timely response and consistent protection at all times. Users can check the reputation of running processes and files directly from the program's interface or contextual menu with additional information available from ESET LiveGrid®. When installing ESET Security for Kerio, select one of the following options:

1. You can decide not to enable ESET LiveGrid®. Your software will not lose any functionality, but in some cases ESET Security for Kerio may respond slower to new threats than virus signature database update.
2. You can configure ESET LiveGrid® to submit anonymous information about new threats and where the new threatening code was detected. This file can be sent to ESET for detailed analysis. Studying these threats will help ESET update its threat detection capabilities.

ESET LiveGrid® will collect information about your computer related to newly-detected threats. This information may include a sample or copy of the file in which the threat appeared, the path to that file, the filename, the date and time, the process by which the threat appeared on your computer and information about your computer's operating system.

By default, ESET Security for Kerio is configured to submit suspicious files to the ESET Virus Lab for analysis. Files with certain extensions such as *.doc* or *.xls* are always excluded. You can also add other extensions if there are particular files that you or your organization want to avoid sending.

The ESET LiveGrid® reputation system provides cloud-based whitelisting and blacklisting. To access settings for ESET LiveGrid®, press **F5** to enter **Advanced setup** and expand **Tools > ESET LiveGrid®**.

Advanced setup

Q

X

?

SERVER

COMPUTER

UPDATE1

DEVICE CONTROL

TOOLS

Log files

Proxy server

Email notifications

Presentation mode

Diagnostics

Cluster

USER INTERFACE

−

ESET LIVEGRID®

↶

i

Enable ESET LiveGrid® reputation system (recommended)

✓

i

Submit anonymous statistics

✓

i

Submit samples

✓

i

Enable logging

X

i

Contact email (optional)

i

Exclusions

Edit

i

+

MICROSOFT WINDOWS® UPDATE

↶

+

ESET CMD

↶

+

WMI PROVIDER

↶

i

+

ERA SCAN TARGETS

↶

i

Default

OK

Cancel

Enable ESET LiveGrid® reputation system (recommended) - The ESET LiveGrid® reputation system improves the efficiency of ESET anti-malware solutions by comparing scanned files to a database of whitelisted and blacklisted items in the cloud.

Submit anonymous statistics - Allow ESET to collect information about newly detected threats such as the threat name, date and time of detection, detection method and associated metadata, product version, and configuration including information about your system.

Submit samples - Suspicious samples resembling threats, and/or samples with unusual characteristics or behavior are submitted to ESET for analysis.

Select **Enable logging** to create an event log to record file and statistical information submissions. This will enable logging to the [Event log](#) when files or statistics are sent.

Contact email (optional) - Your contact email can be included with any suspicious files and may be used to contact you if further information is required for analysis. Please note that you will not receive a response from ESET unless more information is needed.

Exclusions - The Exclusion filter allows you to exclude certain files/folders from submission (for example, it may be useful to exclude files that may carry confidential information, such as documents or spreadsheets). The files listed will never be sent to ESET labs for analysis, even if they contain suspicious code. The most common file types are excluded by default (.doc, etc.). You can add to the list of excluded files if desired.

Exclusion filter

?

*.dbf
*.doc
*.doc?
*.dot?
*.mdb
*.pot?
*.pps?
*.ppt?
*.rtf
*.sxc
*.sxw
*.xl?
*.xls?
*.xlt?

Add

Edit

Remove

OK

Cancel

If you have used ESET LiveGrid® before and have disabled it, there may still be data packages to send. Even after deactivating, such packages will be sent to ESET. Once all current information is sent, no further packages will be created.

4.7.1.1 Exclusion filter

The **Edit** option next to Exclusions in ESET LiveGrid® allows you to configure how threats are submitted to ESET Virus Labs for analysis.

Add exclusion

?

Enter a path name and mask that defines the files you want to exclude.
An asterisk '*' denotes any number of any characters whereas '?' denotes a single character. e.g., *.TXT means you are selecting all text files of any name.

Folder...

File...

Enter multiple values

OK

Cancel

If you find a suspicious file, you can submit it for analysis to our ThreatLabs. If it is a malicious application, its detection will be added to the next virus signature update.

4.7.2 Microsoft Windows update

Windows updates provide important fixes to potentially dangerous vulnerabilities and improve the general security level of your computer. For this reason, it is vital that you install Microsoft Windows updates as soon as they become available. ESET Security for Kerio notifies you about missing updates according to the level you specify. The following levels are available:

- **No updates** - No system updates will be offered for download.
- **Optional updates** - Updates marked as low priority and higher will be offered for download.
- **Recommended updates** - Updates marked as common and higher will be offered for download.
- **Important updates** - Updates marked as important and higher will be offered for download.
- **Critical updates** - Only critical updates will be offered for download.

Click **OK** to save changes. The System updates window will be displayed after status verification with the update server. System update information may not be immediately available after saving changes.

4.7.3 ESET CMD

This is a feature that enables advanced `ecmd` commands. It allows you to export and import settings using the command line (`ecmd.exe`). Until now, it was only possible to export settings using the [GUI](#). ESET Security for Kerio configuration can be exported to an `.xml` file.

When you have enabled ESET CMD, there are two authorization methods available:

- **None** - no authorization. We do not recommend you this method because it allows importation of any unsigned configuration, which is a potential risk.
- **Advanced setup password** - a password is required to import a configuration from an `.xml` file, this file must be signed (see signing `.xml` configuration file further down). The password specified in [Access Setup](#) must be provided before a new configuration can be imported. If you do not have access setup enabled, your password does not match or the `.xml` configuration file is not signed, the configuration will not be imported.

Once ESET CMD is enabled, you can use the command line to import or export ESET Security for Kerio configurations. You can do it manually or create a script for the purpose of automation.

IMPORTANT

To use advanced `ecmd` commands, you need to run them with administrator privileges, or open a Windows Command Prompt (`cmd`) using **Run as administrator**. Otherwise, you'll get **Error executing command.** message. Also, when exporting a configuration, the destination folder must exist. The export command still works when the ESET CMD setting is switched off.

EXAMPLE

Export settings command:

```
ecmd /getcfg c:\config\settings.xml
```

Import settings command:

```
ecmd /setcfg c:\config\settings.xml
```

NOTE

Advanced `ecmd` commands can only be run locally. Executing the client task **Run command** using ERA will not work.

Signing an `.xml` configuration file:

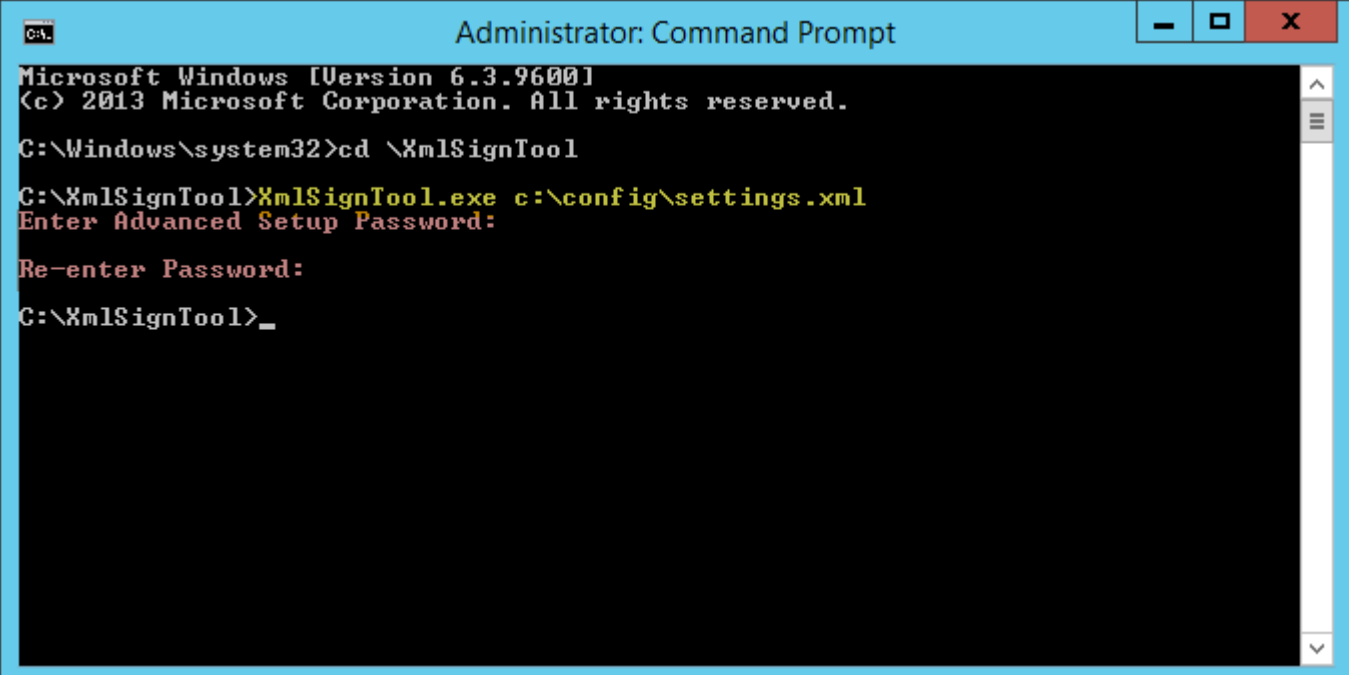
1. Download **XmlSignTool** from the [ESET Tools and Utilities download page](#) and extract it.
2. Open a Windows Command Prompt (`cmd`) using **Run as administrator**.

3. Navigate to the location of `XmlSignTool.exe`
4. Execute a command to sign the `.xml` configuration file, for example: `XmlSignTool <xml_file_path>`
5. Enter and Re-enter your [Advanced Setup](#) Password when prompted by the `XmlSignTool`. Your `.xml` configuration file is now signed and can be used to import on another instance of ESET Security for Kerio with ESET CMD using the password authorization method.

✓ EXAMPLE

Sign exported configuration file command:

```
XmlSignTool c:\config\settings.xml
```



```
Administrator: Command Prompt
Microsoft Windows [Version 6.3.9600]
(c) 2013 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.

C:\Windows\system32>cd \XmlSignTool

C:\XmlSignTool>XmlSignTool.exe c:\config\settings.xml
Enter Advanced Setup Password:

Re-enter Password:

C:\XmlSignTool>_
```

i NOTE

If your [Access Setup](#) password changes and you want to import a configuration that was signed earlier with an old password, you can sign the `.xml` configuration file again using your current password. This allows you to use an older configuration file without exporting it to another machine running ESET Security for Kerio before the import.

4.7.4 WMI Provider

About WMI

Windows Management Instrumentation (WMI) is the Microsoft implementation of Web-Based Enterprise Management (WBEM), which is an industry initiative to develop a standard technology for accessing management information in an enterprise environment.

For more information on WMI, see [http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/windows/desktop/aa384642\(v=vs.85\).aspx](http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/windows/desktop/aa384642(v=vs.85).aspx)

ESET WMI Provider

The purpose of the ESET WMI Provider is to allow for the remote monitoring of ESET products in an enterprise environment without requiring any ESET-specific software or tools. By exposing the basic product, status and statistics information via WMI, we greatly expand the possibilities of enterprise administrators when monitoring the ESET products. Administrators can take advantage of the number of access methods offered by WMI (command line, scripts and third-party enterprise monitoring tools) to monitor the state of their ESET products.

The current implementation provides read-only access to basic product information, installed features and their protection status, statistics of individual scanners, and product log files.

The WMI Provider allows for the use of standard Windows WMI infrastructure and tools to read the state of the product and product logs.

4.7.4.1 Provided data

All the WMI classes related to ESET product are located in the “root\ESET” namespace. The following classes, which are described in more detail below, are currently implemented:

General:

- ESET_Product
- ESET_Features
- ESET_Statistics

Logs:

- ESET_ThreatLog
- ESET_EventLog
- ESET_ODFileScanLogs
- ESET_ODFileScanLogRecords
- ESET_ODServerScanLogs
- ESET_ODServerScanLogRecords
- ESET_MailServerLog
- ESET_GreylistLog

ESET_Product class

There can only be one instance of the ESET_Product class. Properties of this class refer to basic information about your installed ESET product:

- **ID** - product type identifier, for example, “emsl”
- **Name** - name of the product, for example, "ESET Mail Security"
- **FullName** - full name of the product, for example, "ESET Mail Security for IBM Domino"
- **Version** - Product version, for example, "6.5.14003.0"
- **VirusDBVersion** - version of the virus database, for example, "14533 (20161201)"
- **VirusDBLastUpdate** - timestamp of the last update of the virus database. The string contains the timestamp in WMI datetime format. for example, “20161201095245.000000+060”
- **LicenseExpiration** - license expiration time. The string contains timestamp in WMI datetime format
- **KernelRunning** - boolean value indicating whether the `ekrn` service is running on the machine, for example, “TRUE”
- **StatusCode** - number indicating the protection status of the product: **0** - Green (OK), **1** - Yellow (Warning), **2** - Red (Error)
- **StatusText** - message describing the reason for a non-zero status code, otherwise it is null

ESET_Features class

The ESET_Features class has multiple instances, depending on the number of product features. Each instance contains:

- **Name** - name of the feature (list of names is provided below)
- **Status** - status of the feature: **0** - inactive, **1** - disabled, **2** - enabled

A list of strings representing currently recognized product features:

- **CLIENT_FILE_AV** - real-time file system anti-virus protection
- **CLIENT_WEB_AV** - client web anti-virus protection
- **CLIENT_DOC_AV** - client document anti-virus protection
- **CLIENT_NET_FW** - client personal firewall
- **CLIENT_EMAIL_AV** - client email anti-virus protection
- **CLIENT_EMAIL_AS** - client email anti-spam protection
- **SERVER_FILE_AV** - real-time anti-virus protection of files on the protected file server product, for example, files

in SharePoint's content database in the case of ESET Security for Kerio

- **SERVER_EMAIL_AV** - anti-virus protection of emails of protected server product, for example, emails in MS Exchange or IBM Domino
- **SERVER_EMAIL_AS** - anti-spam protection of emails of protected server product, for example, emails in MS Exchange or IBM Domino
- **SERVER_GATEWAY_AV** - anti-virus protection of protected network protocols on the gateway
- **SERVER_GATEWAY_AS** - anti-spam protection of protected network protocols on the gateway

ESET_Statistics class

The ESET_Statistics class has multiple instances, depending on the number of scanners in the product. Each instance contains:

- Scanner - string code for the particular scanner, for example, "CLIENT_FILE"
- Total - total number of files scanned
- Infected - number of infected files found
- Cleaned - number of cleaned files
- Timestamp - timestamp of the last change of this statistics. In WMI datetime format, for example, "20130118115511.000000+060"
- ResetTime - timestamp of when the statistics counter was last reset. In WMI datetime format, for example, "20130118115511.000000+060"
- List of strings representing currently recognized scanners:
 - CLIENT_FILE
 - CLIENT_EMAIL
 - CLIENT_WEB
 - SERVER_FILE
 - SERVER_EMAIL
 - SERVER_WEB

ESET_ThreatLog class

The ESET_ThreatLog class has multiple instances, each one representing a log record from the "Detected threats" log. Each instance contains:

- **ID** - unique ID of this log record
- **Timestamp** - creation timestamp of the log record (in the WMI date/time format)
- **LogLevel** - severity of the log record expressed as a number in the [0-8]. Values correspond to the following named levels: Debug, Info-Footnote, Info, Info-Important, Warning, Error, SecurityWarning, Error-Critical, SecurityWarning-Critical
- **Scanner** - Name of the scanner that created this log event
- **ObjectType** - Type of object that produced this log event
- **ObjectName** - Name of the object that produced this log event
- **Threat** - Name of the threat that has been found in the object described by ObjectName and ObjectType properties
- **Action** - Action performed after the threat was identified
- **User** - User account that caused this log event to be generated
- **Information** - Additional description of the event

ESET_EventLog

The ESET_EventLog class has multiple instances, each one representing a log record from the "Events" log. Each instance contains:

- **ID** - unique ID of this log record
- **Timestamp** - creation timestamp of the log record (in the WMI date/time format)
- **LogLevel** - severity of the log record expressed as a number in the [0-8] interval. Values correspond to the following named levels: Debug, Info-Footnote, Info, Info-Important, Warning, Error, SecurityWarning, Error-Critical, SecurityWarning-Critical
- **Module** - Name of the module that created this log event
- **Event** - Description of the event

- **User** - User account that caused this log event to be generated

ESET_ODFileScanLogs

The ESET_ODFileScanLogs class has multiple instances, each one representing an on-demand file scan record. This is equivalent to the GUI “On-demand computer scan” list of logs. Each instance contains:

- **ID** - unique ID of this on-demand log
- **Timestamp** - creation timestamp of the log (in the WMI date/time format)
- **Targets** - Target folders/objects of the scan
- **TotalScanned** - Total number of objects scanned
- **Infected** - Number of infected objects found
- **Cleaned** - Number of objects cleaned
- **Status** - Status of the scan process

ESET_ODFileScanLogRecords

The ESET_ODFileScanLogRecords class has multiple instances, each one representing a log record in one of the scan logs represented by instances of the ESET_ODFileScanLogs class. Instances of this class provide log records of all the on-demand scans/logs. When instance of a particular scan log are required only, they must be filtered by the LogID property. Each class instance contains:

- **LogID** - ID of the scan log this record belongs to (ID of one of the instances of the ESET_ODFileScanLogs class)
- **ID** - unique ID of this scan log record
- **Timestamp** - creation timestamp of the log record (in the WMI date/time format)
- **LogLevel** - severity of the log record expressed as a number [0-8]. Values correspond to the following named levels: Debug, Info-Footnote, Info, Info-Important, Warning, Error, SecurityWarning, Error-Critical, SecurityWarning-Critical
- **Log** - The actual log message

ESET_ODServerScanLogs

The ESET_ODServerScanLogs class has multiple instances, each one representing a run of the on-demand server scan. Each instance contains:

- **ID** - unique ID of this on-demand log
- **Timestamp** - creation timestamp of the log (in the WMI date/time format)
- **Targets** - Target folders/objects of the scan
- **TotalScanned** - Total number of objects scanned
- **Infected** - Number of infected objects found
- **Cleaned** - Number of objects cleaned
- **RuleHits** - Total number of rule hits
- **Status** - Status of the scan process

ESET_ODServerScanLogRecords

The ESET_ODServerScanLogRecords class has multiple instances, each one representing a log record in one of the scan logs represented by instances of the ESET_ODServerScanLogs class. Instances of this class provide log records of all the on-demand scans/logs. When instance of a particular scan log are required only, they must be filtered by the LogID property. Each class instance contains:

- **LogID** - ID of the scan log this record belongs to (ID of one of the instances of the ESET_ODServerScanLogs class)
- **ID** - unique ID of this scan log record
- **Timestamp** - creation timestamp of the log record (in the WMI date/time format)
- **LogLevel** - severity of the log record expressed as a number in the [0-8] interval. Values correspond to the following named levels: Debug, Info-Footnote, Info, Info-Important, Warning, Error, SecurityWarning, Error-Critical, SecurityWarning-Critical
- **Log** - The actual log message

ESET_GreylistLog

The ESET_GreylistLog class has multiple instances, each one representing a log record from the “Greylist” log. Each instance contains:

- **ID** - unique ID of this log record
- **Timestamp** - creation timestamp of the log record (in the WMI date/time format)
- **LogLevel** - severity of the log record expressed as a number [0-8]. Values correspond to the following named levels: Debug, Info-Footnote, Info, Info-Important, Warning, Error, SecurityWarning, Error-Critical, SecurityWarning-Critical
- **HELODomain** - Name of the HELO domain
- **IP** - Source IP address
- **Sender** - Email sender
- **Recipient** - Email recipient
- **Action** - Action performed
- **TimeToAccept** - Number of minutes after which the email will be accepted

4.7.4.2 Accessing Provided Data

Here are a few examples of how to access ESET WMI data from Windows command line and PowerShell, which should work from any current Windows operating system. There are, however, many other ways of accessing the data from other scripting languages and tools.

Command line without scripts

The `wmic` command line tool can be used to access various predefined or any custom WMI classes.

To display complete info about product on the local machine:

```
wmic /namespace:\\root\ESET Path ESET_Product
```

To display product version number only of the product on the local machine:

```
wmic /namespace:\\root\ESET Path ESET_Product Get Version
```

To display complete info about product on a remote machine with IP 10.1.118.180:

```
wmic /namespace:\\root\ESET /node:10.1.118.180 /user:Administrator Path ESET_Product
```

PowerShell

Get and display complete info about product on the local machine:

```
Get-WmiObject ESET_Product -namespace 'root\ESET'
```

Get and display complete info about product on a remote machine with IP 10.1.118.180:

```
$cred = Get-Credential # prompts the user for credentials and stores it in the variable
Get-WmiObject ESET_Product -namespace 'root\ESET' -computename '10.1.118.180' -cred $cred
```

4.7.5 ERA scan targets

This functionality lets [ESET Remote Administrator](#) use scan target for [Hyper-V scan](#) when running the **Server Scan** Client task on a server with ESET Security for Kerio. ERA scan targets setting is available only if you have ERA Agent is installed and Hyper-V is present, otherwise it will be grayed out.

When you enable **Generate target list** ESET Security for Kerio creates a list of available scan targets. This list is generated periodically, according to your **Update period**.

NOTE

When **Generate target list** is enabled for the first time, it takes ERA about half of the specified **Update period** to pick it up. So if **Update period** is set to 60 minutes, it'll take ERA about 30 minutes to receive the list of scan targets. If you need ERA to collect the list earlier, set the update period to a smaller value. You can always increase it later.

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USER INTERFACE

+ ESET LIVEGRID®

i

+ MICROSOFT WINDOWS® UPDATE

+ ESET CMD

+ WMI PROVIDER

i

- ERA SCAN TARGETS

i

Generate target list

x

i

Update period [minutes]

60

i

Default

OK

Cancel

When ERA runs a **Server Scan** client task, it will collect the list and you will be asked to select scan targets for [Hyper-V scan](#) on that particular server.

4.7.6 Log files

This section lets you modify configuration of ESET Security for Kerio logging. Records are written to the **Events** log (C:\ProgramData\ESET\ESET Mail Security\Logs\warnlog.dat) and can be viewed in [Log files](#) viewer. Log files define how the logs will be managed. This is important mostly to prevent the disk being used up. Default settings allow for automatic deletion of older logs in order to save disk space.

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Automatically delete records older than (days) ☒ 90

Automatically delete old records if log size exceeded ☒

Max log size [MB] 50

Reduced log size [MB] 30

Back up automatically deleted records ☐ x

Back up diagnostic logs ☐ x

Backup folder Edit

Compress log backups using ZIP ☒

Optimize log files automatically ☒

If the number of unused records exceeds (%) 25

Default OK Cancel

Log entries older than the specified number of days in the **Automatically delete records older than (days)** field will automatically be deleted.

Automatically delete old records if log size exceeded - when log size exceeds **Max log size [MB]**, old log records will be deleted until **Reduced log size [MB]** is reached.

Back up automatically deleted records - Automatically deleted log records and files will be backed up to the specified directory and optionally compressed as ZIP files.

Back up diagnostic logs - Will back up automatically deleted diagnostic logs. If not enabled, diagnostic log records are not backed up.

Backup folder - folder where log backups will be stored. You can enable **compressed log backups using ZIP**.

Optimize log files automatically - When engaged, log files will automatically be defragmented, if fragmentation percentage is higher than value specified in the **If the number of unused records exceeds (%)** field.

Click **Optimize log files** to begin defragmenting the log files. All empty log entries are removed to improve performance and log processing speed. This improvement can be observed especially if the logs contain a large number of entries.

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Back up automatically deleted records

Back up diagnostic logs

Backup folder

Compress log backups using ZIP

Optimize log files automatically

If the number of unused records exceeds (%)

Optimize log files

Enable text protocol

Target directory

Type

Delete all log files

x

x

Edit

25

Optimize

Edit

Text

Delete

Default

OK

Cancel

Turn on **Enable text protocol** to enable the storage of logs in another file format separate from [Log files](#):

- **Target directory** - The directory where log files will be stored (only applies to Text/CSV). Each log section has its own file with a predefined file name (for example, *virlog.txt* for **Detected threats** section of Log files, if you use plain text file format to store logs).
- **Type** - If you select the **Text** file format, logs will be stored in a text file; data will be separated by tabs. The same applies to comma-separated **CSV** file format. If you choose **Event**, logs will be stored in the Windows Event log (can be viewed using Event Viewer in Control panel) as opposed to file.
- **Delete all log files** - Erases all stored logs currently selected in the **Type** drop-down menu.

4.7.6.1 Log filtering

Logs store information about important system events. The log filtering feature allows you to display records about a specific type of event.

Enter the search keyword into the **Find text** field. Use the **Search in columns** drop-down menu to refine your search.

Record types - Choose one or more record log types from the drop-down menu:

- **Diagnostic** - Logs information needed to fine-tune the program and all records above.
- **Informative** - Records informative messages, including successful update messages, plus all records above.
- **Warnings** - Records critical errors and warning messages.
- **Errors** - Errors such as "Error downloading file" and critical errors will be recorded.
- **Critical** - Logs only critical errors (error starting antivirus protection).

Time period - Define the time period from which you want the results to be displayed.

Match whole words only - Select this check box if you want to search for specific whole words for more precise results.

Case sensitive - Enable this option if it is important for you to use capital or lower case letters while filtering.

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4.7.6.2 Find in log

In addition to [Log filtering](#), you can use the search functionality within Log files, however you can also use it independently from log filtering. This is useful when you are looking for particular records in logs. Like Log filtering, this search feature will help you find the information you are looking for, especially when there are too many records.

When using search in log, you can **Find text** by typing a specific string, use the **Search in columns** drop-down menu to filter by column, select **Record types** and set a **Time period** to only search for records from a specific time period. By specifying certain search options, only records that are relevant (according to those search options) will be searched in the Log files window.

Find text: Type a string (word, or part of a word). Only records that contain this string will be found. Other records will be omitted.

Search in columns: Select what columns will be taken into account when searching. You can check one or more columns to be used for searching. By default, all columns are selected:

- **Time**
- **Scanned folder**
- **Event**
- **User**

Record types: Choose one or more record log types from the drop-down menu:

- **Diagnostic** - Logs information needed to fine-tune the program and all records above.
- **Informative** - Records informative messages, including successful update messages, plus all records above.
- **Warnings** - Records critical errors and warning messages.
- **Errors** - Errors such as "Error downloading file" and critical errors will be recorded.
- **Critical** - Logs only critical errors (error starting antivirus protection).

Time period: Define the time period from which you want the results to be displayed.

- **Not specified** (default) - does not search within time period, searches the whole log.
- **Last day**
- **Last week**
- **Last month**
- **Time period** - you can specify the exact time period (date and time) to search only those records from a specified time period.

Match whole words only - Finds only records that match the string as a whole word in the **What** text box.

Match case sensitive - Finds only records that match the string with exact capitalization in the **What** text box.

Search upwards - Searches from the current position upwards.

Once you have configured your search options, click **Find** to start searching. The search stops when it finds the first corresponding record. Click **Find** again to see additional records. The Log files are searched from top to bottom, starting from your current position (the record that is highlighted).

4.7.7 Proxy server

In large LAN networks, the connection of your computer to the Internet can be mediated by a proxy server. If this is the case, the following settings need to be defined. Otherwise the program will not be able to update itself automatically. In ESET Security for Kerio, proxy server setup is available in two different sections within the **Advanced setup** window (F5).

1. **Advanced setup > Update > Profiles > HTTP Proxy** - This setting applies for the given update profile and is recommended for laptops that often receive virus signature updates from different locations. For more information about this setting, see the section [Advanced update setup](#).
2. **Advanced setup > Tools > Proxy server** - Specifying the proxy server at this level defines global proxy server

settings for all of ESET Security for Kerio. Parameters here will be used by all modules that connect to the Internet.

To specify proxy server settings for this level, turn on the **Use proxy server** switch and then enter the address of the proxy server into the **Proxy server** field, along with the **Port** number of the proxy server.

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PROXY SERVER

Use proxy server ☒

Proxy server

Port

Proxy server requires authentication ☐

Username

Password

Detect proxy server

Use direct connection if proxy is not available ☒

Default

- If communication with the proxy server requires authentication, turn the **Proxy server requires authentication** switch on and enter a valid **Username** and **Password** into the respective fields.
- Click **Detect** to automatically detect and populate proxy server settings. The parameters specified in Internet Explorer will be copied.

i NOTE

This feature does not retrieve authentication data (username and password); it must be supplied by you.

- **Use direct connection if proxy is not available** - if a product is configured to utilize HTTP Proxy and the proxy is unreachable, the product will bypass the proxy and communicate directly with ESET servers.

4.7.8 Email notifications

ESET Security for Kerio can automatically send notification emails if an event with the selected verbosity level occurs. Enable **Send event notifications by email** to activate email notifications.

The screenshot shows the 'Advanced setup' window for ESET Security for Kerio, specifically the 'EMAIL NOTIFICATIONS' tab. On the left is a sidebar with a tree view containing categories like SERVER, COMPUTER, UPDATE, DEVICE CONTROL, TOOLS, and USER INTERFACE. Under 'TOOLS', 'Email notifications' is selected. The main area contains the following settings:

- Send event notification by email:** A toggle switch that is currently turned on (blue).
- SMTP SERVER:**
 - SMTP server:** An empty text input field.
 - Username:** An empty text input field.
 - Password:** An empty text input field.
 - Sender address:** An empty text input field.
 - Recipient addresses:** An empty text input field.
- Minimum verbosity for notifications:** A dropdown menu set to 'Warnings'.
- Enable TLS:** A checkbox that is currently unchecked.
- Interval after which new notification emails will be sent (min):** A numeric input field set to '5'.

At the bottom of the window are three buttons: 'Default', 'OK', and 'Cancel'.

NOTE

SMTP servers with TLS encryption are supported by ESET Security for Kerio.

- **SMTP server** - The SMTP server used for sending notifications.
- **Username and password** - If the SMTP server requires authentication, these fields should be filled in with a valid username and password to access the SMTP server.
- **Sender address** - Enter sender's address that will appear in the header of notification emails. This is what the recipient will see in the **From** field.
- **Recipient address** - Specify recipient's email address **To** whom notifications will be delivered.
- **Minimum verbosity for notifications** - Specifies the minimum verbosity level of notifications to be sent.
- **Enable TLS** - Enable alert and notification messages supported by TLS encryption.
- **Interval after which new notification emails will be sent (min)** - Interval in minutes after which new notification will be sent via email. Set this value to 0 if you want to send those notifications immediately.
- **Send each notification in a separate email** - When enabled, the recipient will receive a new email for each individual notification. This may result in a large number of emails being received in a short period of time.

Message format

- **Format of event messages** - Format of event messages that are displayed on remote computers. Also see [Edit format](#).
- **Format of threat warning messages** - Threat alert and notification messages have a predefined default format. We

advise against changing this format. However, in some circumstances (for example, if you have an automated email processing system), you may need to change the message format. Also see [Edit format](#).

- **Use local alphabetic characters** - Converts an email message to the ANSI character encoding based on Windows Regional settings (for example, windows-1250). If you leave this deselected, a message will be converted and encoded in ACSII 7-bit (for example "á" will be changed to "a" and an unknown symbol to "?").
- **Use local character encoding** - The email message source will be encoded to Quoted-printable (QP) format which uses ASCII characters and can correctly transmit special national characters by email in 8-bit format (άείού).

4.7.8.1 Message format

Communications between the program and a remote user or system administrator are done via emails or LAN messages (using the Windows messaging service). The default format of the alert messages and notifications will be optimal for most situations. In some circumstances, you may need to change the message format of event messages.

Keywords (strings separated by % signs) are replaced in the message by the actual information as specified. The following keywords are available:

- **%TimeStamp%** - Date and time of the event.
- **%Scanner%** - Module concerned.
- **%ComputerName%** - Name of the computer where the alert occurred.
- **%ProgramName%** - Program that generated the alert.
- **%InfectedObject%** - Name of infected file, message, etc.
- **%VirusName%** - Identification of the infection.
- **%ErrorDescription%** - Description of a non-virus event.

The keywords **%InfectedObject%** and **%VirusName%** are only used in threat warning messages, and **%ErrorDescription%** is only used in event messages.

4.7.9 Presentation mode

Presentation mode is a feature for users that demand uninterrupted usage of their software, do not want to be disturbed by pop-up windows, and want to minimize CPU usage. Presentation mode can also be used during presentations that cannot be interrupted by antivirus activity. When enabled, all pop-up windows are disabled and scheduled tasks are not run. System protection still runs in the background, but does not require any user interaction. When enabled, all pop-up windows are disabled and scheduled tasks are not run. System protection still runs in the background, but does not require any user interaction.

- Click **Setup** > [Computer](#) and then click the switch next to **Presentation mode** to enable presentation mode manually.
- In **Advanced setup** window (F5), click **Tools** > **Presentation mode**, and then click **Enable Presentation mode when running applications in full-screen mode automatically** to have ESET Security for Kerio engage Presentation mode automatically when full-screen applications are run. Enabling Presentation mode is a potential security risk, so the [Monitoring status](#) icon in the taskbar will turn orange and display a warning. You will also see this warning in the main program window where you will see **Presentation mode enabled** in orange.

When **Enable Presentation mode when running applications in full-screen mode automatically** is engaged, Presentation mode will start whenever you initiate a full-screen application and will automatically stop after you exit the application. This is especially useful for starting Presentation mode immediately after starting a game, opening a full screen application or starting a presentation.

You can also select **Disable Presentation mode automatically after** to define the amount of time in minutes after which Presentation mode will automatically be disabled.

4.7.10 Diagnostics

Diagnostics provides application crash dumps of ESET processes (for example, *ekrn*). If an application crashes, a dump will be generated. This can help developers debug and fix various ESET Security for Kerio problems. Click the drop-down menu next to **Dump type** and select one of three available options:

- Select **Disable** (default) to disable this feature.
- **Mini** - Records the smallest set of useful information that may help identify why the application crashed unexpectedly. This kind of dump file can be useful when space is limited. However, because of the limited information included, errors that were not directly caused by the thread that was running at the time of the problem may not be discovered by an analysis of this file.
- **Full** - Records all the contents of system memory when the application stops unexpectedly. A complete memory dump may contain data from processes that were running when the memory dump was collected.

Enable Protocol filtering advanced logging - Record all data passing through Protocol filtering engine in PCAP format in order to help developers diagnose and fix the problems related to Protocol filtering.

Target directory - Directory where the dump during the crash will be generated.

Open diagnostics folder - Click **Open** to open this directory within a new *Windows explorer* window.

4.7.11 Customer Care

Submit system configuration data - Select **Always submit** from the drop-down menu, or select **Ask before submission** to be prompted before submitting data.

4.7.12 Cluster

Enable Cluster is automatically enabled when the ESET Cluster is configured. You can disable it manually in the **Advanced setup** window by clicking the switch icon (it is suitable when you need to change configuration without affecting other nodes in the ESET Cluster). This switch only enables or disables the ESET Cluster functionality. To set up or destroy the cluster, to use the [Cluster wizard](#) or Destroy the cluster located in the **Tools > Cluster** section of the main program window.

ESET Cluster not configured and disabled:

Advanced setup

SERVER

COMPUTER

UPDATE1

DEVICE CONTROL

TOOLS

Log files

Proxy server1

Email notifications1

Presentation mode

Diagnostics

Cluster

USER INTERFACE

CLUSTER

Settings below are enabled only when the cluster is active.

Open port in Windows firewall

Status refresh interval [sec]

10

Synchronize product settings

CONFIGURATION INFORMATION

Settings below can be changed by the cluster wizard only.

Cluster name

Listening port

9777

List of cluster nodes

Default

OK

Cancel

ESET Cluster properly configured with its details and options:

Advanced setup

Q

X

?

SERVER

COMPUTER

UPDATE1

DEVICE CONTROL

TOOLS

Log files

Proxy server1

Email notifications1

Presentation mode

Diagnostics

Cluster

USER INTERFACE

CLUSTER

Settings below are enabled only when the cluster is active.

Open port in Windows firewall

✓

Status refresh interval [sec]

10

Synchronize product settings

✓

CONFIGURATION INFORMATION

Settings below can be changed by the cluster wizard only.

Cluster name

termix

Listening port

9777

List of cluster nodes

W2012R2-NODE1;W2012R2-NODE2;W2012R2-NODE3;WIN-JDLB8CEUR5

Default

OK

Cancel

For more information on the ESET Cluster click [here](#).

4.8 User interface

The **User interface** section allows you to configure the behavior of the program's Graphical user interface (GUI). You can adjust the program's visual appearance and effects.

User interface elements

In the **User interface elements** section, you can adjust the working environment. Use the **GUI start mode** drop-down menu to select from the following Graphical user interface (GUI) start modes:

- o **Full** - The complete GUI will be displayed.
- o **Terminal** - No notifications or alerts will be displayed. GUI can only be started by the Administrator. The user interface should be set to **Terminal** if graphical elements slow the performance of your computer or cause other problems. You may also want to turn off the GUI on a Terminal server. For more information about ESET Security for Kerio installed on Terminal server, see [Disable GUI on Terminal Server](#) topic.
- If you want to deactivate the ESET Security for Kerio splash-screen, deselect **Show splash-screen at startup**.
- To have ESET Security for Kerio play a sound when important events occur during a scan, for example when a threat is discovered or when the scan has finished, select **Use sound signal**.

- **Integrate into the context menu** - Integrate the ESET Security for Kerio control elements into the context menu.

Advanced setup

SERVER

COMPUTER

UPDATE 1

DEVICE CONTROL

TOOLS 2

USER INTERFACE

USER INTERFACE ELEMENTS

Start mode Full

The complete graphical user interface will be displayed.

Show splash-screen at startup ☒

Use sound signal ☒

Integrate into the context menu ☒

STATUSES

Application statuses Edit

LICENSE INFORMATION

Show license information ☒

Show license messages and notifications ☒

Default OK Cancel

- **Application statuses** - click [Edit](#) to manage (enable or disable) statuses that are displayed in the [Monitoring](#) tab in main menu. Alternatively, you can use [ESET Remote Administrator policies](#) to configure your application statuses.
- **License Information** - when enabled, messages and notifications about your license will be displayed.
- [Alerts and notifications](#) - By configuring **Alerts and notifications**, you can change the behavior of detected threat alerts and system notifications. These can be customized to fit your needs. If you choose not to display some notifications, they will be displayed in the [Disabled messages and statuses](#) area. Here you can check their status, show more details or remove them from this window.
- [Access setup](#) - You can prevent any unauthorized changes using the **Access setup** tool to ensure that security remains high.
- [Help](#) - Use locally installed offline help as a primary source of help content.
- [ESET Shell](#) - You can configure access rights to product settings, features and data via eShell by changing the **ESET Shell execution policy**.
- [Context menu](#) - Right-click an item to display the ESET Security for Kerio context menu integration. Use this tool to integrate ESET Security for Kerio control elements into the context menu.
- [Presentation mode](#) is useful for users who want to work with an application and not be interrupted by pop-up windows, scheduled tasks and other processes that might stress system resources.
- [System tray icon](#)
- [Revert all settings in this section](#) / [Revert to default settings](#)

4.8.1 Alerts and notifications

The **Alerts and notifications** section under **User interface** allows you to configure how threat alerts and system notifications (successful update messages) are handled by ESET Security for Kerio. You can also set the display time and transparency of system tray notifications (this applies only on systems that support system tray notifications).

Alert windows

Disabling **Display alerts** will cancel all alert windows, and is only suitable for a limited amount of specific situations. For most users, we recommend that this option be left in its default setting (enabled).

Desktop notifications

Notifications on the Desktop and balloon tips are informative only, and do not require user interaction. They are displayed in the notification area at the bottom right corner of the screen. To activate Desktop notifications, select **Display notifications on desktop**. More detailed options, such as notification display time and window transparency can be modified below.

Turn the **Do not display notifications when running applications in full screen mode** switch on to suppress all non-interactive notifications.

The screenshot shows the 'Advanced setup' dialog box with the 'USER INTERFACE' tab selected. The 'ALERTS AND NOTIFICATIONS' section is expanded, showing the following settings:

- ALERT WINDOWS**
 - Display alerts: ☒
- DESKTOP NOTIFICATIONS**
 - Display notifications on desktop: ☒
 - Do not display notifications when running applications in full-screen mode: ☒
 - Duration: 10 (with up/down arrows)
 - Transparency: 20 (with up/down arrows)
 - Minimum verbosity of events to display: Informative (dropdown menu)
 - On multi-user systems, display notifications on the screen of this user: Administrator (text field)
- MESSAGE BOXES**
 - Close message boxes automatically: ☒

At the bottom of the dialog are buttons for 'Default', 'OK', and 'Cancel'.

The **Minimum verbosity of events to display** drop-down menu allows you to select the severity level of alerts and notification to be displayed. The following options are available:

- **Diagnostic** - Logs information needed to fine-tune the program and all records above.
- **Informative** - Records informative messages, including successful update messages, plus all records above.
- **Warnings** - Records critical errors and warning messages.
- **Errors** - Errors such as "Error downloading file" and critical errors will be recorded.
- **Critical** - Logs only critical errors (error starting antivirus protection, etc.).

The last feature in this section allows you to configure the destination of notifications in a multi-user environment. The **On multi-user systems, display notifications on the screen of this user** field specifies which user will receive system and other notifications on systems allowing multiple users to connect at the same time. Normally, this

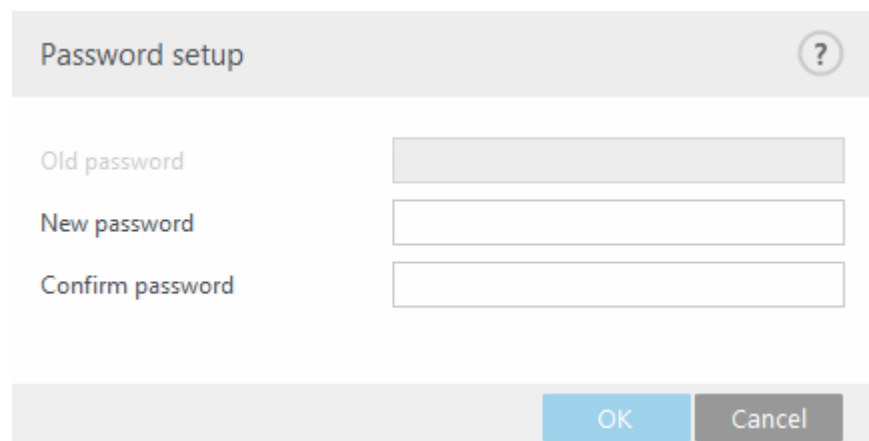
would be a system or network administrator. This option is especially useful for terminal servers, provided that all system notifications are sent to the administrator.

Message boxes

To close pop-up windows automatically after a certain period of time, select **Close message boxes automatically**. If they are not closed manually, alert windows are automatically closed after the specified time period elapses.

4.8.2 Access setup

In order to provide maximum security for your system, it is essential that ESET Security for Kerio is correctly configured. Any unqualified change may result in a loss of important data. To avoid unauthorized modifications, the setup parameters of ESET Security for Kerio can be password protected. Configuration settings for password protection are located in the **Access setup** submenu under **User interface** in the **Advanced setup** tree (F5).



Password setup

Old password

New password

Confirm password

OK Cancel

Password protect settings - Locks/unlocks the program's setup parameters. Click to open the Password setup window.

To set or change a password to protect setup parameters, click **Set password**.

Require full administrator rights for limited administrator accounts - Select this option to prompt the current user (if he or she does not have administrator rights) to enter an administrator username and password when modifying certain system parameters (similar to UAC in Windows Vista). The modifications include disabling protection modules.

i NOTE

If the Access Setup password changes and you want to import an existing *.xml* configuration file (that was signed before the password change) using the [ESET CMD](#) command line, make sure to sign it again using your current password. This allows you to use older configuration file without the need to export it on the other machine running ESET Security for Kerio before the import.

4.8.2.1 Password

To avoid unauthorized modification, the setup parameters of ESET Security for Kerio can be password protected.

4.8.2.2 Password setup

To protect the setup parameters of ESET Security for Kerio in order to avoid unauthorized modification, a new password must be set. When you want to change an existing password, type your old password in the **Old password** field, enter your new password in the **New password** and **Confirm password** fields and then click **OK**. This password will be required for any future modifications to ESET Security for Kerio.

4.8.3 Help

When you press the **F1** key or click the **?** button, an online help window will open. This is the primary source of help content. However, there is also an offline copy of help that comes installed with the program. Offline help opens in cases such as when there is no connection to the Internet.

The latest version of Online help will automatically be displayed when you have a working internet connection.

4.8.4 ESET Shell

You can configure access rights to product settings, features and data via eShell by changing the **ESET Shell execution policy**. The Default setting is **Limited scripting**, but you can change it to **Disabled**, **Read only** or **Full access** if needed.

- **Disabled** - eShell cannot be used at all. Only the configuration of eShell itself is allowed - in `ui eshell` context. You can customize the appearance of eShell, but cannot access product settings or data.
- **Read only** - eShell can be used as a monitoring tool. You can view all settings in both Interactive and Batch mode, but you cannot modify any settings or features or modify any data.
- **Limited scripting** - in Interactive mode, you can view and modify all settings, features and data. In Batch mode eShell will function as if you were in Read-only mode, however if you use signed batch files, you will be able to edit settings and modify data.
- **Full access** - access to all settings is unlimited in both Interactive and Batch mode (when running batch files). You can view and modify any setting. You must use an administrator account to run eShell with full access. If UAC is enabled, elevation is also required.

4.8.5 Disable GUI on Terminal Server

This chapter describes how to disable the GUI of ESET Security for Kerio running on Windows Terminal Server for user sessions.

Normally, the ESET Security for Kerio GUI starts up every time a remote user logs onto the server and creates a terminal session. This is usually undesirable on Terminal Servers. If you want to turn off the GUI for terminal sessions, you can do so via [eShell](#) by running `set ui ui gui-start-mode terminal` command. This will put the GUI into terminal mode. These are the two available modes for GUI startup:

```
set ui ui gui-start-mode full
set ui ui gui-start-mode terminal
```

If you want to find out what mode is currently in use, run the command `get ui ui gui-start-mode`.

i NOTE

If you have installed ESET Security for Kerio on a Citrix server, we recommend that you use the settings described in our [Knowledgebase article](#).

4.8.6 Disabled messages and statuses

[Confirmation messages](#) - shows you a list of confirmation messages that you can select to display or not to display.

[Application statuses settings](#) - allows you to enable or disable display status in the **Monitoring** tab in main menu.

4.8.6.1 Confirmation messages

This dialog window displays confirmation messages that ESET Security for Kerio will display before any action is performed. Select or deselect the check box next to each confirmation message to allow or disable it.

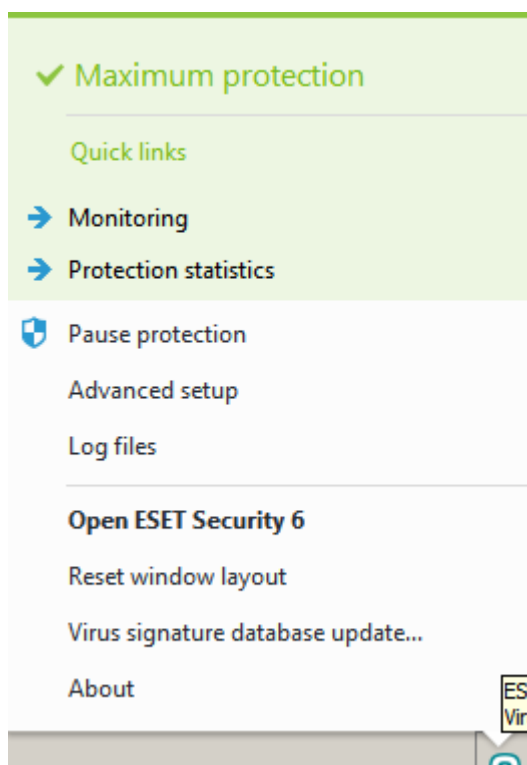
4.8.6.2 Application statuses settings

This dialog window lets you select or deselect which application statuses will be or will not be displayed. For example, when you pause Antivirus and antispyware protection that will result in a change of protection status which will appear in [Monitoring](#) page. An application status will also be displayed if your product is not activated or if your license has expired.

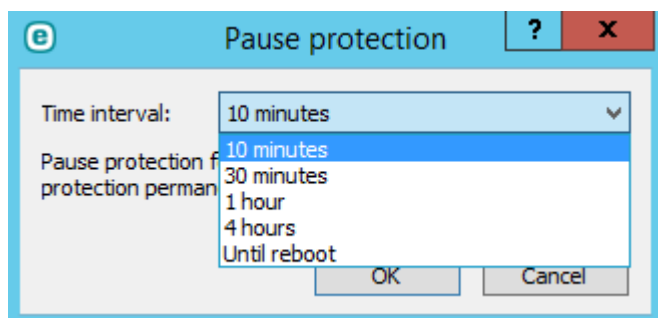
Application statuses can be managed via [ESET Remote Administrator policies](#). Categories and statutes are shown in a list with two options **Show** and **Send** the status. Send column for application statuses is visible only in [ESET Remote Administrator policy](#) configuration. ESET Security for Kerio shows settings with lock icon. You can use [Override mode](#) to temporarily change Application statuses.

4.8.7 System tray icon

Some of the most important setup options and features are available by right-clicking the system tray icon .



Pause protection - Displays the confirmation dialog box that disables [Antivirus and antispyware protection](#), which guards against attacks by controlling file, web and email communication.



The **Time interval** drop-down menu represents the period of time that Antivirus and antispyware protection will be disabled for.

Advanced setup - Select this option to enter the **Advanced setup**. You can also access **Advanced setup** by pressing

the F5 key or navigating to **Setup > Advanced setup**.

Log files - [Log files](#) contain information about all important program events that have occurred and provide an overview of detected threats.


Hide ESET Security for Kerio - Hide the ESET Security for Kerio window from the screen.

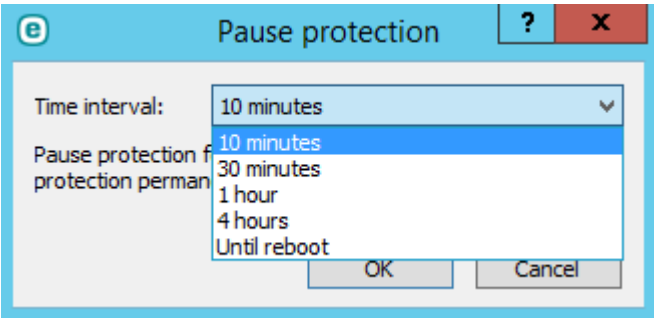
Reset window layout - Resets the ESET Security for Kerio window to its default size and position on the screen.

Virus signature database update - Starts updating the virus signature database to ensure your level of protection against malicious code.

About - Provides system information, details about the installed version of ESET Security for Kerio and the installed program modules as well as your license expiration date. Information about your operating system and system resources can be found at the bottom of the page.

4.8.7.1 Pause protection

Any time that you temporarily pause the Antivirus and antispyware protection sing the system tray icon , the **Pause protection** dialog box will appear. This will disable malware-related protection for the selected time period (to disable protection permanently, you must use **Advanced setup**). Use caution, disabling protection can expose your system to threats.

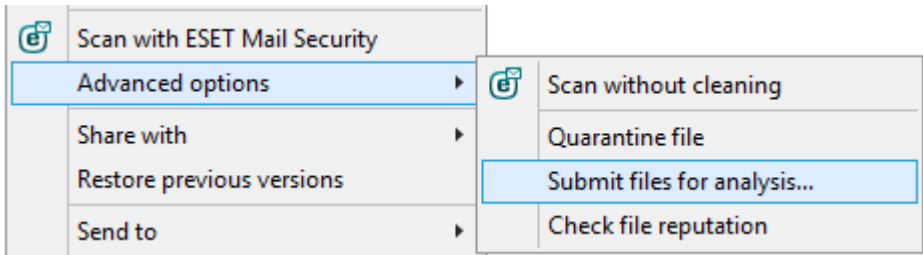


4.8.8 Context menu

The context menu is displayed after right-clicking an object (file). The menu lists all of the actions that you can perform on an object.

It is possible to integrate ESET Security for Kerio control elements into the context menu. Setup option for this functionality are available in the **Advanced setup** tree under **User Interface > User interface elements**.

Integrate into the context menu - Integrate the ESET Security for Kerio control elements into the context menu.



4.9 Revert all settings in this section

Reverts module settings to the default settings defined by ESET. Please note, any changes that have been made will be lost after you click **Revert to default**.

Revert contents of tables - When enabled, the rules, tasks or profiles that have been added manually or automatically will be lost.

Revert to default settings ?

Revert all settings in this section?

This will revert the settings to their default values and any changes made after installation will be lost. This action cannot be undone.

Revert contents of tables ☐ X

Any data added to tables and lists (e.g. rules, tasks, profiles) either manually or automatically will be lost.

Revert to default Cancel

4.10 Revert to default settings

All program settings, for all modules, will be reset to the status they would have had after a new installation.

Revert to default settings ?

Revert all settings?

This will revert the settings to their default values and any changes made after installation will be lost. This action cannot be undone.

Revert to default Cancel

4.11 Scheduler

The Scheduler serves to schedule the following tasks: virus signature database update, scanning task, system startup file check and log maintenance. You can add or delete tasks directly from the main Scheduler window (click Add task or Delete at the bottom). Right click anywhere in the Scheduler window to perform the following actions: display detailed information, perform the task immediately, add a new task, and delete an existing task. Use the checkboxes at the beginning of each entry to activate/deactivate the tasks.

By default, the following scheduled tasks are displayed in Scheduler:

- Log maintenance
- Regular automatic update
- Automatic update after dial-up connection
- Automatic update after user logon

- **Automatic startup file check** (after user logon)
- **Automatic startup file check** (after successful update of the virus signature database)
- **Automatic first scan**

To edit the configuration of an existing scheduled task (both default and user-defined), right-click the task and click **Edit...** or select the task you wish to modify and click the **Edit** button.

Add a new task:

1. Click [Add task](#) at the bottom of the window.
2. Enter a name of the task.
3. Select the desired [Task type](#).
4. Turn on the **Enabled** switch if you want to activate the task (you can do this later by selecting/deselecting checkbox in the list of scheduled tasks).
5. Click **Next** and select one of the [timing options](#) and specify when it will be [performed](#) again.
6. Review scheduled task when you double-click the task in [Scheduler](#) view, or right-click the scheduled task and choose **Show task details**.

4.11.1 Task details

Enter a **Task name** and select your desired **Task type** from the drop-down menu:

- **Run external application** - schedules the execution of an external application.
- **Log maintenance** - log files also contains leftovers from deleted records. This task optimizes records in log files on a regular basis to work effectively.
- **System startup file check** - checks files that are allowed to run at system startup or logon.
- **Create a computer status snapshot** - creates an [ESET SysInspector](#) computer snapshot - gathers detailed information about system components (for example, drivers, applications) and assesses the risk level of each component.
- **On-demand computer scan** - performs a computer scan of files and folders on your computer.
- **First-scan** - by default, 20 minutes after installation or reboot a computer scan will be performed as a low priority task.
- **Update** - schedules an update task to perform an update of virus signature database and program modules.
- **Hyper-V scan** - schedules a scan of the virtual disks within [Hyper-V](#).

If you want to deactivate the task once it is created, click the switch next to **Enabled**. You can activate the task later using the check box in the [Scheduler](#) view. Click **Next** to proceed to the [next step](#).

4.11.2 Task timing - Once

Specify the date and time for one-time **Task execution**.

4.11.3 Task timing

Select one of the following timing options to define when you want the **Scheduled task to run**:

- [Once](#) - the task will be performed only once at specified date and time.
- [Repeatedly](#) - the task will be performed at the specified time interval (in minutes).
- [Daily](#) - the task will run repeatedly every day at the specified time.
- [Weekly](#) - the task will run one or more times a week, on the selected day(s) and time.
- [Event triggered](#) - the task will be performed after a specified event.

If you enable **Skip task when running on battery power**, a task will not start if the system is running on batteries at the time the task should launch. This applies to computers running on UPS, for example.

Click **Next** to proceed to the next step.

4.11.4 Task timing - Daily

Specify the time at which the task will be executed every day.

4.11.5 Task timing - Weekly

The task will run on the selected day and time.

4.11.6 Task timing - Event triggered

The task can be triggered by any of the following events:

- **Every time the computer starts**
- **The first time the computer starts each day**
- **Dial-up connection to the Internet/VPN**
- **Successful update of the virus signature database**
- **Successful update of the program components**
- **User logon**
- **Threat detection**

When scheduling a task triggered by an event, you can specify the minimum interval between two completions of the task. For example, if you log on to your computer several times a day, choose 24 hours to perform the task only on the first logon of the day and then the next day.

4.11.7 Task details - Run application

This task schedules the execution of an external application.

- **Executable file** - choose an executable file from the directory tree, click **browse (...)** or enter the path manually.
- **Work folder** - define the external application's working directory. All temporary files of the selected **Executable file** will be created within this directory.
- **Parameters** - command line parameters for the application (optional).

Click **Finish** to create the task or apply changes, if you have modified an existing scheduled task.

4.11.8 Skipped task

If the task could not be run at the predefined time, you can specify when it will be performed:

- **At the next scheduled time** - the task will be executed at the specified time (for example after 24 hours).
- **As soon as possible** - the task will run as soon as possible - when the actions that prevent the task from executing are no longer valid.
- **Immediately, if time since last run exceeds a specified value - Time since last run (hours)** - after you select this option, your task will be always repeated after the specified amount of time (in hours).

4.11.9 Scheduled task overview

This dialog window displays detailed information about a scheduled task when you double-click the task in [Scheduler](#) view, or right-click the scheduled task and choose **Show task details**.

Scheduled task overview

Task name

Automatic startup file check

Task type

System startup file check

Run the task

User logon Task will not run if the computer is running on battery.

Action to take if the task is not run at the specified time

As soon as possible

OK

4.11.10 Update profiles

If you wish to update the program from two update servers, then it is necessary to create two different update profiles. If the first one fails to download update files, then the program automatically switches to the alternative one. This is suitable, for example, for notebooks which normally update from a local LAN update server, but their owners often connect to the Internet using other networks. So, if the first profile fails, the second one will automatically download update files from ESET's update servers.

Task details

Profile to use for update

Use active update profile

☒

Profile

My profile

Secondary profile to be used for update

Use active update profile

☒

Profile

My profile

Back

Finish

Cancel

159

You will find more information on update profiles in chapter [Update](#).

4.12 Quarantine

- [Quarantining files](#)
- [Restoring from Quarantine](#)
- [Submitting a file from the Quarantine](#)

4.12.1 Quarantining files

ESET Security for Kerio automatically quarantines deleted files (if you have not disabled this option in the alert window). If desired, you can quarantine any suspicious file manually by clicking **Quarantine**. If this is the case, the original file is not removed from its original location. The context menu can also be used for this purpose right-click in the **Quarantine** window and select **Quarantine**.

4.12.2 Restoring from Quarantine

Quarantined files can also be restored to their original location. To restore a quarantined file, right-click it in the Quarantine window and select **Restore** from the context menu. If a file is marked as a [potentially unwanted application](#), **Restore and exclude from scanning** will also be available. The context menu also contains the **Restore to...** option, which allows you to restore a file to a location other than the one from which it was deleted.

Deleting from Quarantine - Right-click on a given item and select **Delete from Quarantine**, or select the item you want to delete and press **Delete** on your keyboard. You can also select multiple items and delete them together.

NOTE

If the program quarantines a harmless file by mistake, please [exclude the file from scanning](#) after restoring it and send the file to ESET Customer Care.

4.12.3 Submitting file from Quarantine

If you have quarantined a suspicious file that was not detected by the program, or if a file was incorrectly evaluated as infected (for example, by heuristic analysis of the code) and subsequently quarantined, please send the file to the ESET Threat Lab. To submit a file from quarantine, right-click the file and select **Submit for analysis** from the context menu.

4.13 Operating system updates

The System updates window shows the list of available updates ready to be downloaded and installed. The update priority level is shown next to the name of the update.

Click **Run system update** to start downloading and installing operating system updates.

Right-click any update row and click **Show information** to display a pop-up window with additional info.

5. Glossary

The glossary contains many of the technical terms about threats and internet security.

Choose category (or see a [Virus Radar Glossary](#) online):

- [Types of infiltration](#)
- [Email](#)

5.1 Types of infiltration

An infiltration is a piece of malicious software trying to enter and/or damage a user's computer.

- [Viruses](#)
- [Worms](#)
- [Trojan horses](#)
- [Rootkits](#)
- [Adware](#)
- [Spyware](#)
- [Botnet](#)
- [Ransomware](#)
- [Packers](#)
- [Exploit Blocker](#)
- [Advanced Memory Scanner](#)
- [Potentially unsafe applications](#)
- [Potentially unwanted applications](#)

NOTE

Visit our [Virus radar](#) page for more information about [Glossary](#), [versions of ESET Virus signature database](#) or [Tools](#).

5.1.1 Viruses

A computer virus is an infiltration that corrupts existing files on your computer. Viruses are named after biological viruses, because they use similar techniques to spread from one computer to another.

Computer viruses mainly attack executable files and documents. To replicate, a virus attaches its “body” to the end of a target file. In short, this is how a computer virus works: after execution of the infected file, the virus activates itself (before the original application) and performs its predefined task. Only after that is the original application allowed to run. A virus cannot infect a computer unless a user, either accidentally or deliberately, runs or opens the malicious program by him/herself.

Computer viruses can range in purpose and severity. Some of them are extremely dangerous because of their ability to purposely delete files from a hard drive. On the other hand, some viruses do not cause any damage - they only serve to annoy the user and demonstrate the technical skills of their authors.

It is important to note that viruses (when compared to trojans or spyware) are increasingly rare because they are not commercially enticing for malicious software authors. Additionally, the term “virus” is often used incorrectly to cover all types of infiltrations. This usage is gradually being overcome and replaced by the new, more accurate term “malware” (malicious software).

If your computer is infected with a virus, it is necessary to restore infected files to their original state - i.e., to clean them by using an antivirus program.

Examples of viruses are: OneHalf, Tenga, and Yankee Doodle.

5.1.2 Worms

A computer worm is a program containing malicious code that attacks host computers and spreads via a network. The basic difference between a virus and a worm is that worms have the ability to replicate and travel by themselves - they are not dependent on host files (or boot sectors). Worms spread through email addresses in your contact list or exploit security vulnerabilities in network applications.

Worms are therefore much more viable than computer viruses. Due to the wide availability of the Internet, they can spread across the globe within hours or even minutes of their release. This ability to replicate independently and rapidly makes them more dangerous than other types of malware.

A worm activated in a system can cause a number of inconveniences: It can delete files, degrade system performance, or even deactivate programs. The nature of a computer worm qualifies it as a “means of transport” for other types of infiltrations.

If your computer is infected with a worm, we recommend you delete the infected files because they likely contain malicious code.

Examples of well-known worms are: Lovsan/Blaster, Stration/Warezov, Bagle, and Netsky.

5.1.3 Trojan horses

Historically, computer trojan horses have been defined as a class of infiltrations which attempt to present themselves as useful programs, thus tricking users into letting them run. But it is important to note that this was true for trojan horses in the past- oday, there is no longer a need for them to disguise themselves. Their sole purpose is to infiltrate as easily as possible and accomplish their malicious goals. “Trojan horse” has become a very general term describing any infiltration not falling under any specific class of infiltration.

Since this is a very broad category, it is often divided into many subcategories:

- **Downloader** - A malicious program with the ability to download other infiltrations from the Internet
- **Dropper** - A type of trojan horse designed to drop other types of malware onto compromised computers
- **Backdoor** - An application which communicates with remote attackers, allowing them to gain access to a system and to take control of it
- **Keylogger** - (keystroke logger) - A program which records each keystroke that a user types and sends the information to remote attackers
- **Dialer** - Dialers are programs designed to connect to premium-rate numbers. It is almost impossible for a user to notice that a new connection was created. Dialers can only cause damage to users with dial-up modems, which are no longer regularly used

Trojan horses usually take the form of executable files with the extension .exe. If a file on your computer is detected as a trojan horse, it is advisable to delete it, since it most likely contains malicious code.

Examples of well-known trojans are: NetBus, Trojandownloader. Small.ZL, Slapper.

5.1.4 Rootkits

Rootkits are malicious programs that grant Internet attackers unlimited access to a system, while concealing their presence. Rootkits, after accessing a system (usually exploiting a system vulnerability), use functions in the operating system to avoid detection by antivirus software: they conceal processes, files and Windows registry data, etc. For this reason, it is almost impossible to detect them using ordinary testing techniques.

There are two levels of detection to prevent rootkits:

- 1) When they try to access a system. They are still not present, and are therefore inactive. Most antivirus systems are able to eliminate rootkits at this level (assuming that they actually detect such files as being infected).
- 2) When they are hidden from the usual testing. ESET Security for Kerio users have the advantage of Anti-Stealth technology, which is also able to detect and eliminate active rootkits.

5.1.5 Adware

Adware is a short for advertising-supported software. Programs displaying advertising material fall under this category. Adware applications often automatically open a new pop-up window containing advertisements in an Internet browser, or change the browser's home page. Adware is frequently bundled with freeware programs, allowing their creators to cover development costs of their (usually useful) applications.

Adware itself is not dangerous - users will only be bothered with advertisements. Its danger lies in the fact that adware may also perform tracking functions (as spyware does).

If you decide to use a freeware product, please pay particular attention to the installation program. The installer will most likely notify you of the installation of an extra adware program. Often you will be allowed to cancel it and install the program without adware.

Some programs will not install without adware, or their functionality will be limited. This means that adware may often access the system in a "legal" way, because users have agreed to it. In this case, it is better to be safe than sorry. If there is a file detected as adware on your computer, it is advisable to delete it, since there is a high probability that it contains malicious code.

5.1.6 Spyware

This category covers all applications which send private information without user consent/awareness. Spyware uses tracking functions to send various statistical data such as a list of visited websites, email addresses from the user's contact list, or a list of recorded keystrokes.

The authors of spyware claim that these techniques aim to find out more about users' needs and interests and allow better-targeted advertisement. The problem is that there is no clear distinction between useful and malicious applications and no one can be sure that the retrieved information will not be misused. The data obtained by spyware applications may contain security codes, PINs, bank account numbers, etc. Spyware is often bundled with free versions of a program by its author in order to generate revenue or to offer an incentive for purchasing the software. Often, users are informed of the presence of spyware during a program's installation to give them an incentive to upgrade to a paid version without it.

Examples of well-known freeware products which come bundled with spyware are client applications of P2P (peer-to-peer) networks. Spyfalcon or Spy Sheriff (and many more) belong to a specific spyware subcategory - they appear to be antispyware programs, but in fact they are spyware programs themselves.

If a file is detected as spyware on your computer, it is advisable to delete it, since there is a high probability that it contains malicious code.

5.1.7 Botnet

A bot or web robot is an automated malware program that scans blocks of network addresses and infects vulnerable computers. This type of program allows hackers to take control of many computers at the same time and turn them into bots (also known as zombies). Hackers typically use bots to infect large numbers of computers. This large group of infected computers is referred to as a botnet. If your computer is infected and becomes a member of a botnet, it can be used in distributed denial of service (DDoS) attacks, and can also be used to perform automated tasks over the Internet unbeknownst to you (for example sending spam, viruses or stealing personal and private information such as bank credentials or credit card numbers).

For more information see [Virus radar](#).

5.1.8 Ransomware

A particular kind of malicious software used for extortion. When activated, ransomware prevents access to a device or the data on it until the victim pays a fee.

5.1.9 Packers

A packer is a runtime self-extracting executable that combines several kinds of malware into a single package.

The most common packers are UPX, PE_Compact, PKLite and ASPack. The same malware may be detected differently when compressed using a different packer. Packers also have the ability to make their "signatures" mutate over time, making malware more difficult to detect and remove.

5.1.10 Exploit Blocker

Exploit Blocker is designed to fortify commonly exploited applications such as web browsers, PDF readers, email clients or MS Office components. It monitors behavior of processes for suspicious activity that might indicate an exploit. It adds another layer of protection, one step closer to attackers, by using a completely different technology compared to techniques focusing on detection of malicious files themselves.

When Exploit Blocker identifies a suspicious process, it can stop the process immediately and record data about the threat, which is then sent to the ESET LiveGrid® cloud system. This data is processed by the ESET Threat Lab and used to better protect all users from unknown threats and zero-day attacks (newly released malware for which there is no pre-configured remedy).

5.1.11 Advanced Memory Scanner

Advanced Memory Scanner works in combination with [Exploit Blocker](#) to provide better protection against malware that has been designed to evade detection by antimalware products through the use of obfuscation and/or encryption. In cases where ordinary emulation or heuristics might not detect a threat, the Advanced Memory Scanner is able to identify suspicious behavior and scan threats when they reveal themselves in system memory. This solution is effective against even heavily obfuscated malware. Unlike Exploit Blocker, this is a post-execution method, which means that there is a risk that some malicious activity could have been performed prior to its detecting a threat. However in the case that other detection techniques have failed, it offers an additional layer of security.

5.1.12 Potentially unsafe applications

There are many legitimate programs whose function is to simplify the administration of networked computers. However, in the wrong hands, they may be misused for malicious purposes. ESET Security for Kerio provides the option to detect such threats.

Potentially unsafe applications is the classification used for commercial, legitimate software. This classification includes programs such as remote access tools, password-cracking applications, and [keyloggers](#) (a program that records each keystroke a user types).

If you find that there is a potentially unsafe application present and running on your computer (and you did not install it), please consult your network administrator or remove the application.

5.1.13 Potentially unwanted applications

Potentially unwanted applications (PUAs) are not necessarily intended to be malicious, but may affect the performance of your computer in a negative way. Such applications usually require consent before installation. If they are present on your computer, your system behaves differently (compared to the state before their installation). The most significant changes are:

- New windows you haven't seen previously (pop-ups, ads)
- Activating and running of hidden processes
- Increased usage of system resources
- Changes in search results
- Application communicates with remote servers

5.2 Email

Email, or electronic mail, is a modern form of communication with many advantages. It is flexible, fast and direct, and played a crucial role in the proliferation of the Internet in the early 1990's.

Unfortunately, with a high level of anonymity, email and the Internet leave room for illegal activities such as spamming. Spam includes unsolicited advertisements, hoaxes and proliferation of malicious software - malware. The inconvenience and danger to you is increased by the fact that the cost of sending spam is minimal, and authors of spam have many tools to acquire new email addresses. In addition, the volume and variety of spam makes it very difficult to regulate. The longer you use your email address, the more likely it will end up in a spam engine database. Some hints for prevention:

- If possible, don't publish your email address on the Internet.
- Only give your email address to trusted individuals.
- If possible, don't use common aliases - with more complicated aliases, the probability of tracking is lower.
- Don't reply to spam that has already arrived in your inbox.
- Be careful when filling out Internet forms - be especially cautious of options such as "Yes, I want to receive information".
- Use "specialized" email addresses - e.g., one for business, one for communication with your friends, etc.
- From time to time, change your email address.
- Use an Antispam solution.

5.2.1 Advertisements

Internet advertising is one of the most rapidly growing forms of advertising. Its main marketing advantages are minimal costs and a high level of directness; what's more, messages are delivered almost immediately. Many companies use email marketing tools to effectively communicate with their current and prospective customers.

This type of advertising is legitimate, since you may be interested in receiving commercial information about some products. But many companies send unsolicited bulk commercial messages. In such cases, email advertising crosses the line and becomes spam.

The amount of unsolicited email has become a problem and it shows no signs of slowing. Authors of unsolicited email often attempt to disguise spam as legitimate messages.

5.2.2 Hoaxes

A hoax is misinformation which is spread across the Internet. Hoaxes are usually sent via email or communication tools like ICQ and Skype. The message itself is often a joke or Urban Legend.

Computer Virus hoaxes try to generate fear, uncertainty and doubt (FUD) in the recipients, bringing them to believe that there is an “undetectable virus” deleting files and retrieving passwords, or performing some other harmful activity on their system.

Some hoaxes work by asking recipients to forward messages to their contacts, perpetuating the hoax. There are mobile phone hoaxes, pleas for help, people offering to send you money from abroad, etc. It is often impossible to determine the intent of the creator.

If you see a message prompting you to forward it to everyone you know, it may very well be a hoax. There are many websites on the Internet that can verify if an email is legitimate. Before forwarding, perform an Internet search on any message you suspect is a hoax.

5.2.3 Phishing

The term phishing defines a criminal activity which uses techniques of social engineering (manipulating users in order to obtain confidential information). Its aim is to gain access to sensitive data such as bank account numbers, PIN codes, etc.

Access is usually achieved by sending email masquerading as a trustworthy person or business (e.g., financial institution, insurance company). The email can look very genuine, and will contain graphics and content which may have originally come from the source it is impersonating. You will be asked to enter, under various pretenses (data verification, financial operations), some of your personal data - bank account numbers or usernames and passwords. All such data, if submitted, can easily be stolen and misused.

Banks, insurance companies, and other legitimate companies will never request usernames and passwords in an unsolicited email.

5.2.4 Recognizing spam scams

Generally, there are a few indicators which can help you identify spam (unsolicited emails) in your mailbox. If a message fulfills at least some of the following criteria, it is most likely a spam message:

- Sender address does not belong to someone on your contact list.
- You are offered a large sum of money, but you have to provide a small sum first.
- You are asked to enter, under various pretenses (data verification, Financial operations), some of your personal data - bank account numbers, usernames and passwords, etc.
- It is written in a foreign language.
- You are asked to buy a product you are not interested in. If you decide to purchase anyway, please verify that the message sender is a reliable id (consult the original product manufacturer).
- Some of the words are misspelled in an attempt to trick your spam filter. For example “vaigra” instead of “viagra”, etc.

5.2.4.1 Rules

In the context of Antispam solutions and email clients, rules are tools for manipulating email functions. They consist of two logical parts:

- 1) Condition (e.g., an incoming message from a certain address)
- 2) Action (e.g., deletion of the message, moving it to a specified folder)

The number and combination of rules varies with the Antispam solution. These rules serve as measures against spam (unsolicited email). Typical examples:

- Condition: An incoming email message contains some of the words typically seen in spam messages 2. Action: Delete the message
- Condition: An incoming email message contains an attachment with an .exe extension 2. Action: Delete the attachment and deliver the message to the mailbox
- Condition: An incoming email message arrives from your employer 2. Action: Move the message to the “Work” folder

We recommend that you use a combination of rules in Antispam programs in order to facilitate administration and to more effectively filter spam.

5.2.4.2 Whitelist

In general, a whitelist is a list of items or persons who are accepted, or have been granted permission. The term “email whitelist” defines a list of contacts from whom the user wishes to receive messages. Such whitelists are based on keywords searched for in email addresses, domain names, or IP addresses.

If a whitelist works in “exclusivity mode”, then messages from any other address, domain, or IP address will not be received. If a whitelist is not exclusive, such messages will not be deleted, but filtered in some other way.

A whitelist is based on the opposite principle to that of a [blacklist](#). Whitelists are relatively easy to maintain, more so than blacklists. We recommend that you use both the Whitelist and Blacklist to filter spam more effectively.

5.2.4.3 Blacklist

Generally, a blacklist is a list of unaccepted or forbidden items or persons. In the virtual world, it is a technique enabling acceptance of messages from all users not present on such a list.

There are two types of blacklist. Those created by users within their Antispam application, and a professional, regularly updated blacklists which are created by specialized institutions and can be found on the Internet.

It is essential to use blacklists to successfully block spam, but they are difficult to maintain, since new items to be blocked appear every day. We recommended you use both a [whitelist](#) and a blacklist to most effectively filter spam.

5.2.4.4 Server-side control

Server-side control is a technique for identifying mass spam based on the number of received messages and the reactions of users. Each message leaves a unique digital “footprint” based on the content of the message. The unique ID number tells nothing about the content of the email. Two identical messages will have identical footprints, while different messages will have different footprints.

If a message is marked as spam, its footprint is sent to the server. If the server receives more identical footprints (corresponding to a certain spam message), the footprint is stored in the spam footprints database. When scanning incoming messages, the program sends the footprints of the messages to the server. The server returns information on which footprints correspond to messages already marked by users as spam.